

Australian Government

Department of Home Affairs

# UMA Legacy Caseload

**Report on Processing Status and Outcomes** 

August 2022

This page has been intentionally left blank.

UMA Legacy Caseload | Report on the Processing Status and Outcomes

## About this report

## Coverage

This report provides information on the processing status and outcomes of the applicants who are Unauthorised Maritime Arrivals (UMAs) and are in the UMA Legacy Caseload.

UMAs can only apply for a Temporary Protection Visa (subclass 785) (TPV) or a Safe Haven Enterprise Visa (subclass 790) (SHEV) if the Minister has made a decision that it is in the public interest to lift a legislative bar on making a valid visa application in Australia. Where the Minister lifts the bar, the Department will advise the UMA that they are eligible to apply for a TPV or a SHEV.

## Data sources and currency

The data sources for this report are based on a range of departmental systems. As data has been drawn from a dynamic system environment, the information is correct at the time of publication and figures may differ slightly from previous or future reporting. As an end of month report, the data date used is the closest to the end of the calendar month.

Data for August is at 1 September 2022. Data for July is at 1 August 2022.

## Glossary of terms

**Country of citizenship** – the claimed country of citizenship at the time of lodging an application for a protection visa.

**Unauthorised Maritime Arrival (UMA)** – an UMA is a person who entered Australia by sea without authority and became an unlawful non-citizen upon entry. All babies born to UMA parents are also UMAs.

**Processing status** – relates to the processing stage of an application during the administrative decisionmaking process, from lodgement to when the application is finalised.

**Residence determination** – is a determination, which the Minister makes under section 197AB of the *Migration Act 1958* (Cth) that a person can reside at a specified place in the community instead of held detention (previously referred to as 'community placement'). Recipients subject to a residence determination are free to move about the community but are legally detained.

## **Further information**

For further information about the processing arrangements that apply to the UMA Legacy Caseload please visit the Department's website at <u>www.homeaffairs.gov.au</u>

Any comments or enquiries concerning this report should be sent to <u>pv.data@homeaffairs.gov.au</u> quoting the report name and month.

#### UMA Legacy Caseload | Report on the Processing Status and Outcomes

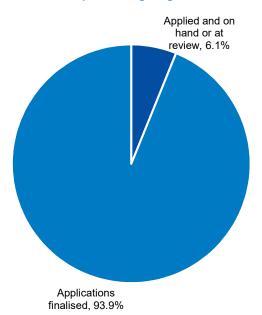
Table 1 shows the number of people in the UMA Legacy Caseload who:

- have submitted a valid application that is currently being processed; or
- had their application finalised either granted or refused.

### Table 1 UMAs across main processing stages

Processing stage	August 2022	July 2022
Applied and on hand or at review <sup>1</sup>	1,916	1,976
Applications finalised <sup>2</sup>	29,331	29,289
Total <sup>3</sup>	31,247	31,265

Graph 1 UMAs across main processing stages

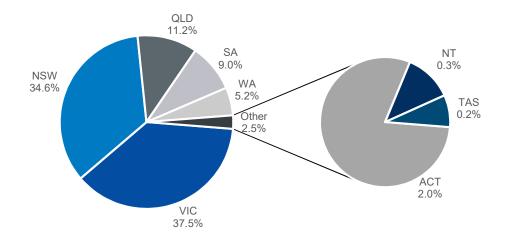


## Table 2 State and territory of residence<sup>4</sup> – finalised grants<sup>5</sup>

State and territory of residence	August 2022	July 2022
Victoria (Vic)	7,320	7,295
New South Wales (NSW)	6,756	6,739
Queensland (Qld)	2,197	2,193
South Australia (SA)	1,754	1,753
Western Australia (WA)	1,019	1,017
Australian Capital Territory (ACT)	389	392
Northern Territory (NT)	52	54
Tasmania (Tas)	49	48
Total	19,536	19,491

#### UMA Legacy Caseload | Report on the Processing Status and Outcomes

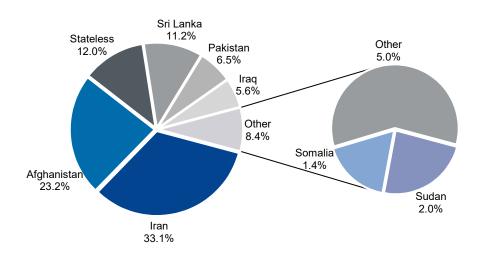




## Table 3 Main citizenships<sup>6</sup> – finalised grants

Country of citizenship	August 2022	July 2022
Iran	6,476	6,467
Afghanistan	4,539	4,534
Stateless	2,346	2,334
Sri Lanka	2,186	2,185
Pakistan	1,274	1,271
Iraq	1,096	1,089
Sudan	385	386
Somalia	282	277
Other	952	948
Total	19,536	19,491

#### Graph 3 Main citizenships – finalised grants



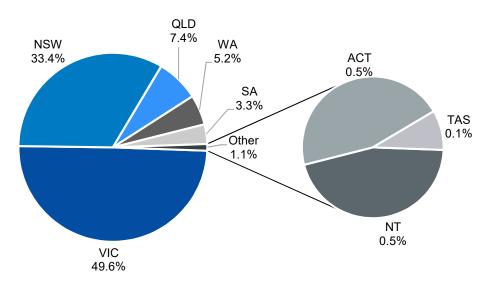
#### UMA Legacy Caseload | Report on the Processing Status and Outcomes

#### Table 4 State and territory of residence – on hand or at review applications

State and territory of residence	August 2022	July 2022
Victoria (Vic)	951	978
New South Wales (NSW)	639	663
Queensland (Qld)	141	147
Western Australia (WA)	99	99
South Australia (SA)	64	66
Australian Capital Territory (ACT)	<15	<15
Northern Territory (NT)	<15	<15
Tasmania (Tas)	<15	<15
Total	1,916	1,976



State and territory of residence – on hand or at review applications



## Table 5 Main citizenships – on hand or at review applications

Country of citizenship	August 2022	July 2022
Iran	563	580
Sri Lanka	320	327
Stateless	314	326
Vietnam	197	196
Bangladesh	152	153
Afghanistan	138	147
Pakistan	64	64
Iraq	40	51
Other	128	132
Total	1,916	1,976

#### UMA Legacy Caseload | Report on the Processing Status and Outcomes



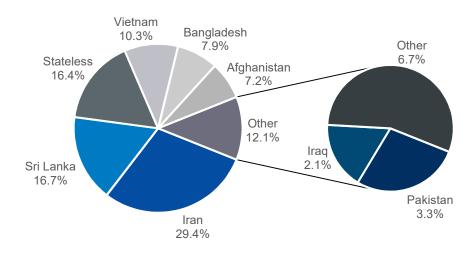


 Table 6
 Immigration status<sup>7</sup> – on hand or at review applications

Status	August 2022	July 2022
Held detention <sup>8</sup>	30	36
Residence determination	0	1
In community	1,886	1,939
Total	1,916	1,976

## UMA Legacy Caseload - Processing status

## Table 7 Applications<sup>9</sup> by processing status

Processing status	August 2022			July 2022
Processing status	TPV	SHEV	Total	
Applied and on hand				
On hand at Primary <sup>10</sup>	152	844	996	1,043
Review and other <sup>11</sup>	228	692	920	933
Total	380	1,536	1,916	1,976
Applications finalised				
Finalised grants <sup>12</sup>	5,461	14,075	19,536	19,491
Finalised refusals <sup>13</sup>	3,027	6,768	9,795	9,798
Total	8,488	20,843	29,331	29,289

#### UMA Legacy Caseload | Report on the Processing Status and Outcomes

## **Technical notes**

- 1. 'Applied and on hand or at review' refers to valid protection visa applications which the Department has received and is currently processing and assessing. It includes applications being processed at a merits review tribunal.
- 2. 'Applications finalised' refers to applications on which the Department has made a decision either a grant or refusal, including where the merits review has affirmed the Department's decision. Figures exclude applications that have been finalised for others reasons (for example, where a person departed Australia or applications which are withdrawn).
- 3. This number represents people from the UMA Legacy Caseload who have submitted a valid application that is currently being processed or had their application finalised either granted or refused. This is not equal to the total number of people who are considered to have 'ever' been in the UMA Legacy Caseload. For example, people who died or departed prior to their application being finalised are not counted in this total as their applications were not processed to finalisation.
- 4. State and territory of residence refers to client's latest reported address, not the address at time of lodgement or decision.
- 5. Table and Graph 2 and 3 show a list of people from the UMA Legacy Caseload who have been granted temporary protection in Australia.
- 6. Table and Graph 3 and 5 show a list of countries of citizenship which the persons in the caseload claimed upon arrival to Australia. This citizenship may not have been independently confirmed by the Department.
- 7. Figures exclude certain cohorts of UMAs that do not form part of the UMA Legacy Caseload (for example, medical transferees from a Regional Processing Centre).
- 8. 'Held detention' includes a small number of UMAs who are in correctional facilities.
- 'Applications' includes a small number of cases processed under the non-statutory Protection Obligations Determination (POD) or Refugee Status Assessment (RSA) processes that were in place prior to March 2012.
- 10. 'On hand at Primary' includes persons granted a TPV who have subsequently re-applied for a SHEV. It also includes applications where the applicant has been indicatively found not to be a refugee but the application is in the process of being quality checked prior to the completion of the primary decision.
- 11. 'Review and other' includes applications at a range of post-primary stages the merits review (either with the Administrative Appeals Tribunal (AAT), Immigration Assessment Authority (IAA) or in the period during which review can be sought "the review window"), remittals from review (merits or judicial) undergoing checks prior to finalisation, and applications not elsewhere classified.
- 12. 'Finalised grants' also includes UMAs granted a visa after a remittal to the Department following a merits or judicial review.
- 13. 'Finalised refusals' includes applications undergoing ministerial intervention or judicial review.
- 14. From time to time, cases, or groups of cases are remitted by review bodies, or courts, for a fresh assessment of claims. It is also possible that, in rare and exceptional circumstance, the Minister will intervene personally to allow previously refused clients to lodge a second application to enable significant and new information to be considered. When this happens, persons previously reported as refused will now be reported as awaiting processing. In extreme cases it is possible that the total number of on hand cases will increase from one month to the next.