



Australian Government

**Department of Immigration
and Border Protection**

IMA Legacy Caseload

Report on the Processing Status and Outcomes

June 2017

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About this report

Coverage

This report provides information on the processing status and outcomes of the applicants who are Illegal Maritime Arrivals (IMAs) and are in the IMA Legacy Caseload. Within this Caseload, there are two major groups:

- the **non-fast track** cohort includes IMAs who arrived prior to 13 August 2012 and had not made a protection visa application that was finalised at 18 September 2013¹; and
- the **fast track** cohort includes IMAs who arrived on or after 13 August 2012 and are subject to the protection assessment process introduced by the *Resolving the Asylum Legacy Caseload (RALC) Act 2014* (Cth).

IMAs can only apply for a Temporary Protection Visa (subclass 785) (TPV) or a Safe Haven Enterprise Visa (subclass 790) (SHEV) if the Minister has made a decision that it is in the public interest to lift a legislative bar on making valid visa application in Australia. Where the Minister lifts the bar, the Department will advise the IMA that they are eligible to apply for a TPV or a SHEV.

Data sources and currency

The data sources for this report are based on a range of DIBP systems. As data has been drawn from a dynamic system environment, the information is correct at the time of publication and figures may differ slightly from previous or future reporting. As an end of month report, the data date used is the closest to the end of the calendar month.

Data for June 2017 is at 3 July 2017. Data for May 2017 is at 31 May 2017.

Glossary of terms

Country of citizenship – the claimed country of citizenship at the time of lodging an application for a protection visa.

Illegal Maritime Arrival (IMA) – an IMA is a person who entered Australia by sea without authority and became an unlawful non-citizen upon entry. All babies born to IMA parents are also an IMA.

Processing status – relates to a processing stage of an application undergoing the administrative decision-making process, from lodgement to when the application is finalised.

Residence determination – is a determination, which the Minister makes under section 197AB of the *Migration Act 1958* (Cth) that a person can reside at a specified place in the community instead of held detention (previously referred to as 'community placement'). Recipients subject to a residence determination are free to move about the community but are legally detained.

Further information

For further information about the processing arrangements that apply to the IMA Legacy Caseload please visit the Department's website at www.ima.border.gov.au.

Any comments or enquiries concerning this report should be sent to pv.data@border.gov.au quoting report name and month.

Summary

Table 1 shows the number of people from the IMA Legacy Caseload who:

- have submitted a valid application that is currently being processed;
- had their application finalised – either granted or refused; or
- are yet to apply.

Table 1 IMAs across main processing stages

Processing stage	June 2017	May 2017
Applied and on hand ²	15,867	14,311
<i>Fast track</i>	14,919	13,270
<i>Non-fast track</i>	948	1,041
Applications finalised ³	11,215	10,361
Applications not yet lodged ⁴	3,938	6,313
Total⁵	31,020	30,985

Graph 1 IMAs across main processing stages

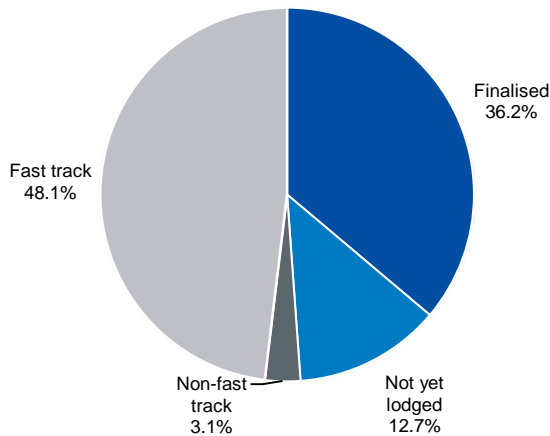


Table 2 State and territory of residence – not applied and on hand applications

State and territory of residence	June 2017		May 2017	
	On hand	Not applied	On hand	Not applied
New South Wales (NSW)	6,313	1,440	5,532	2,452
Victoria (Vic)	5,925	2,089	5,266	3,107
Queensland (Qld)	1,459	155	1,398	303
South Australia (SA)	1,194	68	1,158	162
Western Australia (WA)	757	145	749	228
Australian Capital Territory (ACT)	117	11	116	19
Northern Territory (NT)	63	23	58	31
Tasmania (Tas)	39	<10	34	11
Sub-total	15,867	3,938	14,311	6,313
Total		19,805		20,624

<10 – the data has been masked to protect confidentiality of individuals.

Graph 2 State and territory of residence – on hand applications

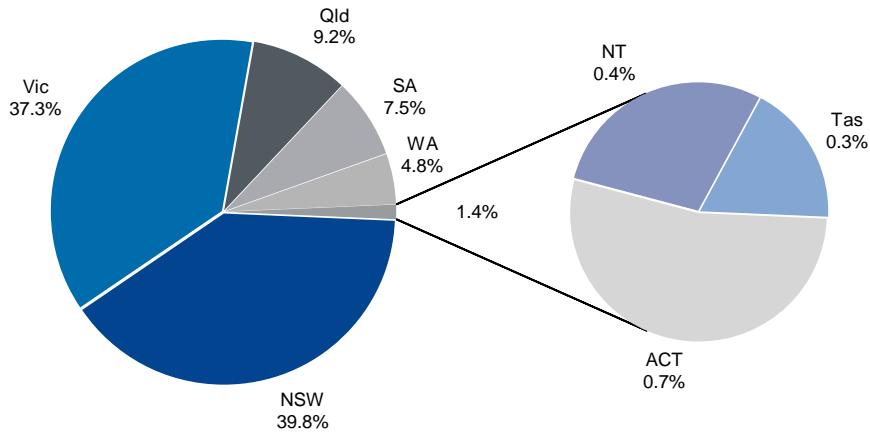


Table 3 Main citizenships⁶ – not applied and on hand applications

Country of citizenship	June 2017	May 2017
Iran	6,473	6,660
Sri Lanka	3,615	3,821
Stateless	2,473	2,544
Afghanistan	2,285	2,475
Pakistan	1,406	1,460
Iraq	990	1,032
Vietnam	522	545
Bangladesh	423	429
Other	1,618	1,658
Total	19,805	20,624

Graph 3 Main citizenships⁶ – not applied and on hand applications

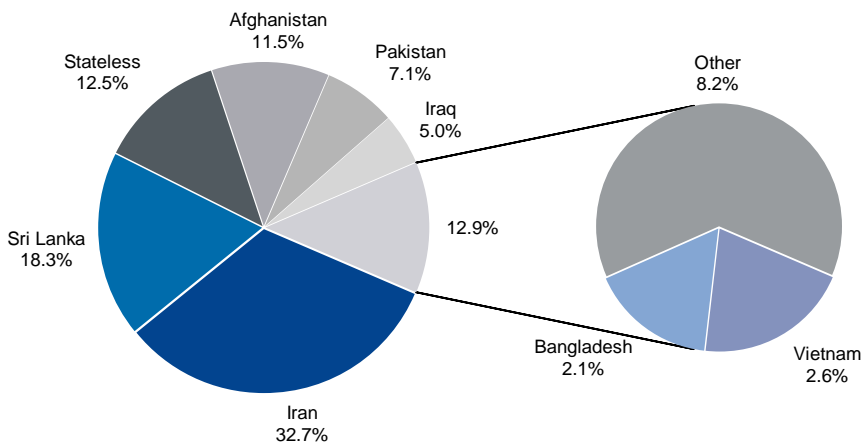


Table 4 Immigration status⁷ – not applied and on hand applications

Status	June 2017	May 2017
Held detention ⁸	144	145
Residence determination	91	119
In community	19,570	20,360
Total	19,805	20,624

IMA Legacy Caseload – Processing status

Table 5 Non-fast track applications⁹ by processing status

Processing status	June 2017			May 2017
	TPV	SHEV	Total	Total
Applied and on hand ²				
Primary – at assessment ¹⁰	124	376	500	496
Primary – awaiting checks ¹¹	52	38	90	126
On hand other ¹²	308	50	358	419
Total	464	484	948	1,041
Applications finalised ³				
Primary grants	975	289	1,264	1,210
Post-review grants ¹³	2,126	0	2,126	2,051
Finalised refusals ¹⁴	1,862	49	1,911	1,912
Total	4,963	338	5,301	5,173

Table 6 Fast track applications by processing status

Processing status	June 2017			May 2017
	TPV	SHEV	Total	Total
Applied and on hand ²				
Primary – at assessment ¹⁰	1,715	11,258	12,973	11,393
Primary – awaiting checks ¹¹	115	522	637	649
On hand other ¹²	287	1,022	1,309	1,228
Total	2,117	12,802	14,919	13,270
Applications finalised ³				
Primary grants	1,078	3,302	4,380	3,821
Post-review grants ¹³	74	155	229	207
Finalised refusals ¹⁴	348	957	1,305	1,160
Total	1,500	4,414	5,914	5,188
Applications not yet lodged ⁴	N/A	N/A	3,938	6,313

Technical notes

1. 18 September 2013 refers to the date on which the Liberal–National Coalition Government was sworn into office. Applications on hand and those IMAs who had not yet commenced a protection assessment process at this time are considered to fall within the IMA Legacy Caseload.
2. 'Applied and on hand' refers to valid protection visa applications which the Department has received and is currently processing and assessing. It includes applications being processed at a merits review tribunal.
3. 'Applications finalised' refers to applications on which the Department has made a decision – either a grant or refusal, including where the merits review has affirmed the Department's decision. Figures exclude applications that have been finalised for other reasons (for example, where a person departed Australia or applications which are withdrawn).
4. 'Applications not yet lodged' refers to IMAs remaining in the IMA Legacy Caseload who have not yet lodged a valid protection visa application.
5. This number represents people from the IMA Legacy Caseload who have submitted a valid application that is currently being processed; had their application finalised – either granted or refused; or are yet to apply. This is not equal to the total number of people who are considered to have 'ever' been in the IMA Legacy Caseload. For example, people who died or departed prior to their application being finalised are not counted in this total as their applications were not processed to finalisation.
6. Table 3 and Graph 3 show a list of countries of citizenship which the persons in the caseload claimed upon arrival to Australia. This citizenship may not have been independently confirmed by the Department.
7. Figures exclude certain cohorts of IMAs that do not form part of the IMA Legacy Caseload (for example, medical transferees from a Regional Processing Centre).
8. 'Held detention' includes a small number of IMAs who are in correctional facilities.
9. 'Non-fast track applications' includes a small number of cases processed under the non-statutory Protection Obligations Determination (POD) or Refugee Status Assessment (RSA) processes that were in place prior to March 2012.
10. 'Primary – at assessment' includes persons granted a TPV who have subsequently re-applied for a SHEV.
11. 'Primary – awaiting checks' includes applications where the applicant has been indicatively found not to be a refugee but the application is in the process of being quality checked prior to the completion of the primary decision.
12. 'On hand other' includes applications at a range of post-primary stages – the merits review (either with the Administrative Appeals Tribunal (AAT), Immigration Assessment Authority (IAA) or in the period during which review can be sought – "the review window"), remittals from review (merits or judicial) undergoing checks prior to finalisation, and applications not elsewhere classified.
13. 'Post-review grants' includes IMAs granted a visa after a remittal to the Department following a merits or judicial review.
14. 'Finalised refusals' includes applications undergoing ministerial intervention or judicial review.