



Australian Government
**Department of Immigration
and Border Protection**



**Australian
BORDER FORCE**

Immigration Detention and Community Statistics Summary

30 June 2016

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About this report

This report provides an overview of the number of people in immigration detention and Regional Processing Centres as at midnight on the date of the report. The report is produced on a monthly basis.

Data is sourced from several departmental processing and recording systems. Data relating to the immigration detention population is dynamic and there can be delays in transmission of information from the department's immigration detention network operations. Variations in figures between this report and previous issues can occur. Due to these issues, data from the current financial year should always be considered provisional.

Further information about immigration detention is available at:

<http://www.border.gov.au/Busi/Comp/Immigration-detention>

Enquiries

Comments or enquiries concerning this report should be sent using the department's client service feedback form quoting the name and date of the report.

See: <http://www.border.gov.au/about/contact/make-enquiry/enquiries-and-feedback>

Acronyms

Table 1 – Acronyms used in this document

Acronym	Description
APOD	Alternative Place of Detention
IMA	Illegal Maritime Arrival
IDC/F	Immigration Detention Centre/Facility
IRH	Immigration Residential Housing
ITA	Immigration Transit Accommodation
RPC	Regional Processing Centre

Immigration Detention And Community Statistics Summary

At 30 June 2016, there were 1577 people in immigration detention facilities, including 1375 in immigration detention on the mainland and 202 in immigration detention on Christmas Island.

A further 623 people were living in the community after being approved for a residence determination and 28,163 were living in the community after grant of a Bridging Visa E.

At 30 June 2016, there were no children in held immigration detention facilities. The table below reflects figures based on records in Department of Immigration and Border Protection systems.

Table 2 – People in Immigration Detention Facilities (IDFs), Alternative Places of Detention (APODs), Regional Processing Centres (RPCs) and the Community at 30 June 2016

Place of immigration detention	Men	Women	Children	Total	Change from Previous Summary 31/05/16
Christmas Island IDC	202	0	0	202	+ 25
Maribyrnong IDC	101	10	0	111	- 1
Perth IDC	21	<5	0	25	- 5
Villawood IDC	394	46	0	440	+ 8
Yongah Hill IDC	447	0	0	447	+ 93
Christmas Island APODs	0	0	0	0	0
Wickham Point APOD	53	<5	0	54	- 162
Total IDCs/APODs	1,218	61	0	1,279	- 42
Perth IRH	<5	<5	0	5	- 2
Adelaide ITA	22	<5	0	23	- 1
Brisbane ITA	73	18	0	91	+ 11
Melbourne ITA	144	35	0	179	+ 41
Total in IRH and ITA	242	56	0	298	+ 49
Total Facility	1,460	117	0	1,577	+ 7
Total in Community under Residence Determination	178	149	296	623	- 35
Total in Community on Bridging Visa E (Including people in a re-grant process)	20,710	3,380	4,073	28,163	- 166
Republic of Nauru (RPC)	338	55	49	442	- 24
Manus Province, Papua New Guinea (RPC)	854	0	0	854	+ 11
Total RPCs	1,192	55	49	1,296	- 13

Community Population By State/Territory

Of the 623 people approved for a residence determination to live in the community, 35 per cent were in Victoria, 27.4 per cent in New South Wales, 21 per cent in Queensland, 8.2 per cent in Western Australia, 7.7 per cent in South Australia, 0.5 per cent in Tasmania and 0.2 per cent in the Australian Capital Territory.

Table 3 – Community Detention Population by State/Territory at 30 June 2016

State/Territory	Adult Male	Adult Female	Child Male (<18 years)	Child Female (<18 years)	Total
Victoria	69	50	58	41	218
New South Wales	40	43	51	37	171
Queensland	36	33	35	27	131
Western Australia	22	12	13	<5	51
South Australia	10	10	13	15	48
Tasmania	<5	<5	<5	0	<5
Australian Capital Territory	0	0	<5	0	<5
Total	178	149	172	124	623

Immigration Detention Population

From 1990 to 30 June 2016

The number of people in immigration detention continues to reduce as a result of releases into the community and departures from Australia.

Figure 1 – Population in Immigration Detention

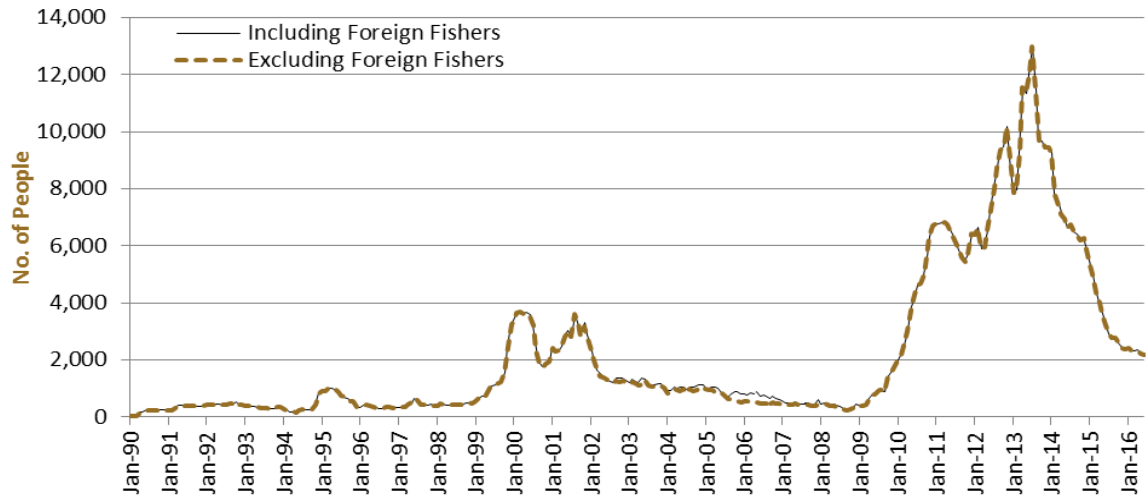


Figure 1 above, shows the number of people in immigration detention from 1990 to the date of this report. The trend had a consistent rise of people in immigration detention from January 2009 to January 2013, but has since decreased and continues to decline steadily.

People In Immigration Detention Facilities

Arrival Type

There were 613 people, who arrived unlawfully by air or boat, in held immigration detention facilities at 30 June 2016, representing approximately 38.9 per cent of the total immigration detention population.

There were also 964 people (about 61.1 per cent of the total immigration population) who arrived in Australia lawfully and were subsequently taken into immigration detention and had visa cancellations for either over staying or breaching their visa conditions.

Figure 2 – People in Held Immigration Detention Facilities by Arrival Type

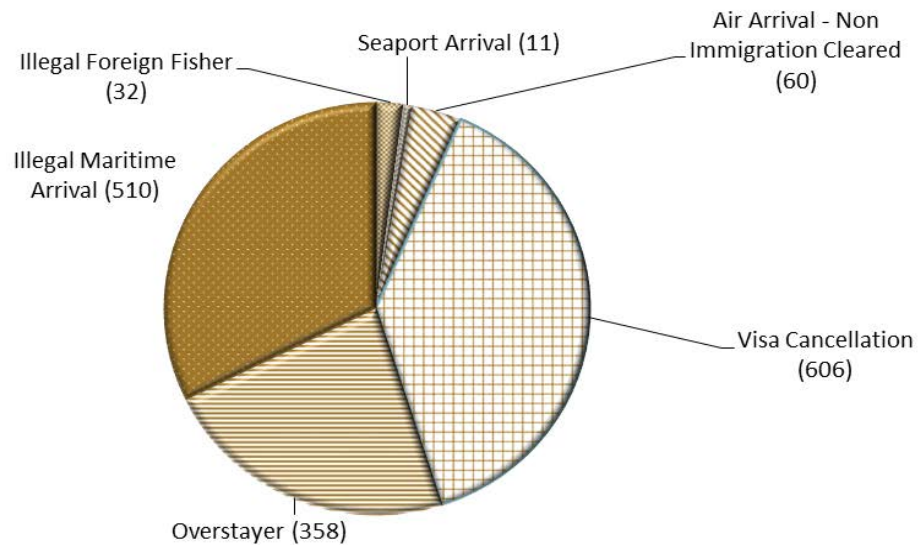


Figure 2 above, shows the number of people in held immigration detention facilities by arrival type, including Visa Overstayers, Visa Cancellations, Foreign Fishers, Irregular Maritime Arrivals, Unauthorised Air Arrivals, and if required – Inadequately Documented Crew Members and Others such as stowaways and ship deserters.

People in Immigration Detention

Nationality

At 30 June 2016, there were 1577 people in held immigration detention facilities. Of these 1577 people, around 12.6 per cent were from New Zealand, 11.1 per cent were from Iran, 9 per cent were from Vietnam, 6 per cent were from Sri Lanka and 5.5 per cent were from China.

Table 4 – People in Held Immigration Detention Facilities at 30 June 2016

Nationalities	Adult Male	Adult Female	Child Male (<18 years)	Child Female (<18 years)	Total
New Zealand	183	16	0	0	199
Iran	156	19	0	0	175
Vietnam	129	13	0	0	142
Sri Lanka	93	<5	0	0	94
China	76	11	0	0	87
Afghanistan	66	0	0	0	66
India	62	<5	0	0	65
Bangladesh	58	<5	0	0	59
United Kingdom	48	5	0	0	53
Other	589	48	0	0	637
Total	1,460	117	0	0	1,577

At 30 June 2016, 623 were people living in the community after being approved for a residence determination. Of these 623 people, around 41.7 per cent were from Iran, 14.8 per cent were from Sri Lanka, 9.3 per cent were Stateless and 7.5 per cent were from Vietnam.

Table 5 – People in the community under Residence Determination at 30 June 2016

Nationalities	Adult Male	Adult Female	Child Male (<18 years)	Child Female (<18 years)	Total
Iran	84	74	56	46	260
Sri Lanka	22	19	34	17	92
Stateless	18	12	14	14	58
Vietnam	12	8	12	15	47
Iraq	12	9	11	10	42
Other	30	27	45	22	124
Total	178	149	172	124	623

Children In Immigration Detention

At 30 June 2016, there were no children (aged less than 18 years) in Immigration Residential Housing, Immigration Transit Accommodation and Alternative Places of Detention.

Figure 3 – Children in Immigration Residential Housing, Immigration Transit Accommodation and Alternative Places of Detention

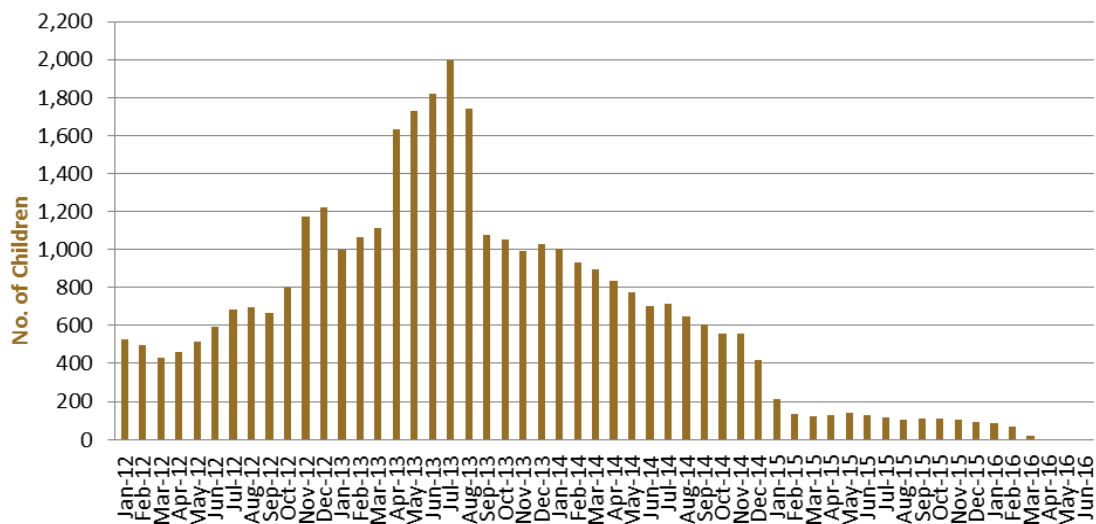


Figure 3 above, shows the number of children in immigration detention facilities and alternative places of detention from January 2012 to the date of this report. The continuous increase in the number of children in detention facilities from April 2013 to August 2013 was due to a rapid increase in irregular maritime arrivals during this period. The number of children in immigration detention facilities reduced in September 2013, as children completed mandatory processing and were transferred into the community. The number of children in detention facilities continued to decline during the late 2013 and 2014, with further reduction in January 2015. At 30 June 2016, there were no children held in immigration detention facilities.

At 30 June 2016, the number of children living in the community after being approved for a residence determination decreased by 21 to 296 from 317 in the previous report.

Figure 4 – Children in the community under Residence Determination

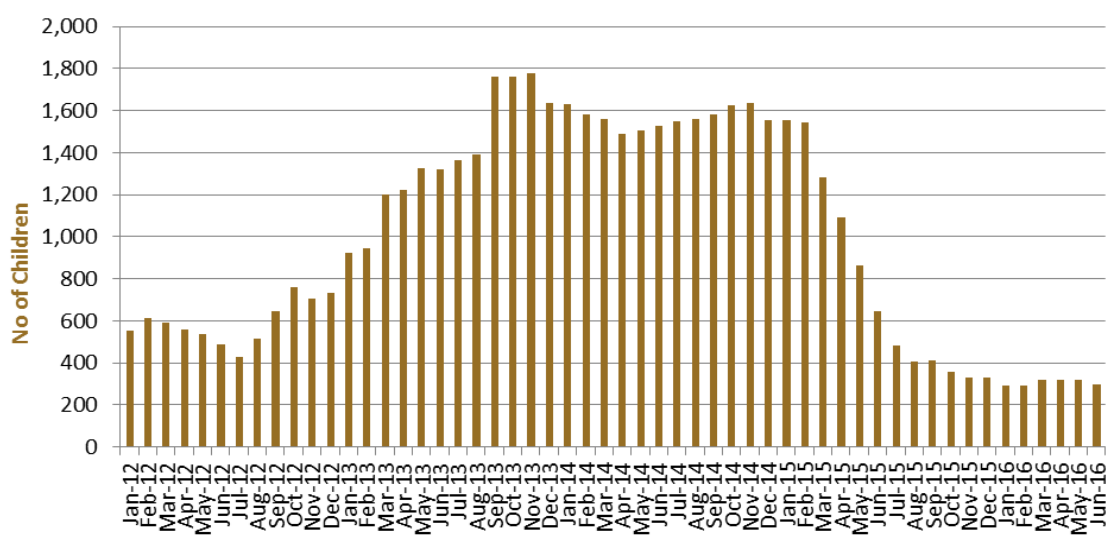


Figure 4 above, shows the number of children in community detention under residence determination from January 2012 to the date of this report. The number of children, in community detention under residence determination, has levelled off at its lowest number since the peak in November 2013, as a result of releases into the community on Bridging E visas.

Table 6 – Children in Immigration Detention and in the Community at 30 June 2016 ¹

Placement Type	Children
Immigration Residential Housing	0
Immigration Transit Accommodation	0
Alternative Places of Detention	0
Total Facility	0
Total in the Community under a Residence Determination	296
Total in the Community on a Bridging E visa (including in re-grant process)	4,073

(1) ¹ At 30 June 2016, there were no children in held immigration detention facilities. The table above reflects figures based on records in Department of Immigration and Border Protection systems.

Time In Immigration Detention Facilities

At 30 June 2016, there were 1577 people in immigration detention facilities. Of these 1577 people, around 28.3 per cent had been detained for 91 days or less and 57.7 per cent had been detained for 365 days or less.

Table 7 – Length of time in held immigration detention facilities at 30 June 2016

Period Detained	Total	% of Total
7 days or less	63	4.0%
8 days - 31 days	206	13.1%
32 days - 91 days	178	11.3%
92 days - 182 days	190	12.0%
183 days - 365 days	273	17.3%
366 days - 547 days	207	13.1%
548 days - 730 days	98	6.2%
Greater than 730 days	362	23.0%
Total	1,577	100%

At 30 June 2016, the average period of time for people held in detention facilities decreased by 18 days to 441 days from 459 in the previous report.

Figure 5 – Average number of days in held immigration detention facilities only

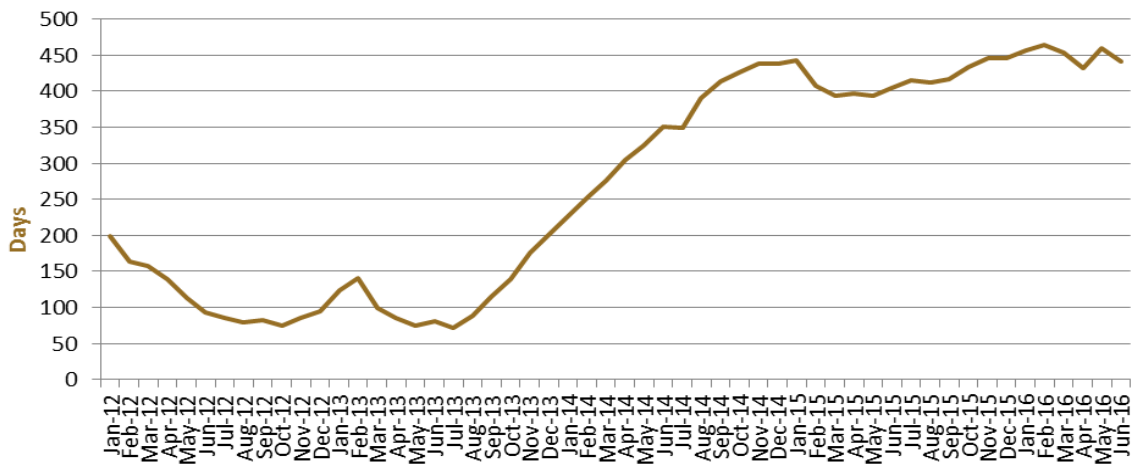


Figure 5 above, shows the average days in held immigration detention only by month from January 2012 to the date of this report. The average period of time for people held in detention facilities steadily increased from July 2013 to January 2015. Between January 2015 and March 2015, the average period of time for people in held detention facilities decreased.

Time In Community Detention

Of the 623 people in Community Detention at 30 June 2016, 8.3 per cent had been in Community Detention for 91 days or less and 46.5 per cent had been in Community Detention for 365 days or less.

Table 8 – People in Community Detention by Length of Time in Community Detention at 30 June 2016

Period Detained	Total	% of Total
7 days or less	0	0.0%
8 days - 31 days	<5	0.5%
32 days - 91 days	49	7.9%
92 days - 182 days	181	29.0%
183 days - 365 days	57	9.1%
366 days - 547 days	54	8.7%
548 days - 730 days	45	7.2%
Greater than 730 days	234	37.6%
Total	623	100%