



Australian Government

Department of Immigration  
and Border Protection

# Temporary entrants and New Zealand citizens in Australia

As at 30 September 2016



## Contents

### Background

Executive Summary .....	1
Total temporary entrants .....	3
Visitor visa holders .....	6
Student visa holders .....	8
Working Holiday Maker (subclasses 417 and 462) visa holders .....	10
Temporary Skilled (subclass 457) visa holders .....	12
Temporary Graduate (subclass 485) visa holders .....	14
Other Temporary visa holders .....	16
Bridging visa holders .....	18
New Zealand (Special Category 444) visa holders .....	20
Appendix A - Temporary entrants by citizenship country for top 50 countries.....	21
Appendix B - Temporary entrants by citizenship country.....	22

## Enquiries

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# Background

The number of temporary entrants and New Zealand citizens physically present in Australia is estimated every three months by identifying those persons who have entered Australia on temporary visas or as New Zealand citizens, and who have neither left Australia nor been granted permanent residence. This data provides useful point-in-time information on temporary entrants. It gives a more accurate picture of the population impact of Australia's temporary entry programs than data on the flow of temporary entrants in and out of Australia.

The number of temporary entrants in this report is broken down into the following categories:

## *Visitor visa holders*

non-permanent entrants to Australia whose visa is for tourism, short stay business or visiting relatives;

## *Student visa holders*

overseas students who undertake full-time study in registered courses. In this report, Student Guardian (subclass 580) visa holders are included in 'Other Temporary visa holders' and not in the 'Student visa holders' category;

## *Working Holiday Maker visa holders*

young adults from countries with reciprocal bilateral agreements with Australia who holiday in Australia and undertake short-term work and/or study and who hold a Working Holiday (subclass 417) or Work and Holiday (subclass 462) visa;

## *Temporary Skilled (subclass 457) visa holders*

Temporary Skilled (subclass 457) visa holders mostly recruited by Australian companies whose visa is valid for up to four years;

## *Temporary Graduate (subclass 485) visa holders*

overseas students who wish to remain in Australia for up to 18 months to gain skilled work experience or improve their English language skills and who hold a Temporary Graduate (subclass 485) visa;

## *Bridging visa holders*

non-citizens who are provided with lawful status while they have business with the government or the courts regarding immigration matters;

## *Other Temporary visa holders*

include holders of other temporary visas such as New Zealand Citizen Family Relationships (non-New Zealand citizens who are family members of a New Zealand citizen), social/cultural (Entertainment, Sport, Visiting Academic, Religious Worker, etc), international relations (Diplomatic, Exchange, Domestic Worker, etc), training (Occupational Trainee and Professional Development), Student Guardian, transit, Maritime Crew, Superyacht Crew, Criminal Justice and Medical treatment visas;

## *New Zealand visa holders*

New Zealand citizens granted a Special Category Visa (subclass 444) on arrival in Australia. It should be noted that a small number of New Zealand citizens who were holding a temporary visa other than subclass 444 are included in the temporary visa category.

## Rounding in reported data

Figures given in this report are rounded to the nearest ten. Percentage changes are calculated from unrounded numbers. This may result in minor discrepancies from results calculated from rounded numbers.

## Reporting of primary and secondary visa holders

Figures given in this report include both primary and secondary visa holders.

# Executive summary

## Total temporary entrants and New Zealand citizens snapshot

There were 1,960,380 temporary entrants and New Zealand citizens in Australia on 30 September 2016, compared with 1,869,550 on 30 September 2015 (an increase of 4.9 per cent).

## Temporary visa holders

The number of temporary visa holders, that is, excluding New Zealand citizens on Special Category (subclass 444) visas and Bridging visa holders, was 1,151,030 on 30 September 2016 compared to 1,093,610 on 30 September 2015, an increase of 5.3 per cent.

## Quarterly comparison

Compared with 30 June 2016, the end of the previous quarter, the number of temporary visa holders as at 30 September 2016 is an increase of 8.5 per cent from 1,060,410 to 1,151,030.

The percentage changes in the major components from 30 June 2016 to 30 September 2016 were:

- Visitor visa holders, an increase of 6.7 per cent;
- Student visa holders, an increase of 17.3 per cent;
- Working Holiday Maker visa holders, an increase of 0.5 per cent;
- Temporary Skilled visa holders, an increase of 0.9 per cent;
- Temporary Graduate visa holders, an increase of 2.4 per cent;
- Other Temporary visa holders, an increase of 1.1 per cent.

These changes are in line with usual seasonal patterns.

## Visitor visa holders

The number of Visitor visa holders in Australia on 30 September 2016 was 279,920, an increase of 8.5 per cent compared with 258,080 on 30 September 2015.

The five countries with the largest number of Visitor visa holders in Australia on 30 September 2016 were:

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| • China, Peoples Republic of (excl SARs) | 62,970 visa holders, an increase of 1.5 per cent from 30 September 2015 |
| • India                                  | 40,640 visa holders, an increase of 15.3 per cent                       |
| • United Kingdom                         | 25,520 visa holders, an increase of 1.8 per cent                        |
| • Malaysia                               | 15,130 visa holders, an increase of 28.3 per cent                       |
| • United States of America               | 14,000 visa holders, an increase of 7.3 per cent                        |

## Student visa holders

The number of Student visa holders in Australia on 30 September 2016 was 470,810, an increase of 10.6 per cent compared with 425,740 on 30 September 2015.

The five countries with the largest number of Student visa holders in Australia on 30 September 2016 were:

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| • China, Peoples Republic of (excl SARs) | 125,850 visa holders, an increase of 16.4 per cent from 30 September 2015 |
| • India                                  | 55,960 visa holders, an increase of 9.0 per cent                          |
| • Vietnam                                | 21,990 visa holders, an increase of 2.0 per cent                          |
| • Malaysia                               | 19,980 visa holders, an increase of 12.7 per cent                         |
| • Nepal                                  | 19,830 visa holders, an increase of 15.5 per cent                         |

## Working Holiday Maker visa holders

The number of Working Holiday Maker visa holders in Australia on 30 September 2016 was 138,030, a decrease of 4.4 per cent compared with 144,450 on 30 September 2015.

The five countries with the largest number of Working Holiday Maker visa holders in Australia on 30 September 2016 were:

- |                  |  |
|------------------|--|
| • United Kingdom | 26,970 visa holders, a decrease of 5.5 per cent from 30 September 2015 |
| • Taiwan         | 17,440 visa holders, a decrease of 13.5 per cent                       |
| • South Korea    | 16,080 visa holders, a decrease of 11.2 per cent                       |
| • Germany        | 13,680 visa holders, a decrease of 0.7 per cent                        |
| • France         | 12,330 visa holders, a decrease of 5.3 per cent                        |

# Executive summary - continued

## Temporary Skilled (subclass 457) visa holders

The number of Temporary Skilled (subclass 457) visa holders in Australia on 30 September 2016 was 172,190, a decrease of 7.8 per cent compared with 186,810 on 30 September 2015.

The five countries with the largest number of Temporary Skilled (subclass 457) visa holders in Australia on 30 September 2016 were:

- India 37,430 visa holders, a decrease of 7.2 per cent from 30 September 2015
- United Kingdom 28,710 visa holders, a decrease of 12.6 per cent
- China, Peoples Republic of (excl SARs) 11,830 visa holders, an increase of 0.3 per cent
- Philippines 10,880 visa holders, a decrease of 11.3 per cent
- Ireland 8510 visa holders, a decrease of 27.2 per cent

## Temporary Graduate (subclass 485) visa holders

The number of Temporary Graduate (subclass 485) visa holders in Australia on 30 September 2016 was 38,640, an increase of 51.4 per cent compared with 25,520 on 30 September 2015.

The five countries with the largest number of Temporary Graduate visa holders in Australia on 30 September 2016 were:

- China, Peoples Republic of (excl SARs) 10,390 visa holders, an increase of 27.3 per cent from 30 September 2015
- India 8440 visa holders, an increase of 91.2 per cent
- Nepal 3690 visa holders, an increase of 56.0 per cent
- Pakistan 2140 visa holders, an increase of 66.5 per cent
- Vietnam 1560 visa holders, an increase of 60.4 per cent

## Other Temporary visa holders

The number of Other Temporary visa holders in Australia on 30 September 2016 was 51,440, a decrease of 3.0 per cent compared with 53,020 on 30 September 2015.

The five countries with the largest number of Other Temporary visa holders in Australia on 30 September 2016 were:

- Philippines 6890 visa holders, a decrease of 13.6 per cent from 30 September 2015
- China, Peoples Republic of (excl SARs) 6370 visa holders, an increase of 2.5 per cent
- United Kingdom 5330 visa holders, a decrease of 1.5 per cent
- India 4170 visa holders, an increase of 3.1 per cent
- United States of America 3050 visa holders, an increase of 0.6 per cent

## Bridging visa holders

The number of Bridging visa holders in Australia on 30 September 2016 was 132,320, an increase of 15.7 per cent compared with 114,390 on 30 September 2015.

The five countries with the largest number of Bridging visa holders in Australia on 30 September 2016 were:

- India 15,260 visa holders, an increase of 19.2 per cent from 30 September 2015
- China, Peoples Republic of (excl SARs) 13,440 visa holders, an increase of 23.7 per cent
- Iran 7990 visa holders, a decrease of 5.1 per cent
- United Kingdom 7890 visa holders, an increase of 21.3 per cent
- Malaysia 6860 visa holders, an increase of 78.5 per cent

## New Zealand visa holders

The number of New Zealand (Special Category 444) visa holders in Australia on 30 September 2016 was 677,030, an increase of 2.3 per cent compared with 661,550 on 30 September 2015.

# Total temporary entrants

## Annual comparison

An estimated 1,960,380 temporary entrants were present in Australia on 30 September 2016, compared with 1,869,550 on 30 September 2015, an increase of 4.9 per cent over the period.

The three largest components in Australia on 30 September 2016 were New Zealand visa holders (677,030 visa holders and 34.5 per cent of the total), student visa holders (470,810 / 24.0 per cent) and visitor visa holders (279,920 / 14.3 per cent).

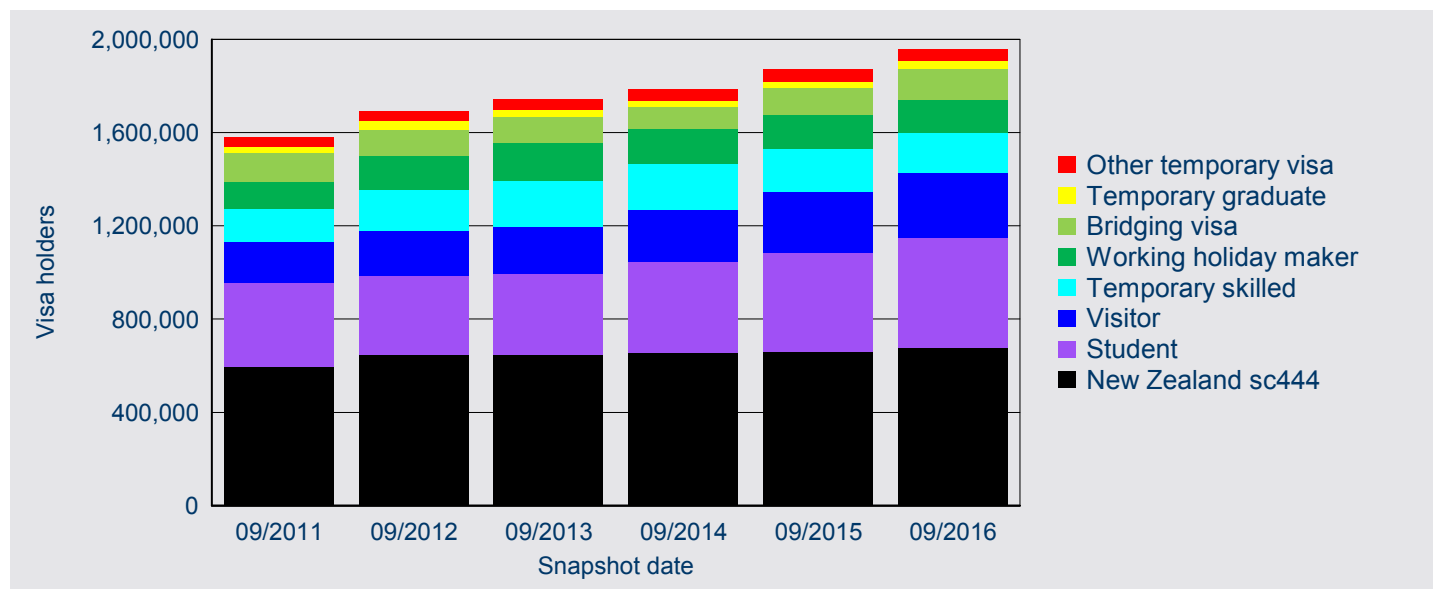
**Table 1 Temporary entrants in Australia on 30 September 2016**

Visa holder component	30/09/2015	30/09/2016	% change	% of total
<b>Temporary visa holders</b>				
Student visa holders	425,740	470,810	10.6%	24.0%
Visitor visa holders	258,080	279,920	8.5%	14.3%
Temporary skilled (subclass 457) visa holders	186,810	172,190	-7.8%	8.8%
Working holiday maker visa holders	144,450	138,030	-4.4%	7.0%
Bridging visa holders	114,390	132,320	15.7%	6.7%
Other temporary visa holders	53,020	51,440	-3.0%	2.6%
Temporary graduate (subclass 485) visa holders	25,520	38,640	51.4%	2.0%
<b>Total temporary visa holders</b>	<b>1,208,000</b>	<b>1,283,360</b>	<b>6.2%</b>	<b>65.5%</b>
New Zealand (subclass 444) visa holders	661,550	677,030	2.3%	34.5%
<b>Total temporary entrants in Australia</b>	<b>1,869,550</b>	<b>1,960,380</b>	<b>4.9%</b>	<b>100.0%</b>

Note: Other Temporary visa holders now include Maritime Crew, Superyacht Crew, Medical Treatments and Criminal Justice visas. Similarly Visitor visa holders now exclude Superyacht Crew and Medical Treatment visas. Student visa holders now include subclass 500. As a result, the numbers in this table are not directly comparable with reports published earlier.

Of the major components, the number of Temporary Graduate visa holders increased by 51.4 per cent from 30 September 2015, Bridging visa holders increased by 15.7 per cent and Student visa holders increased by 10.6 per cent.

**Figure 1: Temporary entrants in Australia - annual historical series**

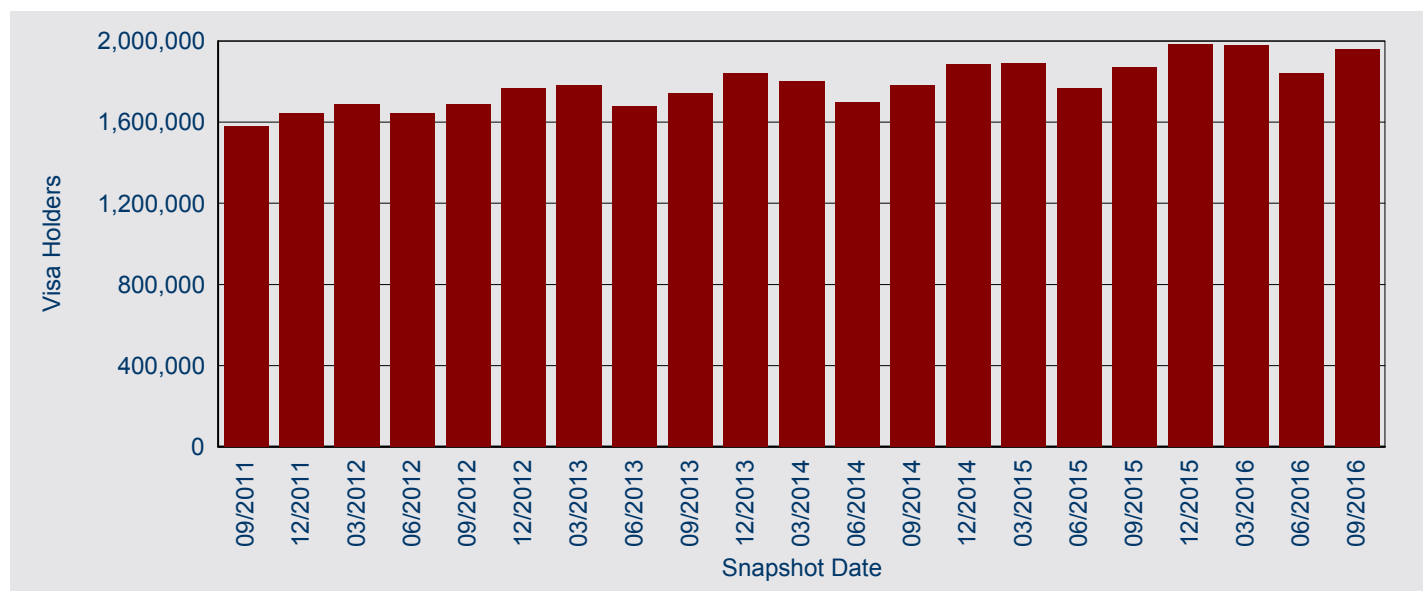


# Total temporary entrants - continued

## Quarterly comparison

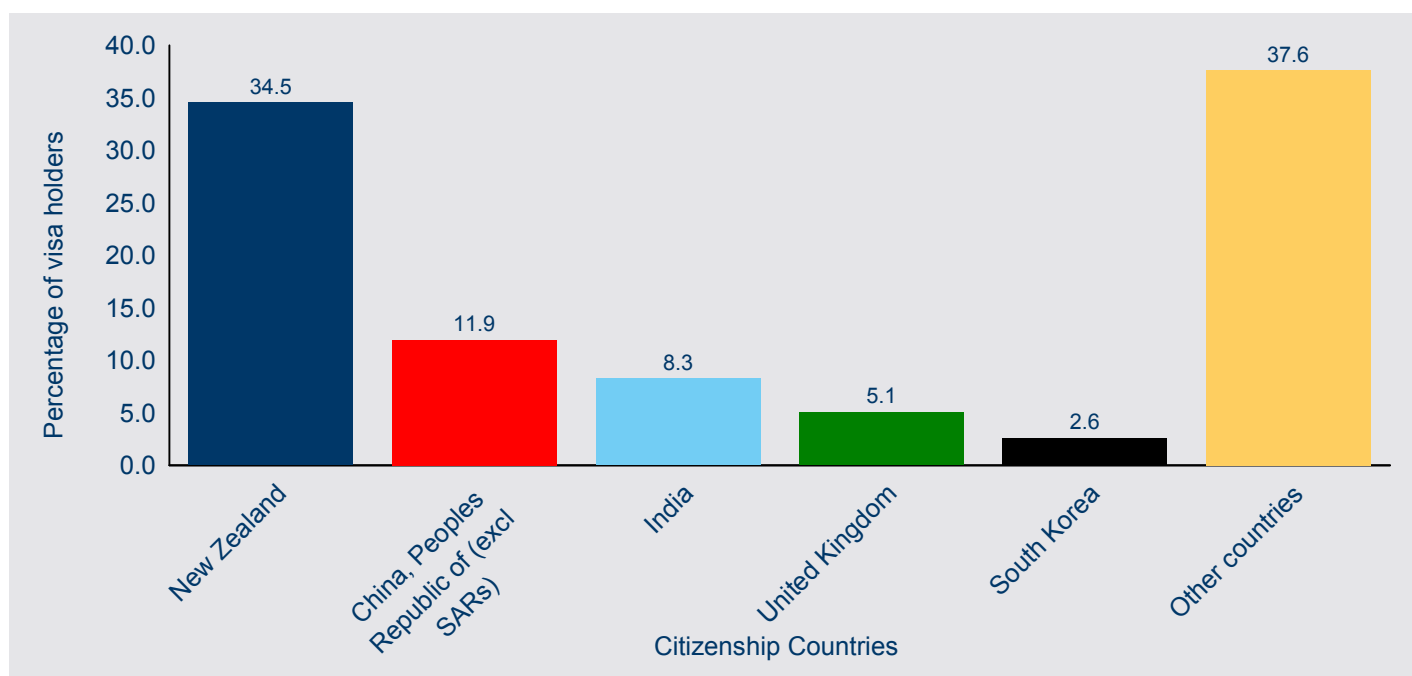
The total number of temporary entrants in Australia on 30 September 2016 was 1,960,380, an increase of 6.5 per cent compared with 1,839,960 on 30 June 2016 (Figure 2). Of the major components, the number of New Zealand visa holders increased by 2.6 per cent from 30 June 2016, Student visa holders increased by 17.3 per cent and visitor visa holders increased by 6.7 per cent.

Figure 2: Temporary entrants in Australia - quarterly historical series



The top source citizenship country for temporary entrants in Australia on 30 September 2016 was New Zealand (677,230 visa holders), followed by China, Peoples Republic of (excl SARs) (233,700), India (161,890), United Kingdom (99,100) and South Korea (51,020) (Figure 3).

Figure 3: Temporary entrants in Australia - percentage of top five citizenship countries

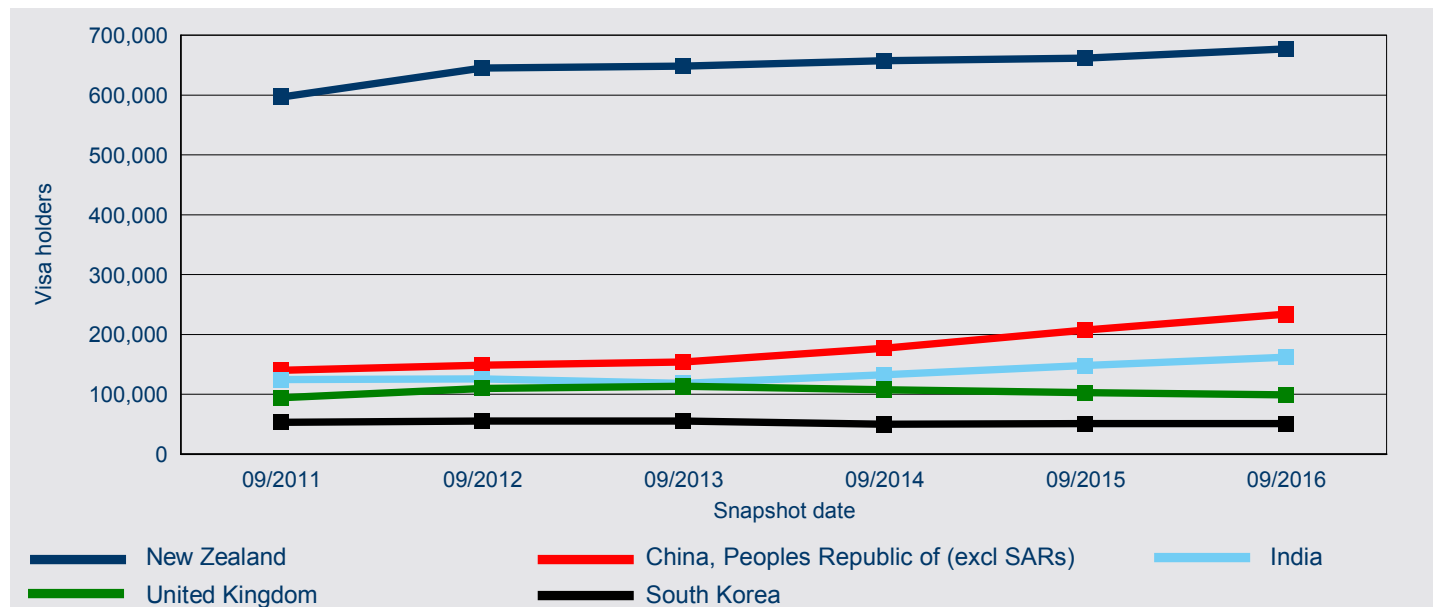




## Total temporary entrants - continued

When comparing the number of temporary entrants in Australia on 30 September 2016 with earlier years, Figure 4 shows that over the past five years, the number of temporary entrants from New Zealand increased by 13.5 per cent from 30 September 2011, China, Peoples Republic of (excl SARs) increased by 66.7 per cent, India increased by 30.1 per cent, United Kingdom increased by 5.4 per cent and South Korea decreased by 4.0 per cent.

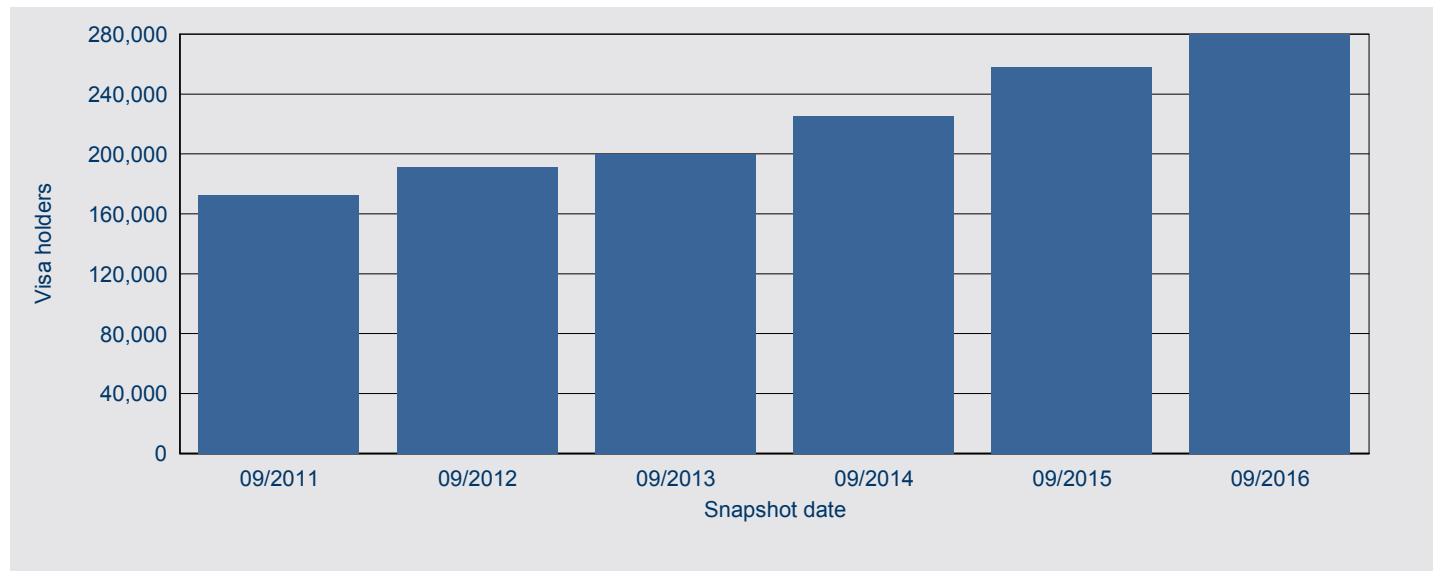
**Figure 4: Temporary entrants in Australia - top five citizenship countries trend**



# Visitor visa holders

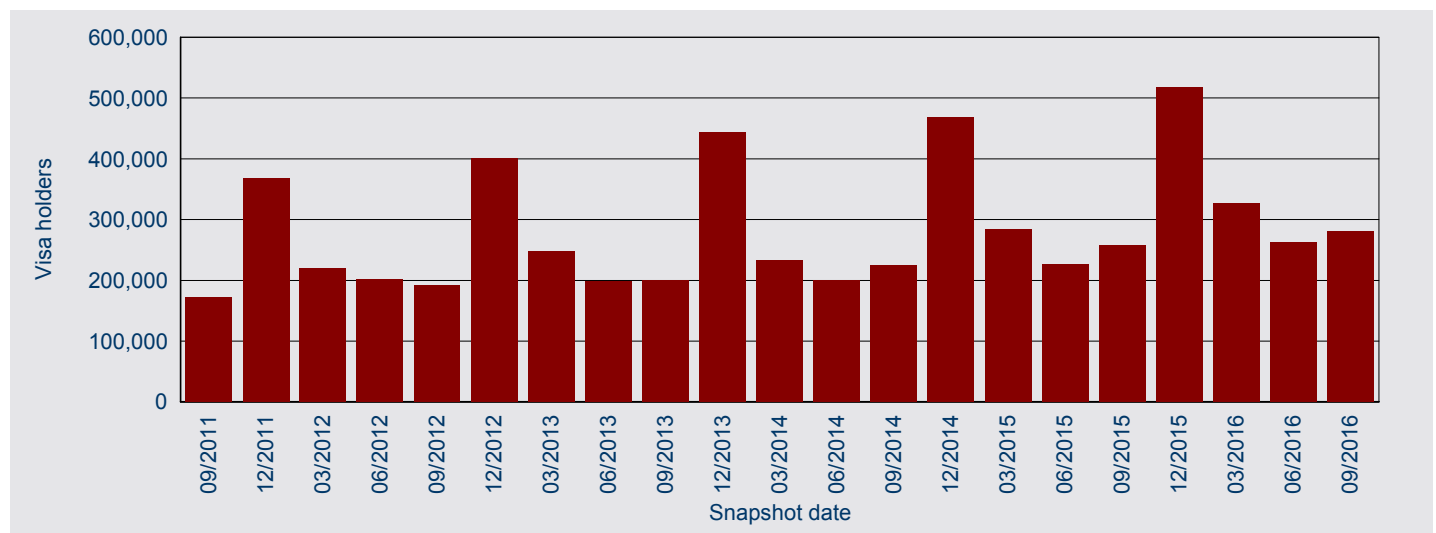
There were 279,920 Visitor visa holders in Australia on 30 September 2016. This represents an increase of 8.5 per cent when compared with 258,080 on 30 September 2015 (Figures 5 and 6).

**Figure 5: Visitor visa holders in Australia - annual historical series**



In the past five years, the quarter with the highest number of Visitor visa holders in Australia was 31 December 2015 with 517,090 visa holders (Figure 6).

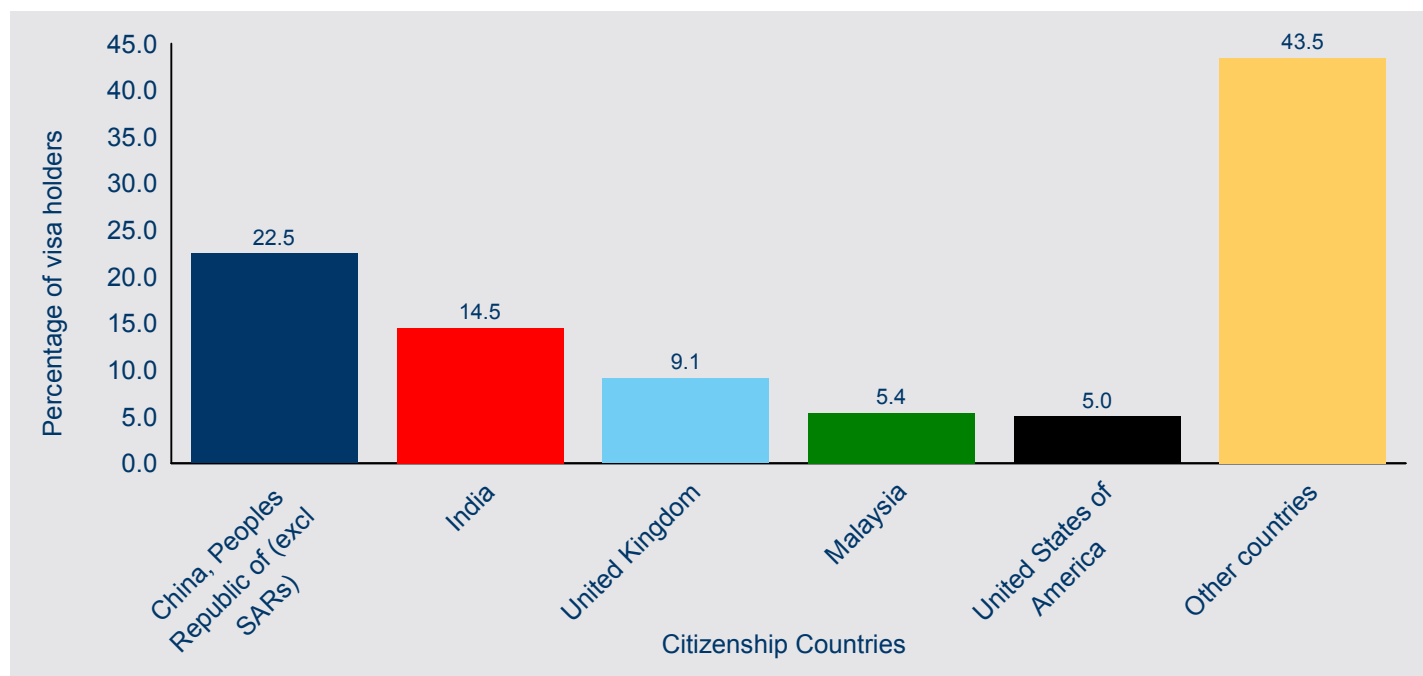
**Figure 6: Visitor visa holders in Australia - quarterly historical series**



## Visitor visa holders - continued

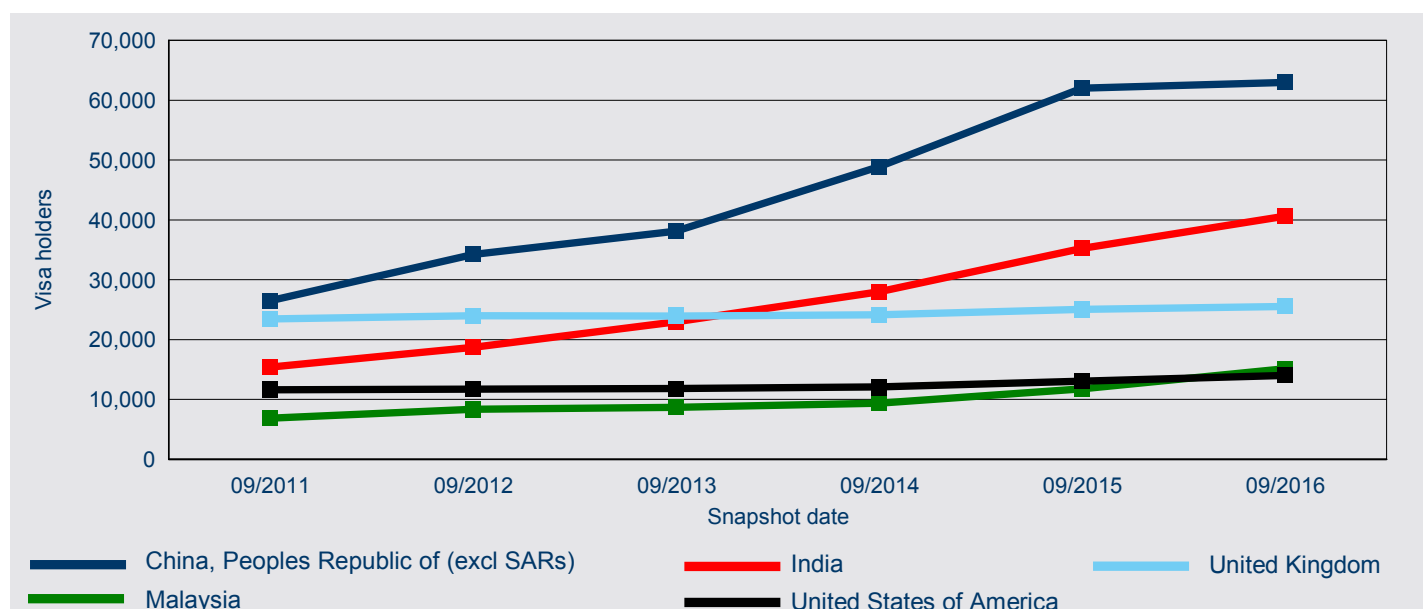
The top source citizenship country for Visitor visa holders in Australia on 30 September 2016 was China, Peoples Republic of (excl SARs) (62,970 visa holders), followed by India (40,640), United Kingdom (25,520), Malaysia (15,130) and United States of America (14,000) (Figure 7).

**Figure 7: Visitor visa holders in Australia - percentage of top five citizenship countries**



When comparing the number of Visitor visa holders in Australia on 30 September 2016 with earlier years, Figure 8 shows that over the past five years, the number of Visitor visa holders from China, Peoples Republic of (excl SARs) increased by 137.6 per cent from 30 September 2011, India increased by 164.0 per cent, United Kingdom increased by 8.7 per cent, Malaysia increased by 120.4 per cent and United States of America increased by 20.8 per cent.

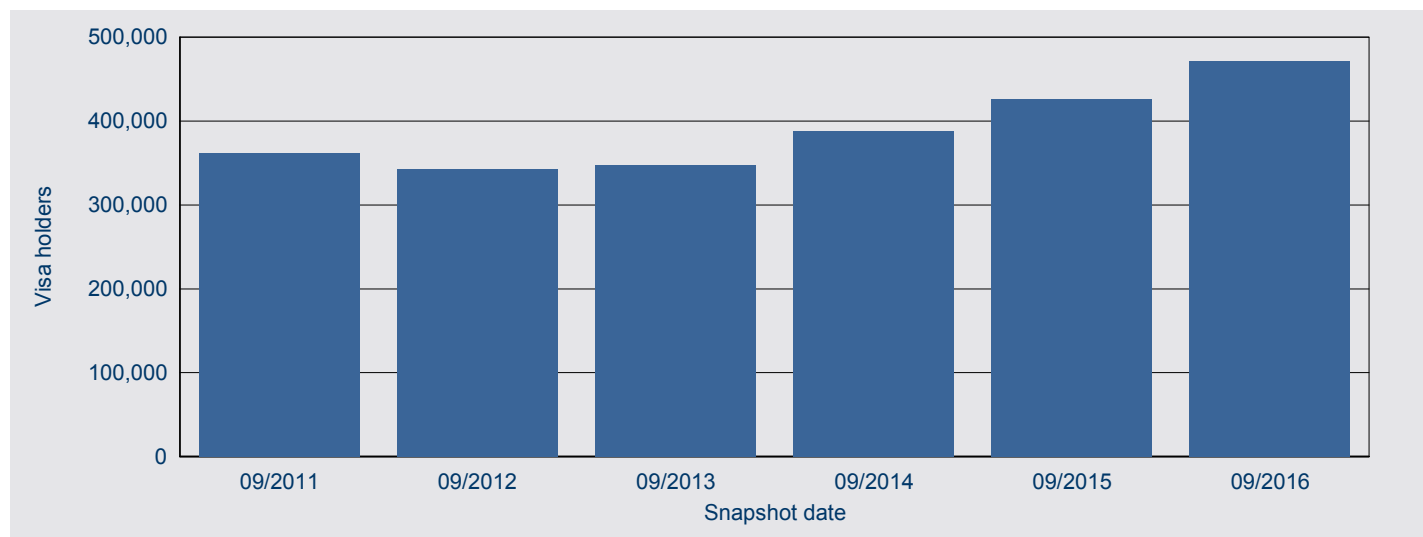
**Figure 8: Visitor visa holders in Australia - top five citizenship countries trend**



# Student visa holders

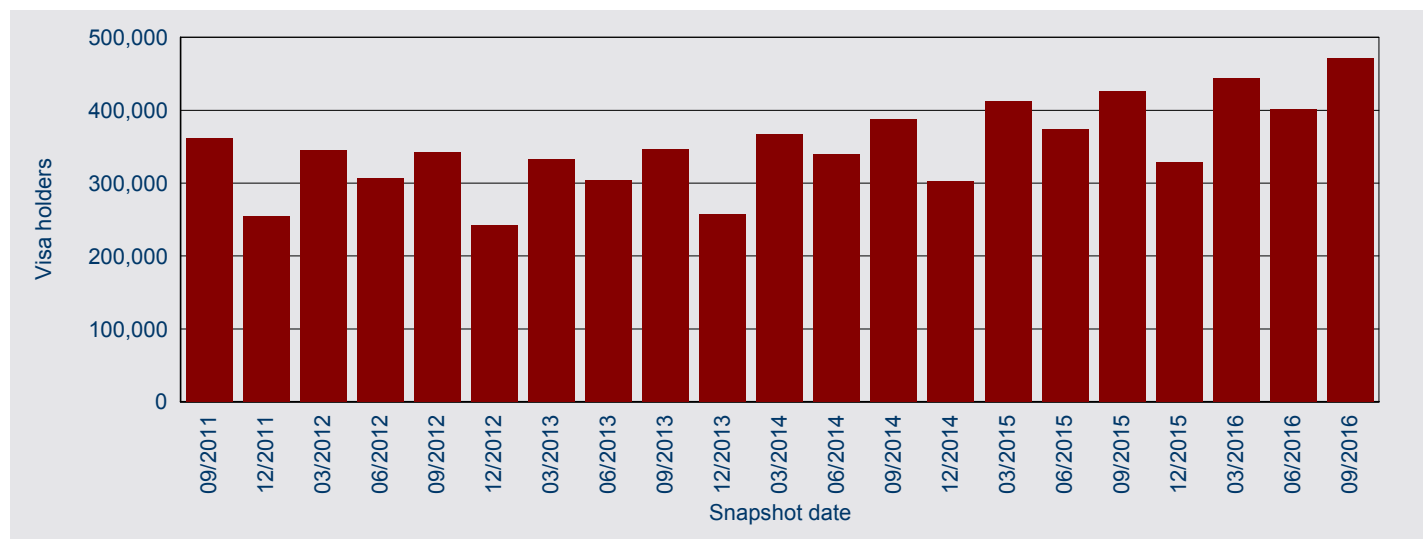
There were 470,810 Student visa holders in Australia on 30 September 2016. This represents an increase of 10.6 per cent when compared with 425,740 on 30 September 2015 (Figure 9).

**Figure 9: Student visa holders in Australia - annual historical series**



In the past five years, the quarter with the highest number of Student visa holders in Australia was 30 September 2016 with 470,810 visa holders (Figure 10).

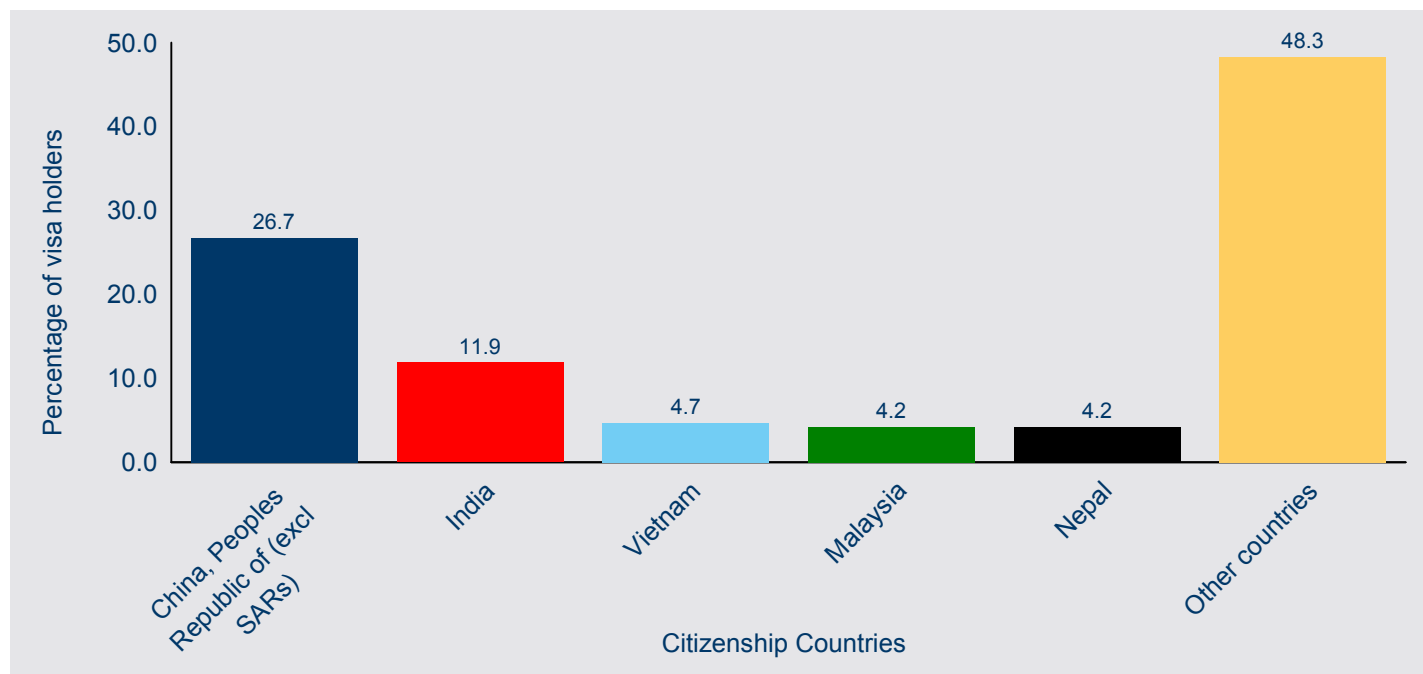
**Figure 10: Student visa holders in Australia - quarterly historical series**



## Student visa holders - continued

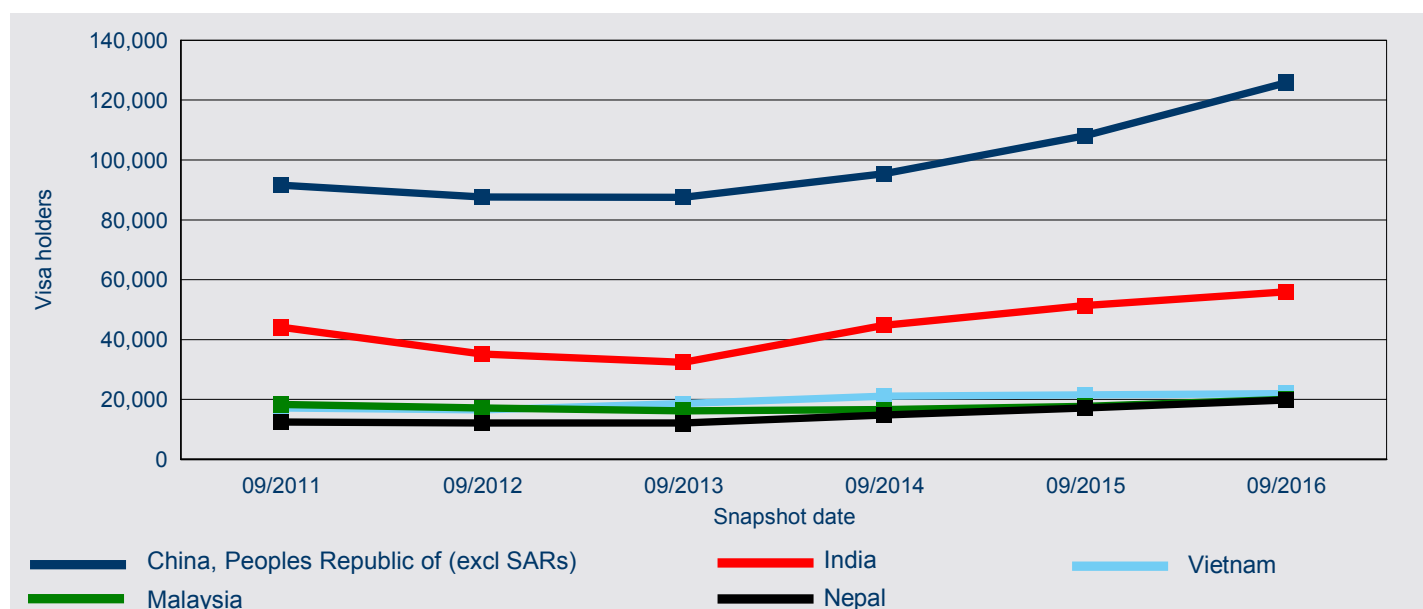
The top source citizenship country for Student visa holders in Australia on 30 September 2016 was China, Peoples Republic of (excl SARs) (125,850 visa holders), followed by India (55,960), Vietnam (21,990), Malaysia (19,980) and Nepal (19,830) (Figure 11).

**Figure 11: Student visa holders in Australia - percentage of top five citizenship countries**



When comparing the number of Student visa holders in Australia on 30 September 2016 with earlier years, Figure 12 shows that over the past five years, the number of Student visa holders from China, Peoples Republic of (excl SARs) increased by 37.5 per cent from 30 September 2011, India increased by 26.9 per cent, Vietnam increased by 28.0 per cent, Malaysia increased by 8.8 per cent and Nepal increased by 58.9 per cent.

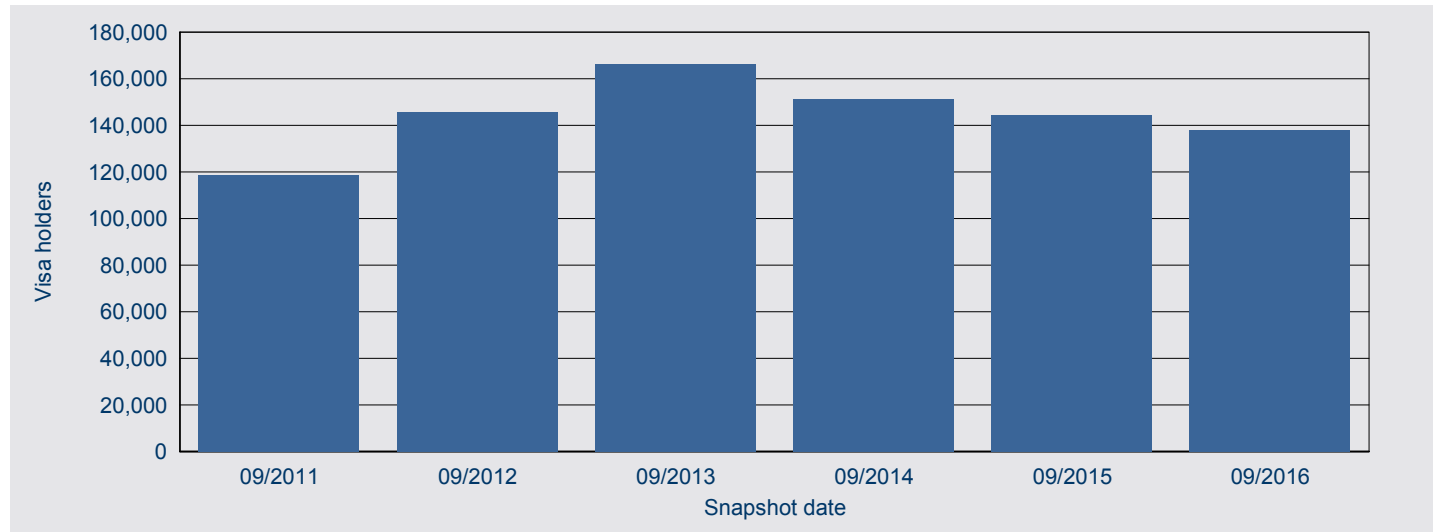
**Figure 12: Student visa holders in Australia - top five citizenship countries trend**



# Working Holiday Maker visa holders

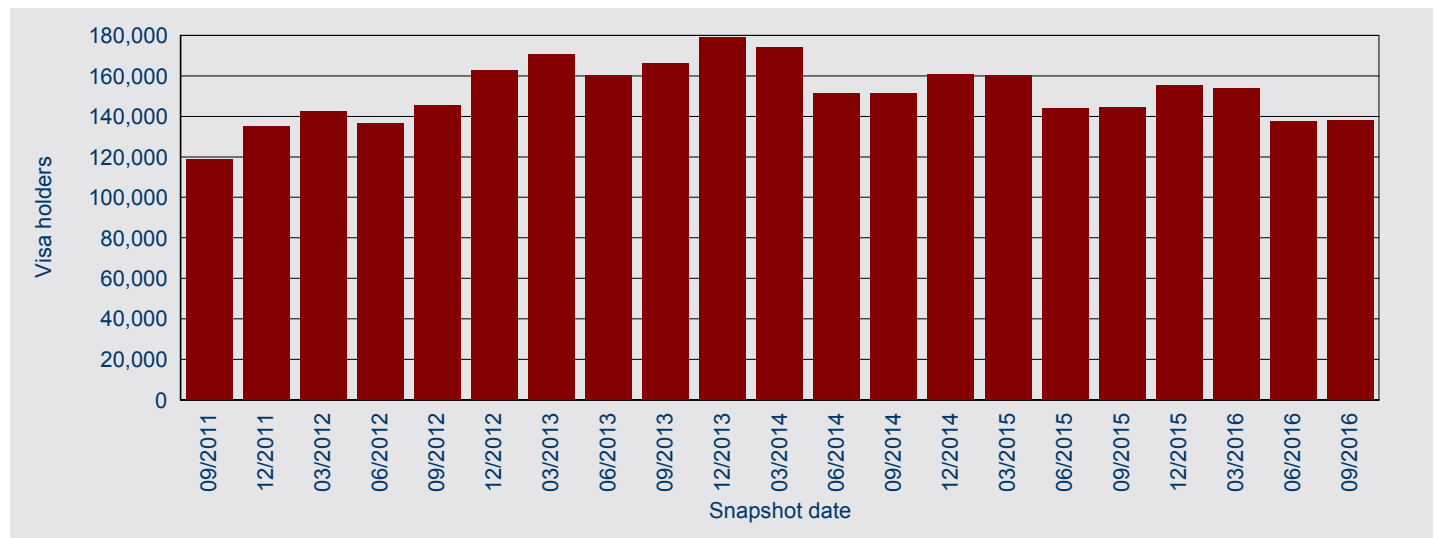
There were 138,030 Working Holiday Maker visa holders in Australia on 30 September 2016. This represents a decrease of 4.4 per cent when compared with 144,450 on 30 September 2015 (Figure 13).

**Figure 13: Working Holiday Maker Visa holders in Australia - annual historical series**



In the past five years, the quarter with the highest number of Working Holiday Maker visa holders in Australia was 31 December 2013 with 178,980 visa holders (Figure 14).

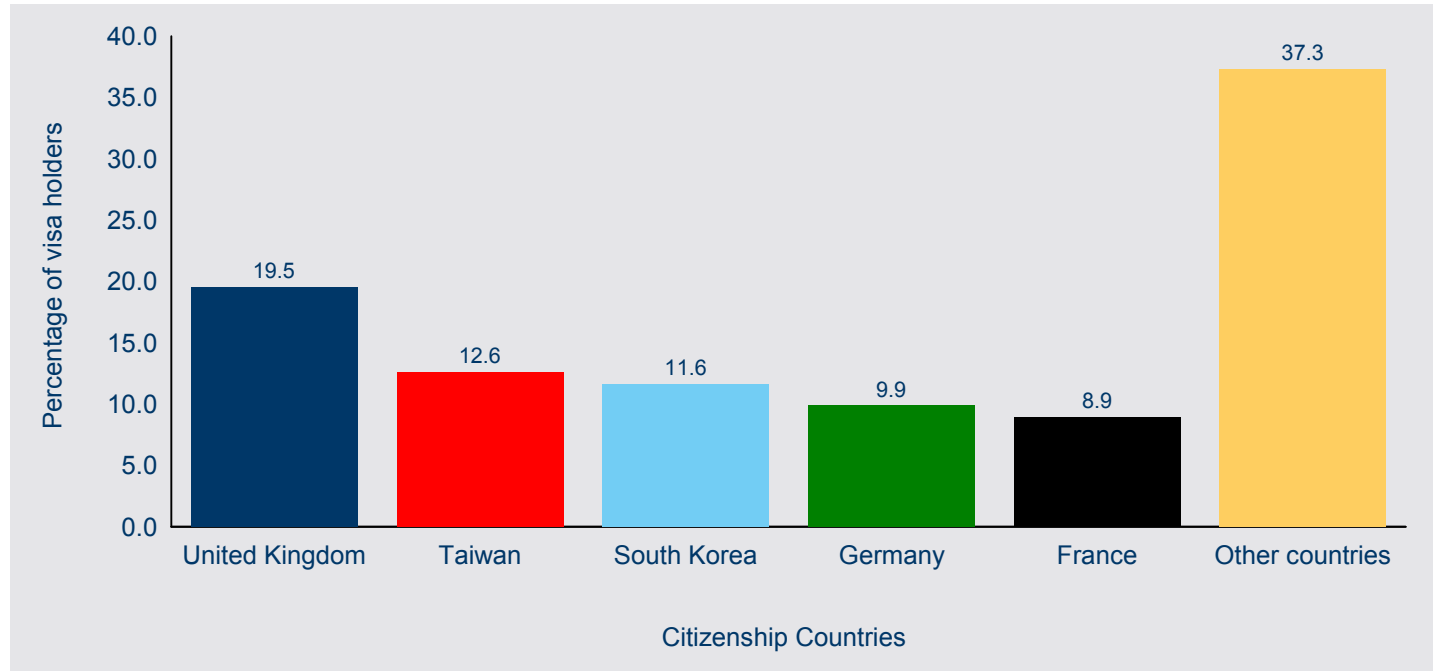
**Figure 14: Working Holiday Maker Visa holders in Australia - quarterly historical series**



## Working Holiday Maker visa holders - continued

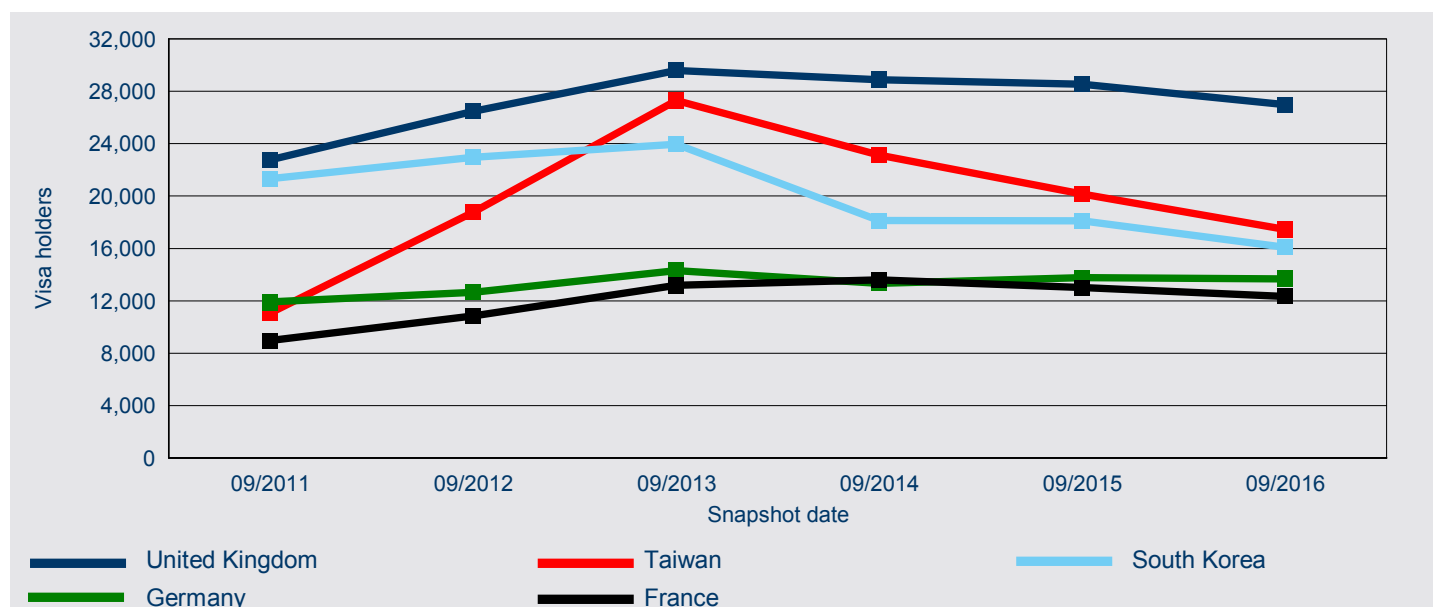
The top source citizenship country for Working Holiday Maker visa holders in Australia on 30 September 2016 was United Kingdom (26,970 visa holders), followed by Taiwan (17,440), South Korea (16,080), Germany (13,680) and France (12,330) (Figure 15).

**Figure 15: Working Holiday Maker visa holders in Australia - percentage of top five citizenship countries**



When comparing the number of Working Holiday Maker visa holders in Australia on 30 September 2016 with earlier years, Figure 16 shows that over the past five years, the number of Working Holiday Maker visa holders from United Kingdom increased by 18.5 per cent from 30 September 2011, Taiwan increased by 57.6 per cent, South Korea decreased by 24.6 per cent, Germany increased by 14.9 per cent and France increased by 37.6 per cent.

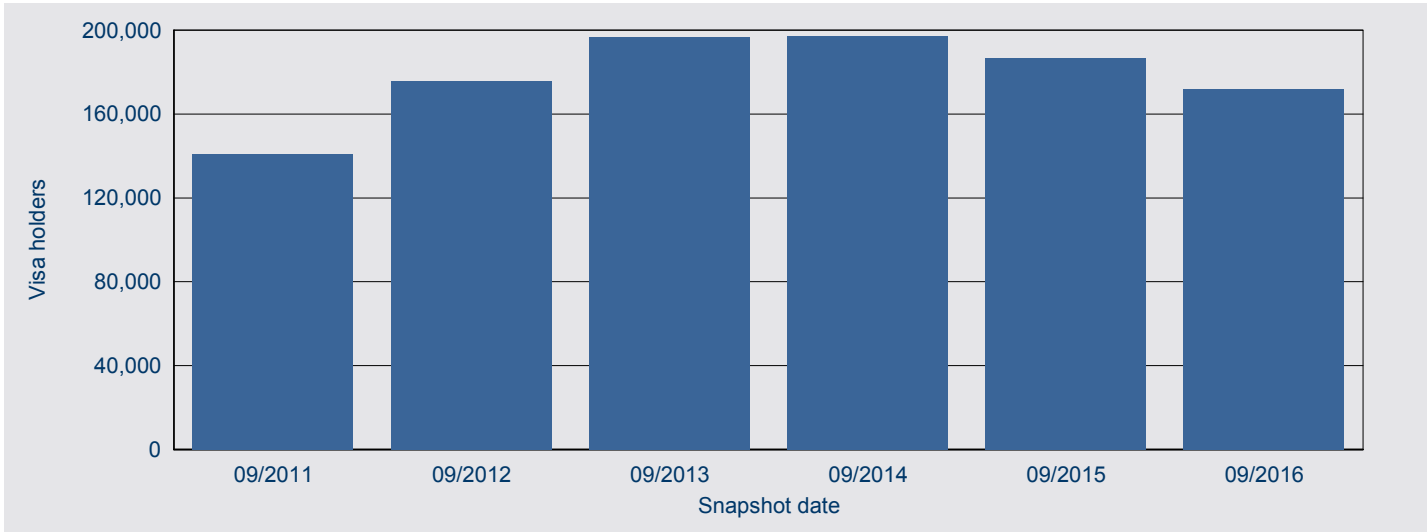
**Figure 16: Working Holiday Maker visa holders in Australia - top five citizenship countries trend**



# Temporary Skilled (subclass 457) visa holders

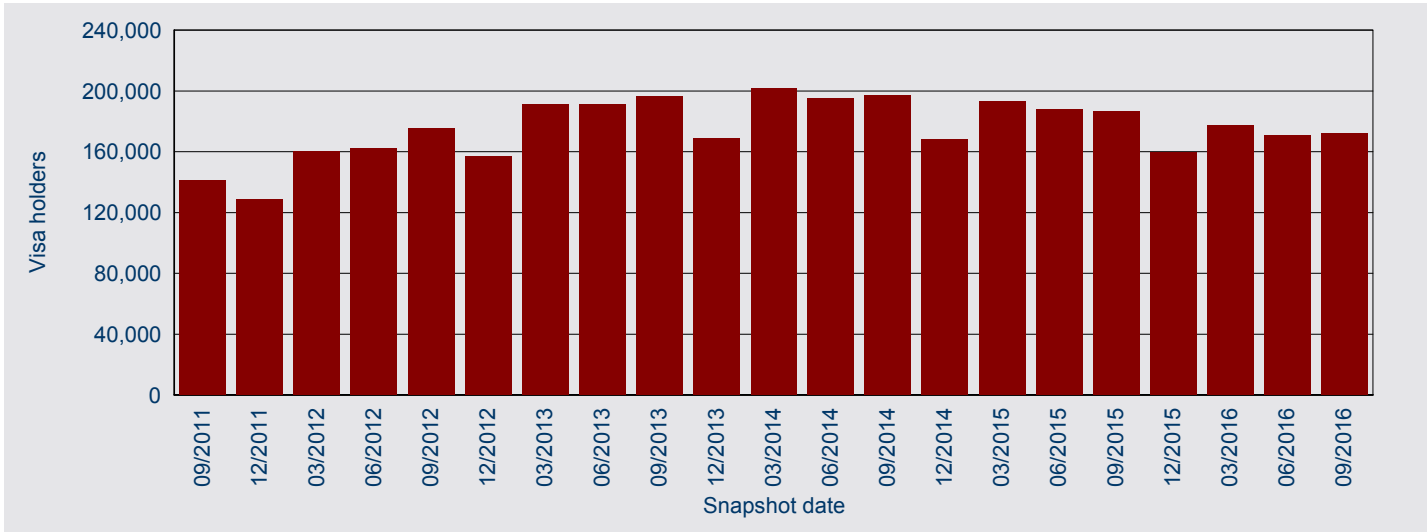
There were 172,190 Temporary Skilled visa holders in Australia on 30 September 2016. This represents a decrease of 7.8 per cent when compared with 186,810 on 30 September 2015 (Figure 17).

Figure 17: Temporary Skilled (subclass 457) visa holders in Australia - annual historical series



In the past five years, the quarter with the highest number of Temporary Skilled visa holders in Australia was 31 March 2014 with 201,560 visa holders (Figure 18).

Figure 18: Temporary Skilled (subclass 457) visa holders in Australia - quarterly historical series

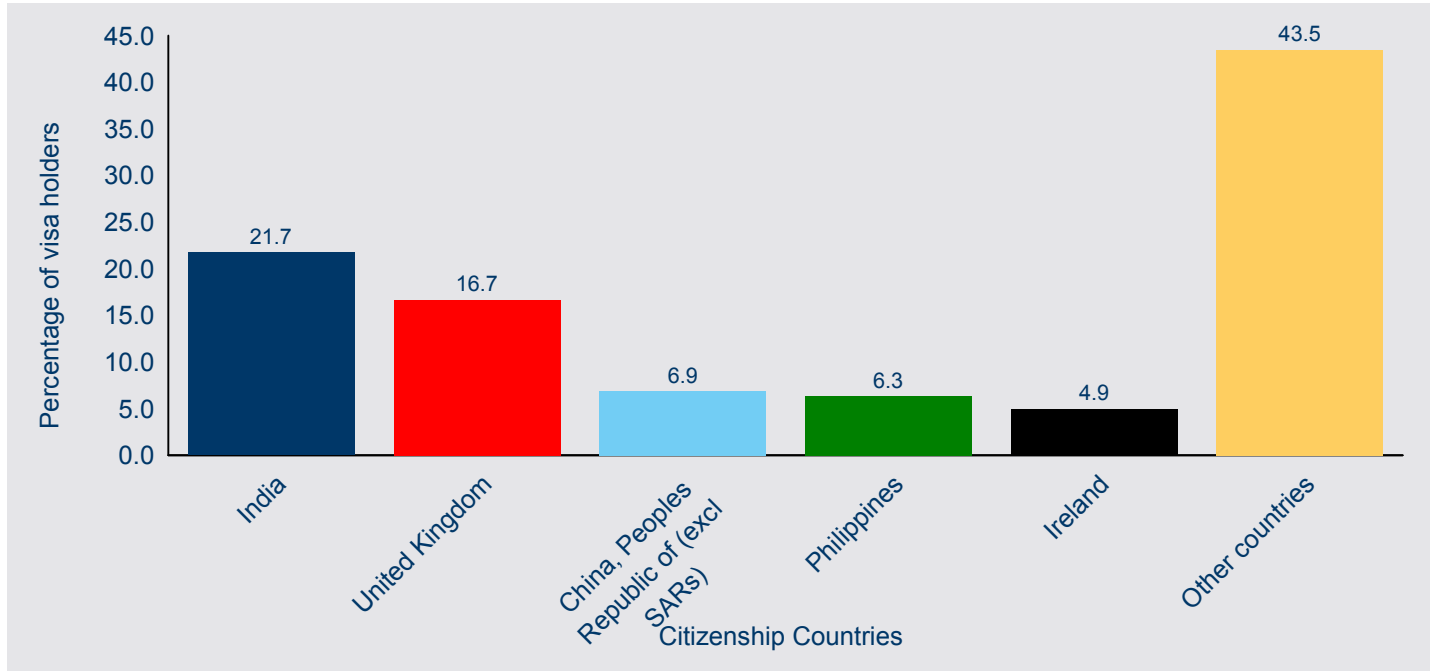




# Temporary Skilled (subclass 457) visa holders - continued

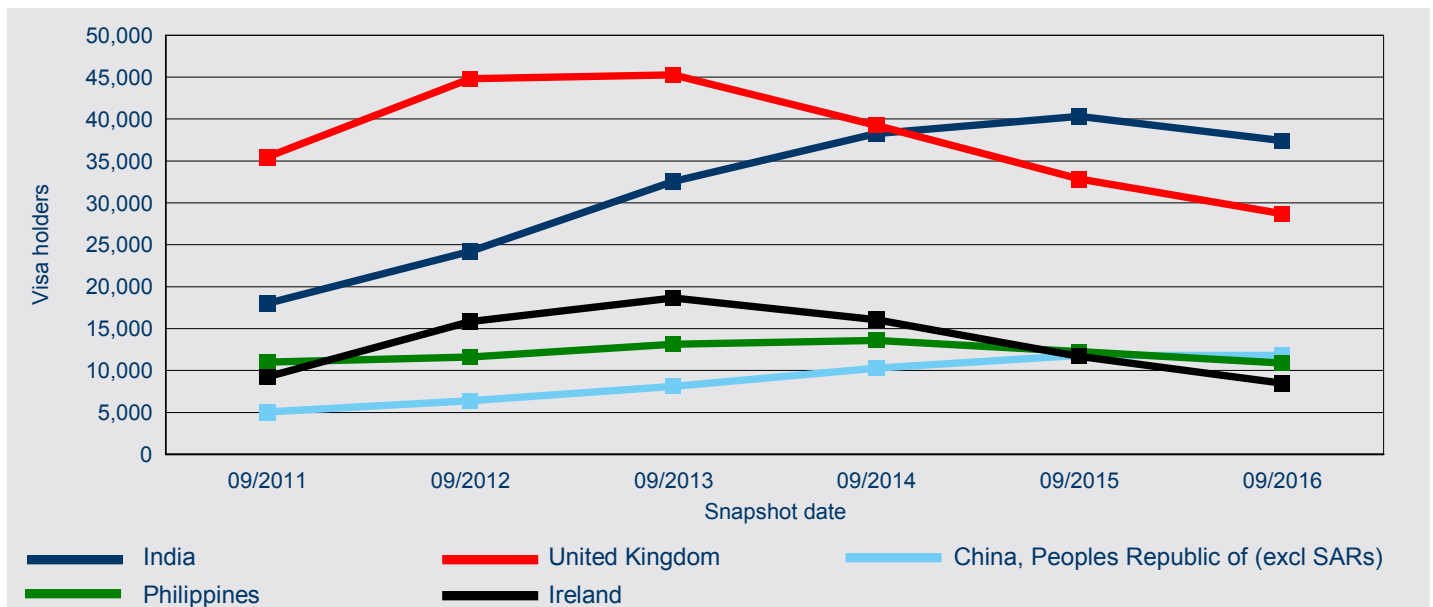
The top source citizenship country for Temporary Skilled visa holders in Australia on 30 September 2016 was India (37,431 visa holders), followed by United Kingdom (28,710), China, Peoples Republic of (excl SARs) (11,830), Philippines (10,880) and Ireland (8510) (Figure 19).

Figure 19: Temporary Skilled (subclass 457) visa holders in Australia - percentage of top five citizenship countries



When comparing the number of Temporary Skilled visa holders in Australia on 30 September 2016 with earlier years, Figure 20 shows that over the past five years, the number of Temporary Skilled visa holders from India increased by 107.6 per cent from 30 September 2011, United Kingdom decreased by 19.1 per cent, China, Peoples Republic of (excl SARs) increased by 133.9 per cent, Philippines decreased by 1.1 per cent and Ireland decreased by 8.0 per cent.

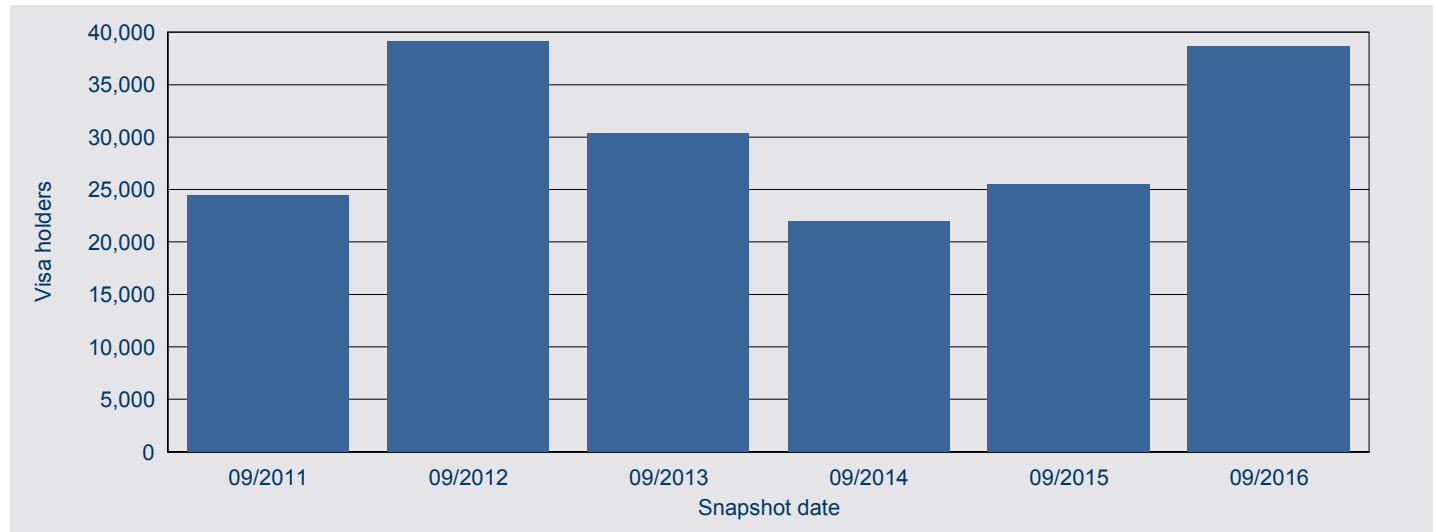
Figure 20: Temporary Skilled visa holders in Australia - top five citizenship countries trend



# Temporary Graduate (subclass 485) visa holders

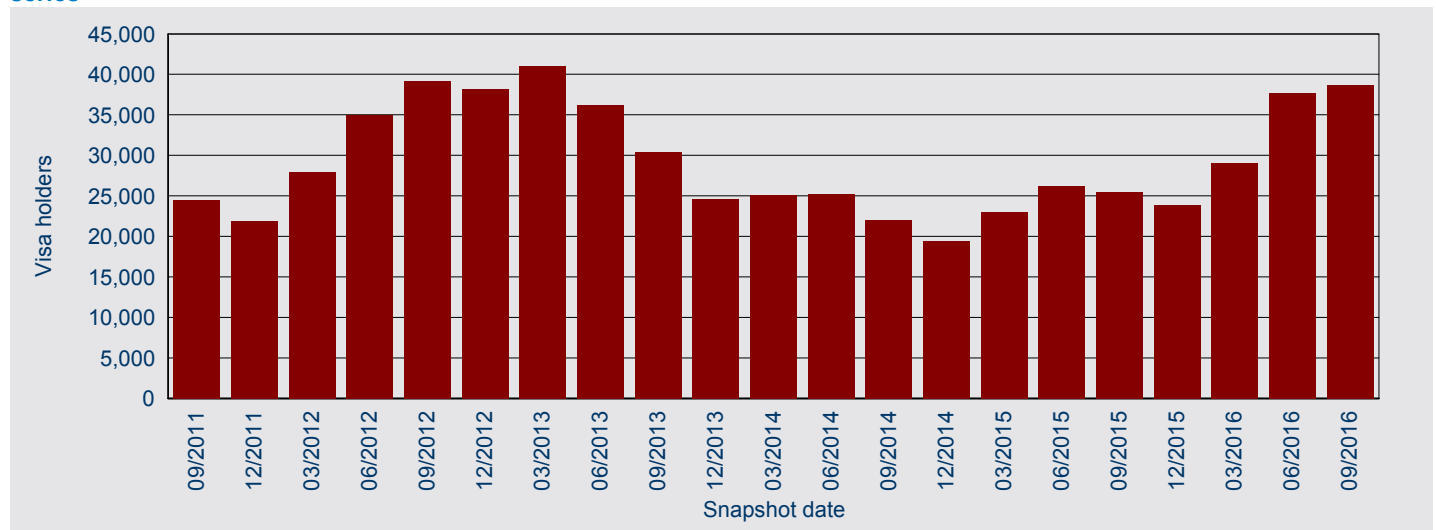
There were 38,640 Temporary Graduate visa holders in Australia on 30 September 2016. This represents an increase of 51.4 per cent when compared with 25,520 on 30 September 2015 (Figure 21).

**Figure 21: Temporary Graduate (subclass 485) visa holders in Australia - annual historical series**



In the past five years, the quarter with the highest number of Temporary Graduate visa holders in Australia was 31 March 2013 with 41,090 visa holders (Figure 22).

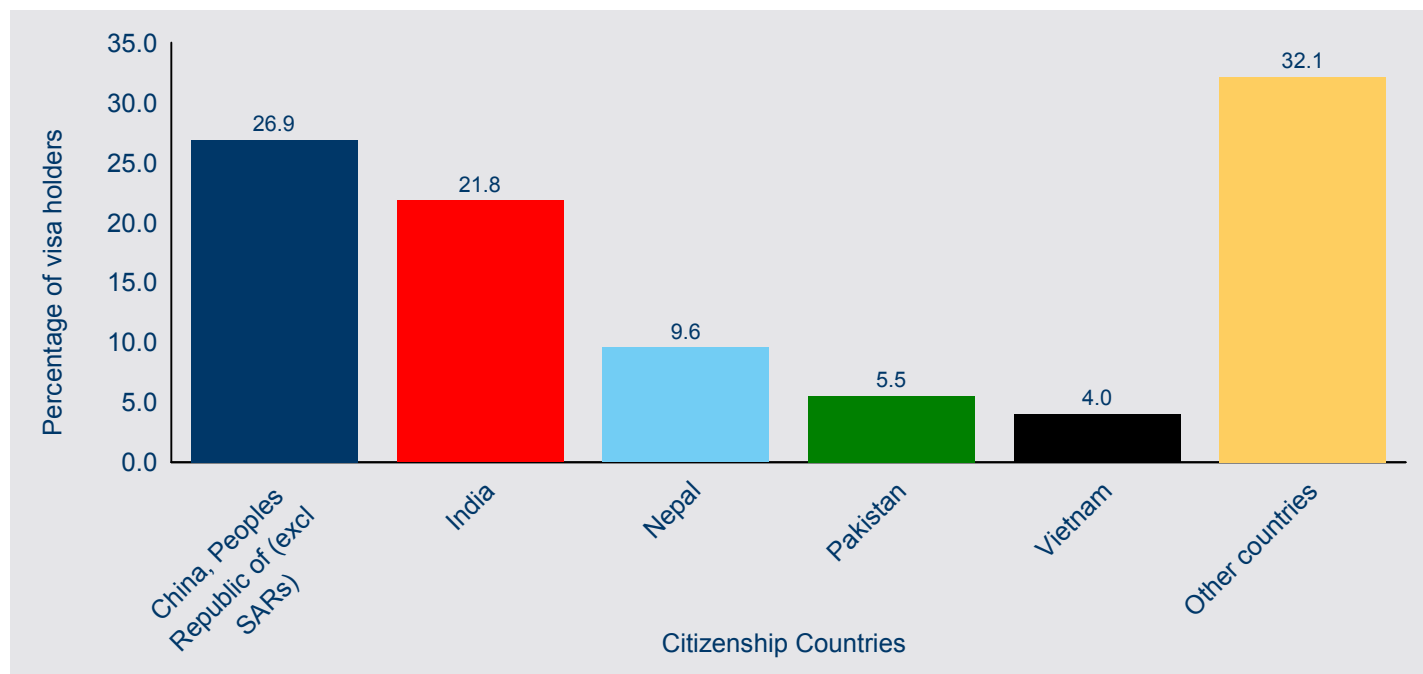
**Figure 22: Temporary Graduate (subclass 485) visa holders in Australia - quarterly historical series**



## Temporary Graduate (subclass 485) visa holders - continued

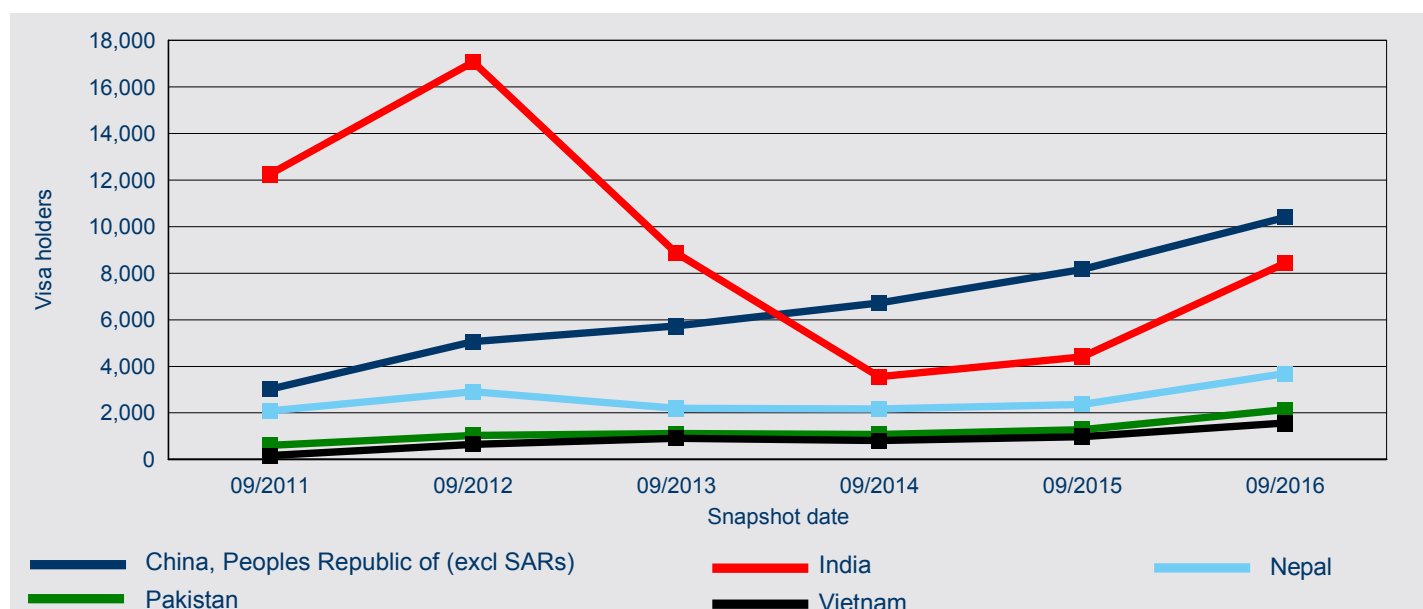
The top source citizenship country for Temporary Graduate visa holders in Australia on 30 September 2016 was China, Peoples Republic of (excl SARs) (10390 visa holders), followed by India (8440), Nepal (3690), Pakistan (2140) and Vietnam (1560) (Figure 23).

**Figure 23: Temporary Graduate (subclass 485) visa holders in Australia - percentage of top five citizenship countries**



When comparing the number of Temporary Graduate visa holders in Australia on 30 September 2016 with earlier years, Figure 24 shows that over the past two years, the number of Temporary Graduate visa holders from China, Peoples Republic of (excl SARs) increased by 54.7 per cent from 30 September 2014, India increased by 137.4 per cent, Nepal increased by 70.3 per cent, Pakistan increased by 98.6 per cent and Vietnam increased by 91.8 per cent.

**Figure 24: Temporary Graduate (subclass 485) visa holders in Australia - top five citizenship countries trend**



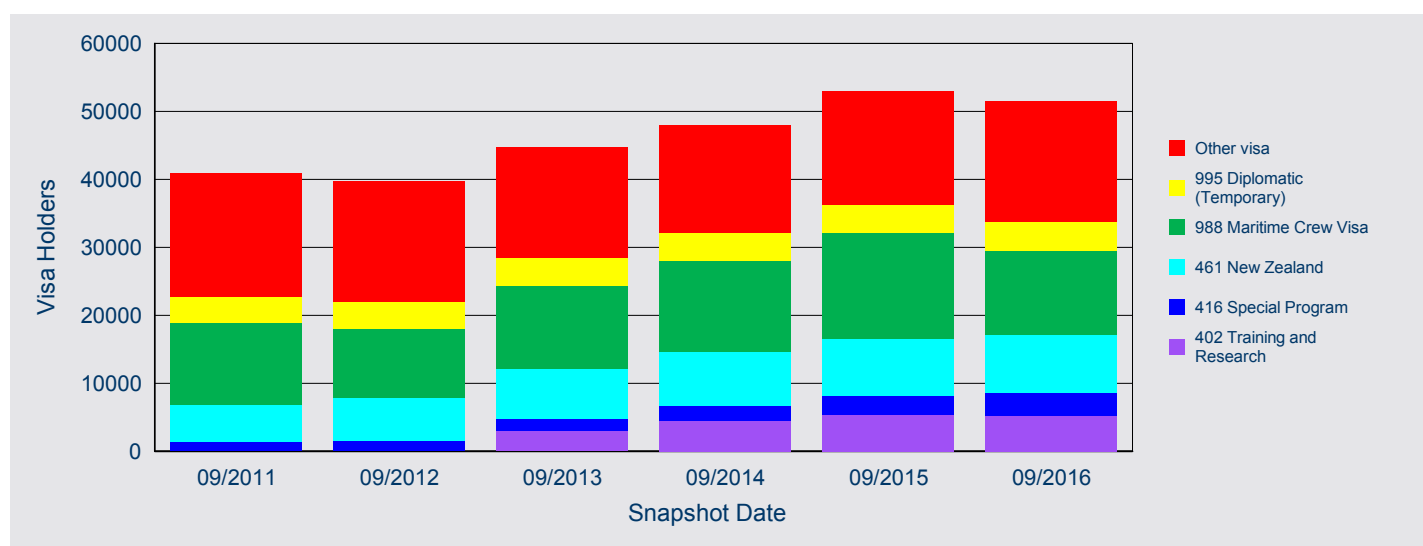
## Other Temporary visa holders

The largest visa subclasses for Other Temporary visa holders in Australia on 30 September 2016 were:

- 988 Maritime Crew Visa
- 461 New Zealand Citizen Family Relationship (Temporary)
- 402 Training and Research
- 995 Diplomatic (Temporary)
- 416 Special Program

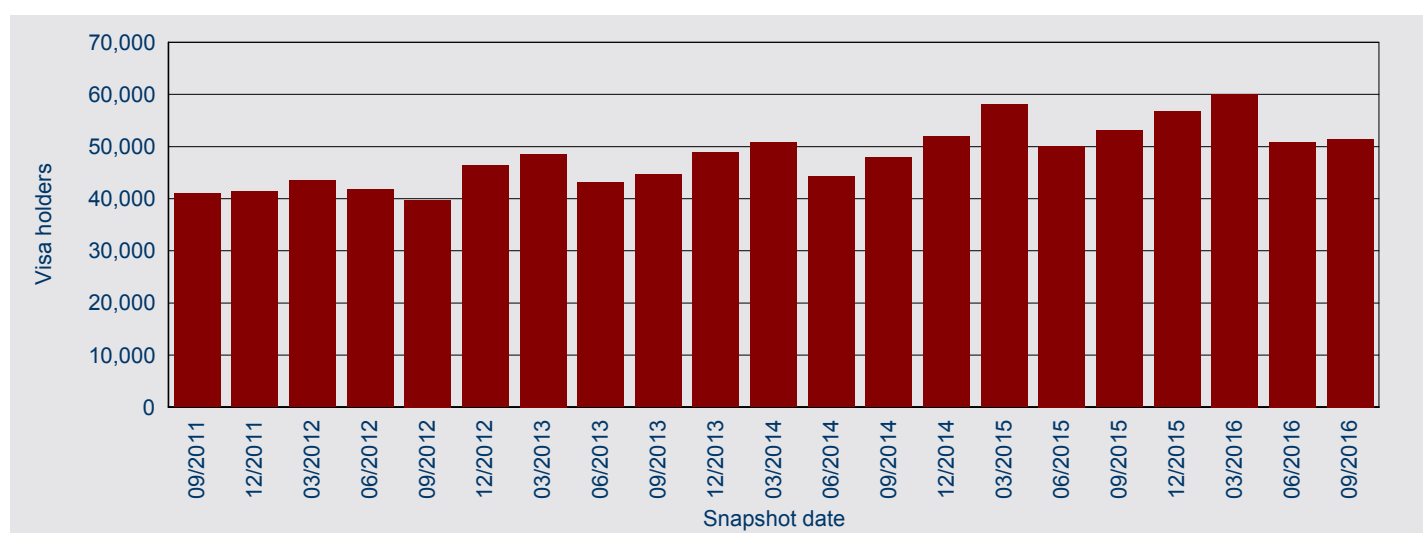
There were 51,440 Other Temporary visa holders in Australia on 30 September 2016. This represents a decrease of 3.0 per cent when compared with 53,020 on 30 September 2015 (Figure 25).

**Figure 25: Other Temporary visa holders in Australia - annual historical series**



In the past five years, the quarter with the highest number of Other Temporary visa holders in Australia was 31 March 2016 with 60,090 visa holders (Figure 26).

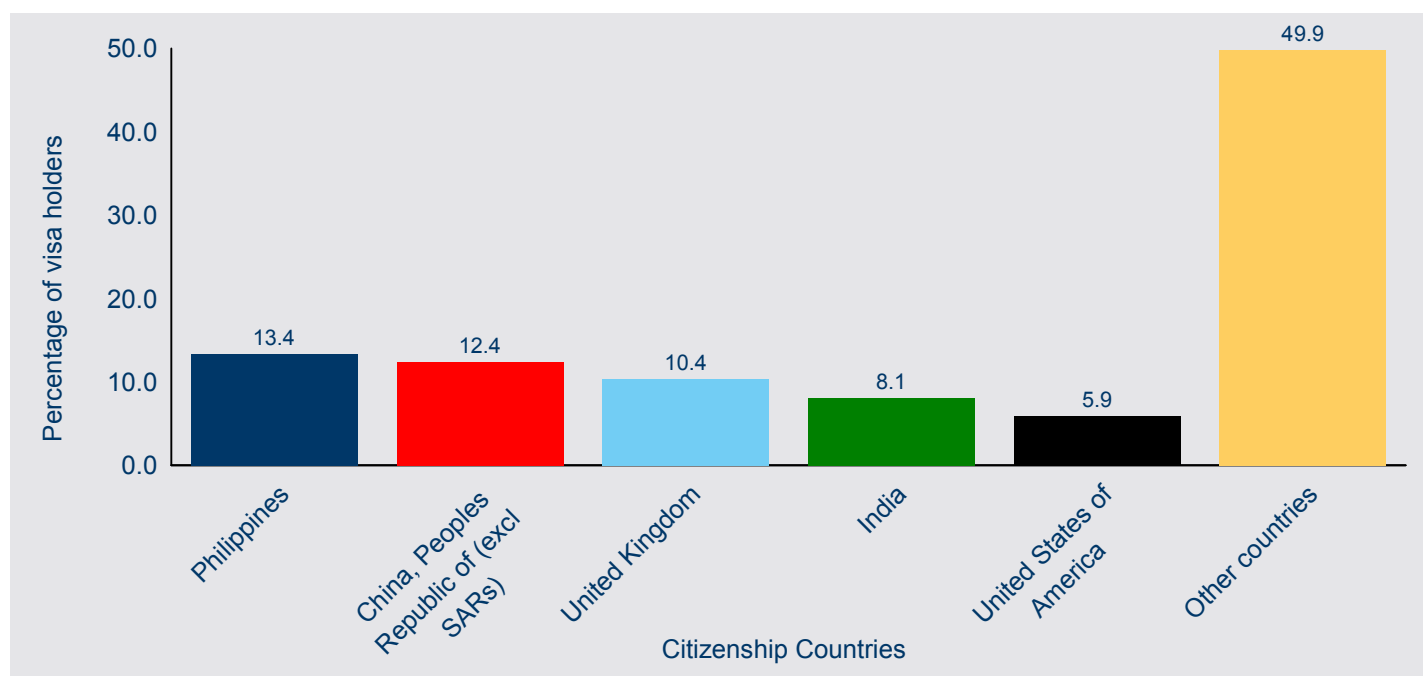
**Figure 26: Other Temporary visa holders in Australia - quarterly historical series**



## Other Temporary visa holders - continued

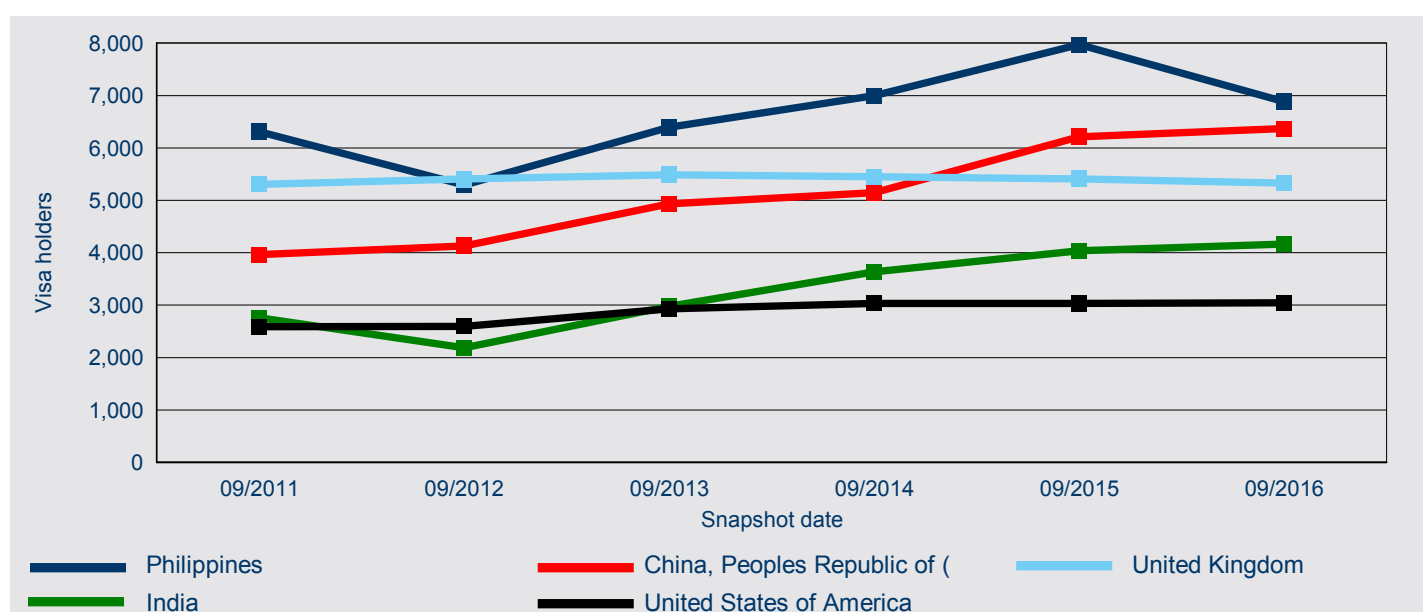
The top source citizenship country for Other Temporary visa holders in Australia on 30 September 2016 was Philippines (6890 visa holders), followed by China, Peoples Republic of (excl SARs) (6370), United Kingdom (5330), India (4170) and United States of America (3050) (Figure 27).

**Figure 27: Other Temporary visa holders in Australia - percentage of top five citizenship countries**



When comparing the number of Other Temporary visa holders in Australia on 30 September 2016 with earlier years, Figure 24 shows that over the past five years, the number of Other Temporary visa holders from Philippines increased by 9.2 per cent from 30 September 2011, China, Peoples Republic of (excl SARs) increased by 60.7 per cent, United Kingdom increased by 0.5 per cent, India increased by 51.0 per cent and United States of America increased by 17.7 per cent.

**Figure 28: Other Temporary visa holders in Australia - top five citizenship countries trend**

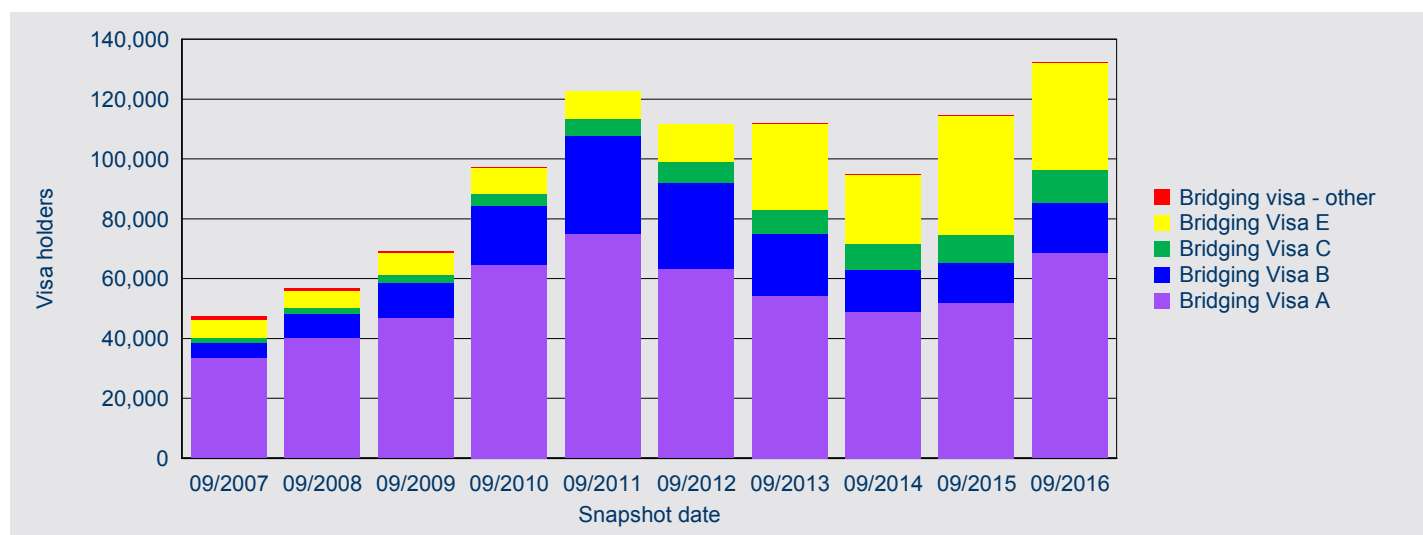


## Bridging visa holders

Bridging visas provide lawful status to certain non-citizens who would otherwise be unlawful and therefore liable to be detained under the *Migration Act 1958*. Bridging visa A is granted to non-citizens who have had a substantive visa and who have made a valid application for a further substantive visa. Bridging visa B is granted to Bridging visa A holders who demonstrate substantial reasons for travel. Bridging visa C is granted to applicants who do not hold a substantive visa when they apply for a substantive visa while in Australia. Bridging visa E is granted to certain unlawful non-citizens in circumstances of compliance interest, including those who are making arrangements to depart Australia. Other Bridging visa classes are granted to non-citizens under other specific circumstances.

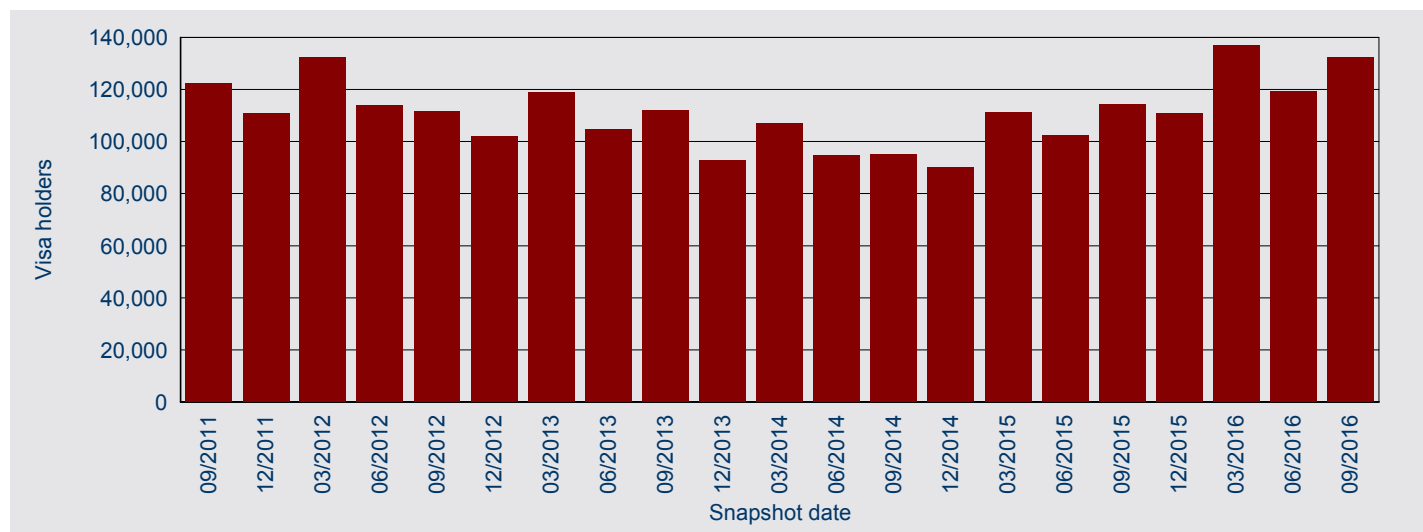
There were 132,320 Bridging visa holders in Australia on 30 September 2016. This represents an increase of 15.7 per cent when compared with 114,390 on 30 September 2015 (Figure 29).

**Figure 29: Bridging visa holders in Australia - annual historical series**



In the past five years, the quarter with the highest number of Bridging visa holders in Australia was 31 March 2016 with 136,900 visa holders (Figure 30).

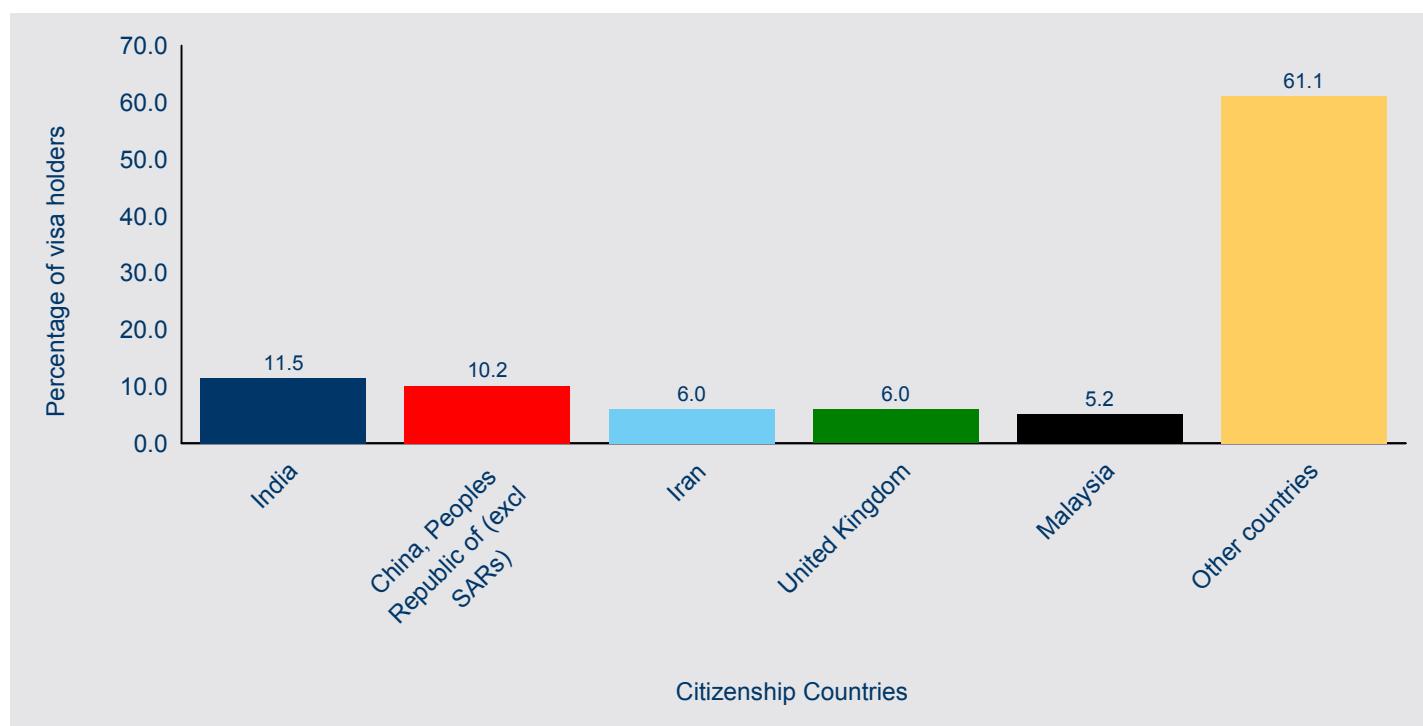
**Figure 30: Bridging visa holders in Australia - quarterly historical series**



## Bridging visa holders - continued

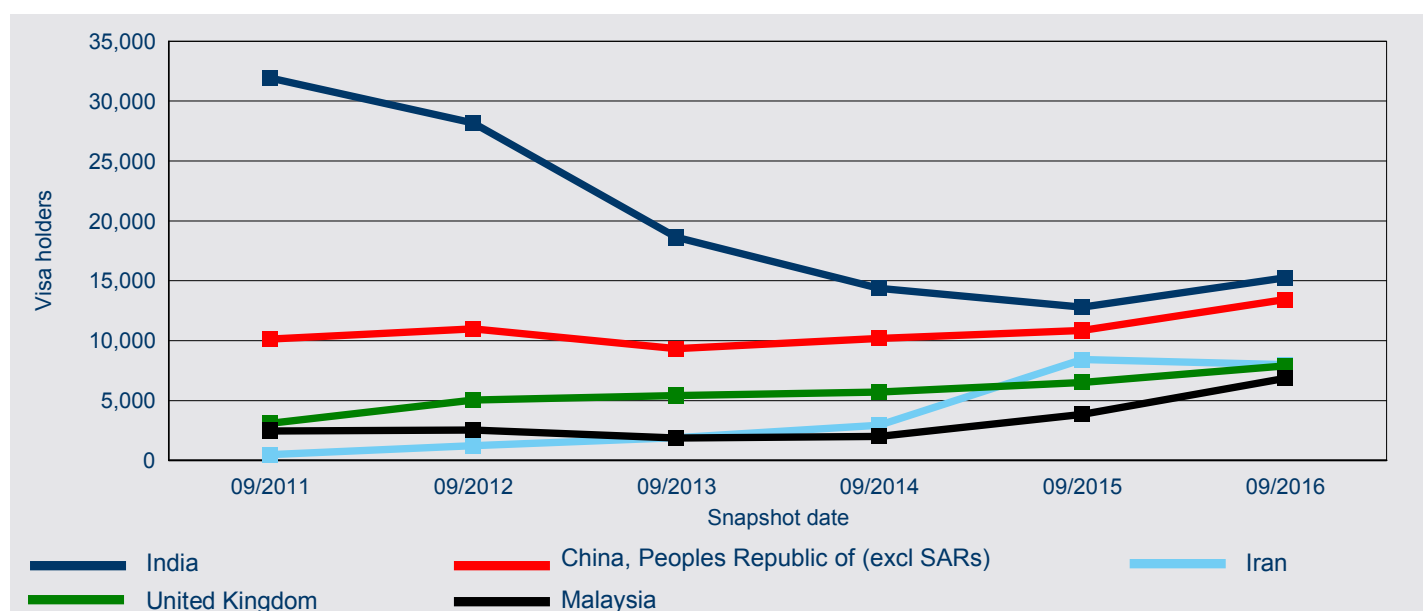
The top source citizenship country for Bridging visa holders in Australia on 30 September 2016 was India (15,260 visa holders), followed by China, Peoples Republic of (excl SARs) (13,440), Iran (7990), United Kingdom (7890) and Malaysia (6860) (Figure 31).

**Figure 31: Bridging visa holders in Australia - percentage of top five citizenship countries**



When comparing the number of Bridging visa holders in Australia on 30 September 2016 with earlier years, Figure 32 shows that over the past five years, the number of Bridging visa holders from India decreased by 52.2 per cent from 30 September 2011, China, Peoples Republic of (excl SARs) increased by 32.7 per cent, Iran increased by 1524.4 per cent, United Kingdom increased by 154.2 per cent and Malaysia increased by 178.1 per cent.

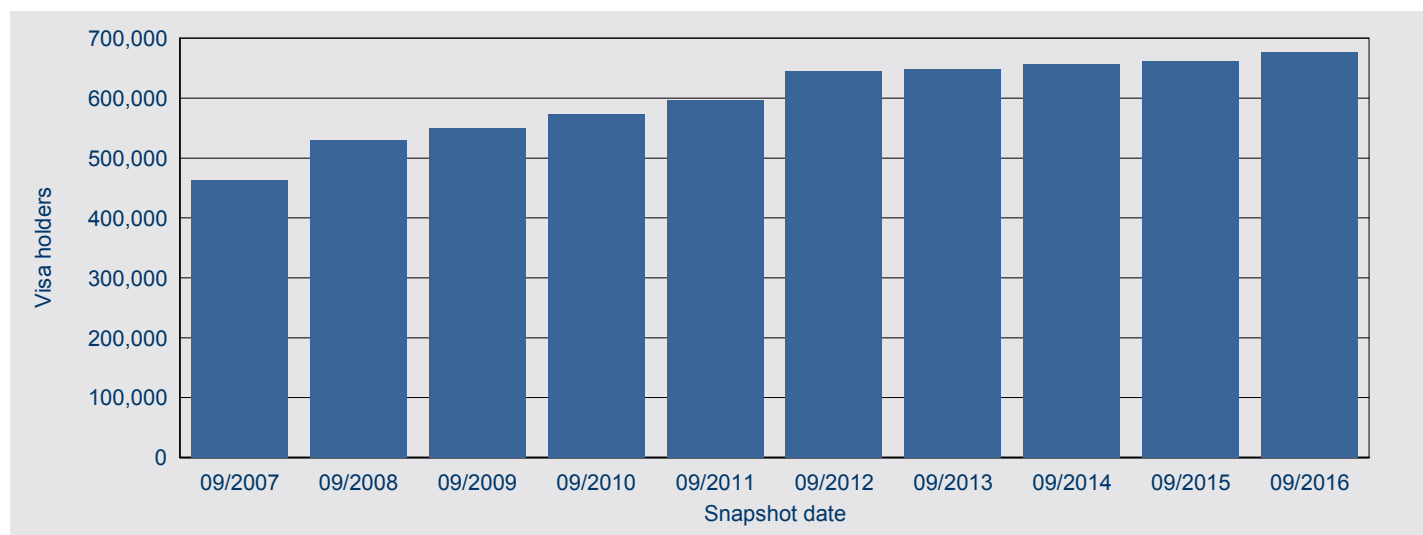
**Figure 32: Bridging visa holders in Australia - top five citizenship countries trend**



## New Zealand (Special Category 444) visa holders

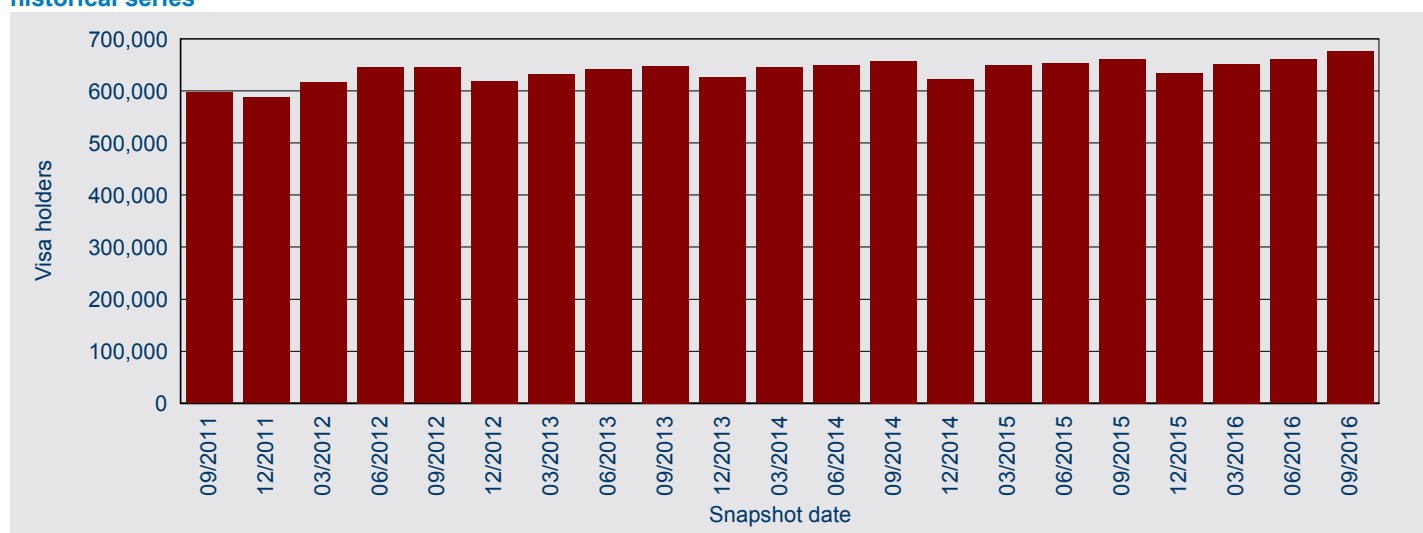
There were 677,030 New Zealand visa holders in Australia on 30 September 2016. This represents an increase of 2.3 per cent when compared with 661,550 on 30 September 2015 (Figure 33).

**Figure 33: New Zealand (Special Category 444) visa holders in Australia - annual historical series**



In the past five years, the quarter with the highest number of New Zealand visa holders in Australia was 30 September 2016 with 677,030 visa holders (Figure 34).

**Figure 34: New Zealand (Special Category subclass 444) visa holders in Australia - quarterly historical series**





# Appendix A

## Temporary entrants in Australia by citizenship country and visa holder component - top 50 countries as at 30 September 2016

Citizenship Contry	Visitor	Student	Working Holiday Maker	Temp Skilled	Temp Graduate	Other Temp	Bridging	New Zealand	Total
New Zealand	30	< 10	0	80	0	60	30	677,030	677,230
China, Peoples Rep of (excl SARs)	62,970	125,850	2,860	11,830	10,390	6,370	13,440	0	233,700
India	40,640	55,960	0	37,430	8,440	4,170	15,260	0	161,890
United Kingdom	25,520	4,430	26,970	28,710	260	5,330	7,890	0	99,100
South Korea	5,720	18,610	16,080	4,510	840	1,560	3,710	0	51,020
Malaysia	15,130	19,980	80	2,120	1,180	670	6,860	0	46,010
Philippines	10,300	8,710	0	10,880	1,320	6,890	5,170	0	43,250
Vietnam	5,620	21,990	0	2,290	1,560	680	5,130	0	37,280
United States of America	14,000	5,360	4,630	7,040	160	3,050	2,570	0	36,790
Nepal	4,070	19,830	0	3,740	3,690	110	2,670	0	34,100
Taiwan	3,530	8,860	17,440	980	330	460	1,850	0	33,440
Germany	8,110	3,000	13,680	2,500	70	1,010	940	0	29,300
Japan	4,710	7,600	9,200	3,790	180	1,210	970	0	27,650
Indonesia	5,030	14,890	650	1,420	940	1,330	2,110	0	26,380
Thailand	3,760	17,600	430	1,730	200	580	1,860	0	26,150
France	4,130	3,030	12,330	4,380	110	880	1,100	0	25,960
Hong Kong (SAR of the PRC)	4,510	10,820	4,370	880	550	210	1,290	0	22,620
Italy	2,780	5,610	7,580	4,390	110	430	1,630	0	22,520
Pakistan	1,600	10,750	0	1,860	2,140	470	5,490	0	22,300
Sri Lanka	4,600	6,950	0	1,860	1,030	700	6,370	0	21,510
Brazil	1,690	14,450	0	2,490	170	430	1,690	0	20,920
Ireland	2,350	600	4,950	8,510	20	480	1,650	0	18,560
Canada	4,860	3,020	4,210	3,020	200	830	1,070	0	17,200
Singapore	6,050	6,340	0	880	360	410	570	0	14,600
Iran	1,270	2,520	0	780	300	310	7,990	0	13,160
Colombia	640	8,740	0	880	300	120	1,200	0	11,870
Bangladesh	1,830	5,220	30	1,320	870	250	1,980	0	11,490
South Africa	2,880	590	0	3,820	50	740	1,190	0	9,260
Saudi Arabia	440	7,960	0	20	< 10	320	440	0	9,190
Netherlands	2,940	760	2,890	1,560	10	390	370	0	8,920
Spain	1,350	2,460	500	1,520	60	300	290	0	6,490
Sweden	1,010	1,230	1,920	640	60	170	410	0	5,420
Fiji	2,180	440	0	470	50	570	1,510	0	5,220
Chile	750	1,930	1,470	360	40	110	250	0	4,910
Switzerland	2,780	800	0	400	< 10	240	80	0	4,310
Afghanistan	10	20	0	50	< 10	50	4,000	0	4,140
Nigeria	210	2,540	0	340	230	140	550	0	4,010
Papua New Guinea	1,330	1,450	0	340	30	300	540	0	3,980
Poland	900	1,250	140	900	70	250	450	0	3,960
Mauritius	650	1,860	0	600	230	30	560	0	3,920
Kenya	240	2,540	0	180	240	80	430	0	3,690
Iraq	90	1,490	0	80	< 10	120	1,720	0	3,500
Lebanon	730	650	0	480	50	80	1,410	0	3,390
Russia	590	960	0	660	220	400	350	0	3,170
Belgium	710	280	1,290	480	< 10	80	120	0	2,980
Cambodia	760	1,480	0	70	70	220	360	0	2,960
Denmark	740	690	790	370	< 10	140	80	0	2,810
Tonga	670	60	0	< 10	< 10	1,590	420	0	2,750
Turkey	460	1,010	80	380	40	270	520	0	2,750
Norway	550	1,490	300	200	40	80	80	0	2,730
Other countries	11,550	26,190	3,170	7,950	1,430	5,800	9,950	0	66,040
Not Recorded	10	< 10	0	40	< 10	20	3,800	0	3,890
<b>Total</b>	<b>279,920</b>	<b>470,810</b>	<b>138,030</b>	<b>172,190</b>	<b>38,640</b>	<b>51,440</b>	<b>132,320</b>	<b>677,030</b>	<b>1,960,380</b>

# Appendix B

Temporary entrants in Australia by citizenship country and visa holder component as at 30 September 2016

Citizenship Country	Visitor	Student	Working Holiday Maker	Temp Skilled	Temp Graduate	Other Temp	Bridging	New Zealand	Total
Afghanistan	10	20	0	50	< 10	50	4,000	0	4,140
Albania	40	90	0	50	10	10	150	0	350
Algeria	< 10	< 10	0	< 10	< 10	30	20	0	70
American Samoa	< 10	0	0	< 10	0	< 10	0	0	< 10
Andorra	< 10	10	0	< 10	0	0	< 10	0	10
Angola	< 10	< 10	0	0	0	< 10	0	0	< 10
Antigua and Barbuda	< 10	< 10	0	< 10	0	< 10	0	0	10
Argentina	770	370	550	340	20	100	130	0	2,280
Armenia	10	10	0	20	< 10	< 10	< 10	0	50
Austria	820	280	0	220	< 10	90	50	0	1,460
Azerbaijan	10	70	0	20	10	30	20	0	160
Bahamas	< 10	< 10	0	< 10	0	< 10	< 10	0	20
Bahrain	10	50	0	0	< 10	< 10	20	0	90
Bangladesh	1,830	5,220	30	1,320	870	250	1,980	0	11,490
Barbados	10	< 10	0	< 10	0	0	< 10	0	30
Belarus	40	30	0	30	< 10	20	10	0	130
Belgium	710	280	1,290	480	< 10	80	120	0	2,980
Belize	< 10	< 10	0	< 10	0	< 10	< 10	0	20
Benin	0	< 10	0	0	< 10	0	0	0	< 10
Bermuda	0	0	0	< 10	0	0	0	0	< 10
Bhutan	30	1,980	0	20	170	< 10	230	0	2,430
Bolivia	20	30	0	< 10	0	10	< 10	0	80
Bosnia and Herzegovina	120	70	0	40	< 10	40	30	0	290
Botswana	30	80	0	30	< 10	30	20	0	180
Brazil	1,690	14,450	0	2,490	170	430	1,690	0	20,920
British Indian Ocean Territories	0	0	0	< 10	0	0	0	0	< 10
Brunei Darussalam	40	320	0	< 10	< 10	20	20	0	420
Bulgaria	120	260	0	120	< 10	70	80	0	660
Burkina Faso	0	< 10	0	0	0	0	< 10	0	< 10
Burundi	< 10	20	0	0	0	0	20	0	40
Cabo Verde	0	< 10	0	0	0	0	0	0	< 10
Cambodia	760	1,480	0	70	70	220	360	0	2,960
Cameroon	< 10	50	0	< 10	< 10	< 10	30	0	100
Canada	4,860	3,020	4,210	3,020	200	830	1,070	0	17,200
Chad	0	0	0	0	0	< 10	< 10	0	< 10
Chile	750	1,930	1,470	360	40	110	250	0	4,910
China, Peoples Republic of (excl SARS)	62,970	125,850	2,860	11,830	10,390	6,370	13,440	0	233,700
Colombia	640	8,740	0	880	300	120	1,200	0	11,870
Comoros	< 10	< 10	0	< 10	0	0	0	0	< 10
Costa Rica	20	50	0	20	< 10	< 10	< 10	0	100
Cote d'Ivoire	< 10	< 10	0	< 10	0	< 10	< 10	0	20
Croatia	180	90	0	120	< 10	120	80	0	590
Cuba	< 10	10	0	< 10	0	20	10	0	60
Cyprus	100	70	30	50	0	< 10	40	0	300
Czech Republic	340	1,250	0	340	30	70	160	0	2,180
Czechoslovakia	0	0	0	0	0	0	< 10	0	< 10
Democratic Republic of the Congo	< 10	20	0	10	< 10	< 10	30	0	70
Denmark	740	690	790	370	< 10	140	80	0	2,810
Djibouti	0	< 10	0	0	0	< 10	< 10	0	< 10
Dominica	< 10	< 10	0	0	0	< 10	< 10	0	< 10
Dominican Republic	< 10	10	0	< 10	0	< 10	< 10	0	40
Ecuador	60	440	0	20	20	30	20	0	590
Egypt	360	360	0	400	20	160	710	0	2,010
El Salvador	20	40	0	20	10	10	40	0	140
Eritrea	10	< 10	0	0	0	< 10	50	0	70
Estonia	90	310	1,120	270	20	40	220	0	2,070
Ethiopia	50	260	0	20	< 10	100	220	0	650
Fiji	2,180	440	0	470	50	570	1,510	0	5,220

# Appendix B

Temporary entrants in Australia by citizenship country and visa holder component as at 30 September 2016

Citizenship Country	Visitor	Student	Working Holiday Maker	Temp Skilled	Temp Graduate	Other Temp	Bridging	New Zealand	Total
Finland	350	270	920	300	< 10	80	110	0	2,030
France	4,130	3,030	12,330	4,380	110	880	1,100	0	25,960
French Guiana	0	0	0	0	0	0	< 10	0	< 10
French Polynesia	< 10	< 10	0	0	0	0	0	0	< 10
Gabon	< 10	< 10	0	0	0	0	< 10	0	< 10
Gambia	< 10	< 10	0	0	< 10	0	20	0	20
Georgia	10	< 10	0	< 10	0	30	40	0	100
Germany	8,110	3,000	13,680	2,500	70	1,010	940	0	29,300
Ghana	60	500	0	90	30	60	200	0	940
Greece	560	900	0	470	30	220	510	0	2,680
Grenada	< 10	< 10	0	< 10	0	< 10	0	0	10
Guadeloupe	< 10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	< 10
Guatemala	10	20	0	20	< 10	< 10	< 10	0	70
Guinea	< 10	0	0	< 10	0	< 10	10	0	30
Guyana	< 10	< 10	0	< 10	0	< 10	< 10	0	10
Haiti	< 10	< 10	0	0	0	< 10	< 10	0	< 10
Honduras	< 10	20	0	< 10	0	< 10	10	0	40
Hong Kong (SAR of the PRC)	4,510	10,820	4,370	880	550	210	1,290	0	22,620
Hungary	340	510	0	350	60	80	220	0	1,550
Iceland	40	30	0	20	< 10	< 10	< 10	0	100
India	40,640	55,960	0	37,430	8,440	4,170	15,260	0	161,890
Indonesia	5,030	14,890	650	1,420	940	1,330	2,110	0	26,380
Iran	1,270	2,520	0	780	300	310	7,990	0	13,160
Iraq	90	1,490	0	80	< 10	120	1,720	0	3,500
Ireland	2,350	600	4,950	8,510	20	480	1,650	0	18,560
Israel	720	200	190	430	10	140	120	0	1,820
Italy	2,780	5,610	7,580	4,390	110	430	1,630	0	22,520
Jamaica	< 10	30	0	10	0	< 10	< 10	0	60
Japan	4,710	7,600	9,200	3,790	180	1,210	970	0	27,650
Jordan	130	550	0	110	20	40	310	0	1,150
Kazakhstan	50	130	0	60	30	30	20	0	310
Kenya	240	2,540	0	180	240	80	430	0	3,690
Kiribati	40	50	0	20	< 10	20	20	0	150
Kosovo	10	< 10	0	< 10	0	< 10	20	0	40
Kuwait	50	930	0	< 10	0	40	30	0	1,060
Kyrgyzstan	< 10	< 10	0	< 10	0	< 10	20	0	50
Laos	260	420	0	< 10	< 10	60	70	0	820
Latvia	50	60	0	40	< 10	30	40	0	220
Lebanon	730	650	0	480	50	80	1,410	0	3,390
Lesotho	< 10	10	0	< 10	0	0	< 10	0	20
Liberia	< 10	10	0	0	0	< 10	40	0	60
Libya	< 10	120	0	10	< 10	30	260	0	430
Liechtenstein	< 10	< 10	0	< 10	0	0	0	0	10
Lithuania	80	430	0	120	20	20	70	0	740
Luxembourg	20	30	0	< 10	< 10	< 10	0	0	60
Macau SAR	150	590	0	20	20	20	20	0	810
Macedonia (FYROM)	240	280	0	100	40	30	110	0	800
Madagascar	< 10	10	0	< 10	0	< 10	< 10	0	30
Malawi	< 10	100	0	10	< 10	< 10	20	0	150
Malaysia	15,130	19,980	80	2,120	1,180	670	6,860	0	46,010
Maldives	40	230	0	20	< 10	< 10	40	0	330
Mali	0	< 10	0	< 10	0	0	< 10	0	10
Malta	120	< 10	60	30	0	10	20	0	240
Marshall Islands	< 10	< 10	0	0	0	< 10	0	0	< 10
Mauritania	0	< 10	0	0	0	< 10	< 10	0	< 10
Mauritius	650	1,860	0	600	230	30	560	0	3,920
Mexico	220	1,430	0	290	90	90	150	0	2,270
Micronesia	< 10	< 10	0	0	0	< 10	< 10	0	20

# Appendix B

Temporary entrants in Australia by citizenship country and visa holder component as at 30 September 2016

Citizenship Country	Visitor	Student	Working Holiday Maker	Temp Skilled	Temp Graduate	Other Temp	Bridging	New Zealand	Total
Moldova	10	< 10	0	20	< 10	20	10	0	60
Monaco	< 10	< 10	0	0	0	0	0	0	< 10
Mongolia	140	2,050	0	30	30	30	120	0	2,410
Montenegro	< 10	10	0	< 10	< 10	20	< 10	0	50
Morocco	30	40	0	20	< 10	30	40	0	160
Mozambique	< 10	70	0	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	0	90
Myanmar	430	970	0	190	90	350	470	0	2,510
Namibia	< 10	20	0	10	0	< 10	< 10	0	40
Nauru	250	30	0	0	0	< 10	10	0	300
Nepal	4,070	19,830	0	3,740	3,690	110	2,670	0	34,100
Netherlands	2,940	760	2,890	1,560	10	390	370	0	8,920
New Caledonia	0	< 10	0	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	0	10
New Zealand	30	< 10	0	80	0	60	30	677,030	677,230
Nicaragua	< 10	< 10	0	< 10	0	< 10	< 10	0	20
Niger	0	< 10	0	< 10	0	0	0	0	< 10
Nigeria	210	2,540	0	340	230	140	550	0	4,010
North Korea	< 10	< 10	0	< 10	0	0	< 10	0	10
Norway	550	1,490	300	200	40	80	80	0	2,730
Oman	30	760	0	< 10	< 10	80	20	0	890
Pakistan	1,600	10,750	0	1,860	2,140	470	5,490	0	22,300
Palau	0	< 10	0	< 10	0	0	< 10	0	< 10
Palestinian Authority	20	70	0	30	< 10	10	250	0	380
Panama	< 10	10	0	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	0	40
Papua New Guinea	1,330	1,450	0	340	30	300	540	0	3,980
Paraguay	< 10	40	0	< 10	0	< 10	< 10	0	60
Peru	290	950	0	210	60	70	300	0	1,870
Philippines	10,300	8,710	0	10,880	1,320	6,890	5,170	0	43,250
Poland	900	1,250	140	900	70	250	450	0	3,960
Portugal	530	670	160	500	60	60	210	0	2,190
Qatar	< 10	20	0	0	0	< 10	< 10	0	30
Refugee	< 10	0	0	0	0	< 10	0	0	< 10
Republic of Congo	< 10	10	0	< 10	< 10	< 10	< 10	0	40
Reunion	0	< 10	0	0	0	0	0	0	< 10
Romania	250	110	0	240	30	160	130	0	910
Russia	590	960	0	660	220	400	350	0	3,170
Rwanda	< 10	40	0	0	< 10	0	70	0	120
Saint Lucia	0	< 10	0	< 10	0	< 10	< 10	0	10
Samoa	490	70	0	< 10	0	370	90	0	1,020
San Marino	0	< 10	0	< 10	0	0	0	0	< 10
Sao Tome and Principe	< 10	< 10	0	0	0	0	< 10	0	< 10
Saudi Arabia	440	7,960	0	20	< 10	320	440	0	9,190
Senegal	< 10	< 10	0	< 10	0	0	< 10	0	< 10
Serbia	220	140	0	130	20	110	70	0	700
Serbia and Montenegro	< 10	< 10	0	0	0	0	0	0	< 10
Seychelles	20	40	0	< 10	< 10	0	10	0	80
Sierra Leone	< 10	20	0	< 10	< 10	< 10	30	0	60
Singapore	6,050	6,340	0	880	360	410	570	0	14,600
Slovakia	140	750	30	260	30	30	100	0	1,340
Slovenia	110	120	20	120	10	20	40	0	440
Solomon Islands	200	230	0	30	< 10	90	100	0	650
Somalia	0	< 10	0	0	0	90	280	0	370
South Africa	2,880	590	0	3,820	50	740	1,190	0	9,260
South Korea	5,720	18,610	16,080	4,510	840	1,560	3,710	0	51,020
South Sudan	< 10	< 10	0	< 10	0	< 10	20	0	40
Spain	1,350	2,460	500	1,520	60	300	290	0	6,490
Sri Lanka	4,600	6,950	0	1,860	1,030	700	6,370	0	21,510
St Kitts and Nevis	< 10	0	0	< 10	0	0	< 10	0	< 10
St Vincent & the Grenadines	0	< 10	0	0	0	< 10	< 10	0	< 10

# Appendix B

Temporary entrants in Australia by citizenship country and visa holder component as at 30 September 2016

Citizenship Country	Visitor	Student	Working Holiday Maker	Temp Skilled	Temp Graduate	Other Temp	Bridging	New Zealand	Total
Stateless Person	20	40	0	< 10	0	< 10	560	0	630
Sudan	40	40	0	50	0	30	470	0	620
Suriname	< 10	< 10	0	< 10	0	0	0	0	< 10
Swaziland	0	< 10	0	< 10	0	0	< 10	0	10
Sweden	1,010	1,230	1,920	640	60	170	410	0	5,420
Switzerland	2,780	800	0	400	< 10	240	80	0	4,310
Syria	30	40	0	70	< 10	< 10	220	0	370
Taiwan	3,530	8,860	17,440	980	330	460	1,850	0	33,440
Tajikistan	< 10	< 10	0	< 10	0	< 10	< 10	0	20
Tanzania	40	150	0	10	10	20	40	0	290
Thailand	3,760	17,600	430	1,730	200	580	1,860	0	26,150
Timor-Leste	50	190	0	< 10	0	150	20	0	410
Togo	< 10	0	0	0	0	< 10	< 10	0	10
Tonga	670	60	0	< 10	< 10	1,590	420	0	2,750
Trinidad and Tobago	10	20	0	60	< 10	< 10	10	0	100
Tunisia	< 10	20	0	< 10	0	20	10	0	60
Turkey	460	1,010	80	380	40	270	520	0	2,750
Turkmenistan	< 10	< 10	0	< 10	< 10	0	< 10	0	< 10
Tuvalu	< 10	30	0	< 10	< 10	10	< 10	0	60
Uganda	20	200	0	50	< 10	10	60	0	350
Ukraine	190	230	0	320	30	540	210	0	1,530
UN Convention Refugee	< 10	< 10	0	0	0	0	< 10	0	10
United Arab Emirates	60	260	0	20	0	40	< 10	0	400
United Kingdom	25,520	4,430	26,970	28,710	260	5,330	7,890	0	99,100
United Nations Organisation	< 10	0	0	0	0	< 10	0	0	< 10
United States of America	14,000	5,360	4,630	7,040	160	3,050	2,570	0	36,790
Uruguay	90	40	80	20	0	10	20	0	260
USSR	0	0	0	0	0	< 10	< 10	0	< 10
Uzbekistan	40	120	0	30	10	< 10	30	0	250
Vanuatu	70	60	0	10	< 10	980	20	0	1,160
Vatican City State Holy See	0	< 10	0	0	0	< 10	0	0	< 10
Venezuela	160	1,420	0	210	100	30	200	0	2,110
Vietnam	5,620	21,990	0	2,290	1,560	680	5,130	0	37,280
Yemen	< 10	20	0	< 10	0	20	40	0	90
Yugoslavia	< 10	< 10	0	0	0	< 10	10	0	20
Zambia	60	360	0	60	40	30	180	0	740
Zimbabwe	430	1,070	0	360	110	140	440	0	2,550
Not Recorded	10	< 10	0	40	< 10	20	3,800	0	3,890
<b>Total</b>	<b>279,920</b>	<b>470,810</b>	<b>138,030</b>	<b>172,190</b>	<b>38,640</b>	<b>51,440</b>	<b>132,320</b>	<b>677,030</b>	<b>1,960,380</b>

