

# Budget 2017-18

# Portfolio Budget Statements 2017-18 Budget Related Paper No. 1.11

Immigration and Border Protection Portfolio

Budget Initiatives and Explanations of Appropriations Specified by Outcomes and Programs by Entity © Commonwealth of Australia 2017

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## THE HON PETER DUTTON MP MINISTER FOR IMMIGRATION AND BORDER PROTECTION

President of the Senate Australian Senate Parliament House CANBERRA ACT 2600

Speaker House of Representatives Parliament House CANBERRA ACT 2600

Dear Mr President Dear Mr Speaker

I hereby submit Portfolio Budget Statements in support of the 2017-18 Budget for the Immigration and Border Protection portfolio.

These statements have been developed, and are submitted to the Parliament, as a statement on the outcomes for the portfolio.

I present these statements to provide accountability to the Parliament and, through it, the public.

Yours sincerely

Ito Chittan

The Hon Peter Dutton MP Minister for Immigration and Border Protection

#### Abbreviations and conventions

The following notation may be used:

NEC/nec	not elsewhere classified
-	nil
	not zero, but rounded to zero
na	not applicable (unless otherwise specified)
nfp	not for publication
\$m	\$ million
\$b	\$ billion

Figures in tables and in the text may be rounded. Figures in text are generally rounded to one decimal place, whereas figures in tables are generally rounded to the nearest thousand. Discrepancies in tables between totals and sums of components are due to rounding.

#### Enquiries

Should you have any enquiries regarding this publication please contact Steven Groves, Chief Finance Officer, Department of Immigration and Border Protection on (02) 6264 1235.

Links to Portfolio Budget Statements (including Portfolio Additional Estimates Statements and Portfolio Supplementary Additional Statements) can be located on the Australian Government Budget website at: www.budget.gov.au.

# USER GUIDE TO THE PORTFOLIO BUDGET STATEMENTS

## USER GUIDE

The purpose of the 2017-18 Portfolio Budget Statements (PB Statements) is to inform Senators and Members of Parliament of the proposed allocation of resources to government outcomes by entities within the portfolio. Entities receive resources from the annual appropriations acts, special appropriations (including standing appropriations and special accounts), and revenue from other sources.

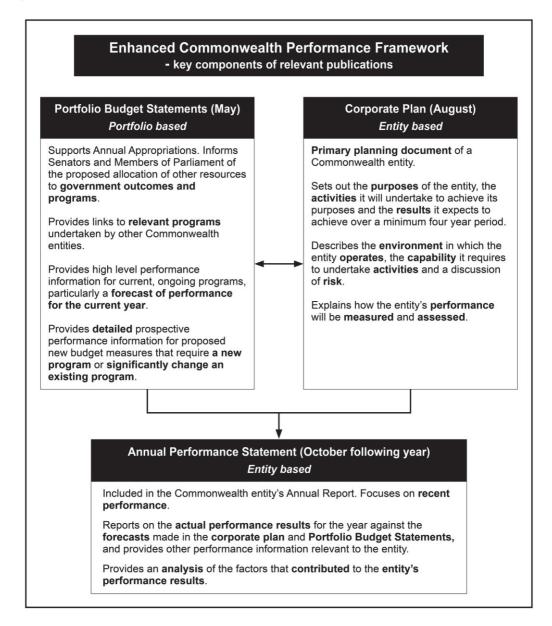
A key role of the PB Statements is to facilitate the understanding of proposed annual appropriations in Appropriation Bills (No. 1 and No. 2) 2017-18 (or Appropriation (Parliamentary Departments) Bill (No. 1) 2017-18 for the parliamentary departments). In this sense, the PB Statements are Budget related papers and are declared by the Appropriation Acts to be 'relevant documents' to the interpretation of the Acts according to section 15AB of the *Acts Interpretation Act* 1901.

The PB Statements provide information, explanation and justification to enable Parliament to understand the purpose of each outcome proposed in the Bills.

As required under section 12 of the *Charter of Budget Honesty Act 1998*, only entities within the general government sector are included as part of the Commonwealth general government sector fiscal estimates and produce PB Statements where they receive funding (either directly or via portfolio departments) through the annual appropriation acts.

#### The Enhanced Commonwealth Performance Framework

The following diagram outlines the key components of the enhanced Commonwealth performance framework. The diagram identifies the content of each of the publications and the relationship between them. Links to the publications for each entity within the portfolio can be found in the introduction to Section 2: Outcomes and planned performance.



# CONTENTS

IMMIGRATION AND BORDER PROTECTION PORTFOLIO OVERVIEW	3
ENTITY RESOURCES AND PLANNED PERFORMANCE	7
Department of Immigration and Border Protection	11
PORTFOLIO GLOSSARY	69
INDEX	71

# **PORTFOLIO OVERVIEW**

# IMMIGRATION AND BORDER PROTECTION PORTFOLIO OVERVIEW

## Ministers and portfolio responsibilities

The portfolio has two Ministers, the Hon Peter Dutton MP, the Minister for Immigration and Border Protection and the Hon Alex Hawke MP, Assistant Minister for Immigration and Border Protection.

The Department of Immigration and Border Protection (DIBP) is a non-corporate Commonwealth entity under the *Public Governance, Performance and Accountability ACT* 2013 (*PGPA Act*).

#### Department of Immigration and Border Protection

DIBP provides policy, regulatory and corporate services as well as delivers intelligence and capability for the organisation. It has immigration responsibilities to manage the entry and stay of temporary and permanent migrants, to promote and confer citizenship and to meet Australia's humanitarian and refugee obligations. It also contributes to strong national security and the economy through effective border security control and the facilitation of seamless legitimate movement of people and goods across Australia's borders.

#### Australian Border Force

The Australian Border Force (ABF) is the operational arm of DIBP and has statutory responsibilities to enforce the customs and migration laws and the protection of Australia's border.

As the operational enforcement arm within DIBP, the ABF is focused on the operational border, investigations, compliance, detention and enforcement functions offshore and onshore, across Australia's air and seaports, and land and maritime domains. It is also responsible for the collection of the majority of border-related revenue collected by DIBP.

For information on resourcing across the portfolio, please refer to Part 1: Agency Financial Resourcing in *Budget Paper No. 4: Agency Resourcing*.

#### Figure 1: Immigration and Border Protection portfolio structure and outcomes

Minister for Immigration and Border Protection					
The Hon Peter Dutton MP					
Assistant Minister for Imn	Assistant Minister for Immigration and Border Protection				
The Hon Alex Hawke MP					
Department of Immigration and Border Protection	Australian Border Force				

Secretary: Mr Michael Pezzullo Commissioner: Mr Roman Quaedvlieg APM

- Outcome 1 Protect Australia's sovereignty, security and safety by managing its border, including through managing the stay and departure of all non-citizens.
- **Outcome 2** Support a prosperous and inclusive society, and advance Australia's economic interests through the effective management of the visa and citizenship programs and provision of refugee and humanitarian assistance.
- Outcome 3 Advance Australia's economic interests through the facilitation of the trade of goods to and from Australia and the collection of border revenue.

## **ENTITY RESOURCES AND PLANNED PERFORMANCE**

DEPARTMENT OF IMMIGRATION AND BORDER PROTECTION ......7

# ENTITY RESOURCES AND PLANNED PERFORMANCE

# DEPARTMENT OF IMMIGRATION AND BORDER PROTECTION

SECT	ION 1: ENTITY OVERVIEW AND RESOURCES	11
1.1	Strategic direction statement	11
1.2	Entity resource statement	13
1.3	Budget measures	15
SECT	ION 2: OUTCOMES AND PLANNED PERFORMANCE	19
2.1	Budgeted expenses and performance for Outcome 1	20
2.2	Budgeted expenses and performance for Outcome 2	
2.3	Budgeted expenses and performance for Outcome 3	42
SECT	TON 3: BUDGETED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
3.1	Budgeted financial statements	
3.2	Budgeted financial statements tables	55

# DEPARTMENT OF IMMIGRATION AND BORDER PROTECTION

## Section 1: Entity overview and resources

#### 1.1 STRATEGIC DIRECTION STATEMENT

DIBP's mission is to protect Australia's border and manage the movement of people and goods across it. As Australia's trusted global gateway, DIBP seeks to contribute to an Australia that is globally competitive, cohesive and secure. Our overarching purposes are to protect Australia, promote responsive migration, and advance trade and revenue.

In a world that is increasingly interconnected by technology, communications and people, Australia's border is a significant national security and economic asset. DIBP protects and manages the Australian border through the delivery of streamlined and effective processes that support the seamless and legal movement of people and goods into and out of Australia and enhance trade and migration.

The strategic environment in which DIBP operates is constantly evolving, with continually increasing volumes of people and goods crossing the border, and rapid advances in technology. This presents dynamic opportunities and risks to DIBP's operating model. To meet the challenges of an increasingly complex border environment, we will continue to invest in modernisation through increased automation, harnessing new digital technologies, enhanced data collection and analytics and the professionalisation of our staff.

In 2017-18 DIBP will achieve its strategic objectives through a comprehensive suite of strategic and operational measures encompassing border security and protection, migration and trade. We will continue to uphold Australia's sovereignty as we work across land and maritime domains to protect our border, and pursue collaborative relationships with domestic and international partners and industry to maximise immigration and border protection capability. DIBP's contribution to the successful delivery of whole-of-government priorities will mean a transition to digital processes, a focus on new and innovative ways to deliver policies and programmes, and a commitment to supporting regional Australia and the national economy.

DIBP will also seek to provide a seamless trade and traveller experience and concentrate our compliance and enforcement efforts where they are most required. We will protect and secure Australia, with an ABF that is ready and able to prevent the entry of those who pose a security threat and remove those who don't respect our laws and values. The ABF's ability to adapt and respond quickly will continue to be sustained through investment in specialised training and equipment. DIBP's holistic compliance approach will foster and enable a high level of voluntary compliance across migration, travel and trade, while dealing effectively with those who do not comply or seek to harm the Australian community. Our ability to identify those who

do not have good intentions will be enhanced over the coming years through the Government's investment in improved biometric capabilities for the Department.

DIBP's cooperative partnerships will ensure it is able to influence bilateral, regional and global agendas to facilitate cooperative agreements based on mutual recognition. This will deliver better access to international markets and allow an enhanced understanding of risks and threats. We will look to identify new threats that emerge in the context of increasingly complex supply chains, and will seek to develop comprehensive trade solutions.

DIBP will work with its regional partners to ensure the security of Australia's maritime border is safeguarded, and continue to prevent the unauthorised movement of people across the border. Vigilance in combatting people smugglers will remain a priority. DIBP will further contribute to a socially cohesive, safe and secure Australia through the refusal or cancellation of visas for non-citizens on character grounds. This mandate allows DIBP to act in the national interest and protect the community by seeking to confirm that those who cross our borders are law-abiding and genuinely seek to contribute to Australian society. The Government has agreed to enhance the requirements for people to become Australian Citizens, ensuring that migrants have the knowledge necessary to achieve strong migration outcomes. The 2017-18 Budget also brings into effect the Coalition's election commitment to introduce a new temporary sponsored parent visa, which provides for a stay of up to five years at a time (with a total cumulative stay period of ten years) in Australia. This new visa has been designed to allow families to reunite while ensuring that those visiting do not place a burden on Australian taxpayers.

DIBP will continue to deliver a balanced migration program, within the program ceiling that facilitates the legitimate movement and stay of people to support the economy and contribute to a cohesive Australian society. Changes to the settings for temporary and permanent migration will ensure that the programs continue to complement Australia's workforce, support the development of regional and rural areas and grow Australian businesses. These changes include the abolition of the 457 visa and replacement with the new temporary skill shortage visa, supported by the new *Skilling Australians Fund levy – introduction* measure to address national skill priorities.

We will contribute to the sustainable global management of refugees and displaced populations through the delivery of a humanitarian program which mitigates risks and supports successful integration and settlement of refugees in Australia. The Department will introduce a Community Support Programme, which follows the success of a pilot which has run over a number of years. This Programme provides 1,000 places within the Humanitarian Programme to sponsored refugees. Similar programs internationally have led to strong settlement outcomes for refugees through greater interaction with communities. The Humanitarian Programme of 13,750 places.

DIBP will manage the collection of visa fees and customs duties to maximise revenue to the Government and minimise the regulatory burden of border protection on Australian businesses in line with the deregulation agenda. We will undertake reform within our visa programme to make it simpler for migrants to understand and more cost effective for us to administer. These measures support the creation of Australian jobs, support regional Australia and local industry while enhancing the nation's global competitiveness for travellers, students, business and skilled migrants.

### **1.2 ENTITY RESOURCE STATEMENT**

Table 1.1 shows the total funding from all sources available to the entity for its operations and to deliver programs and services on behalf of the Government.

The table summarises how resources will be applied by outcome (government strategic policy objectives) and by administered (on behalf of the Government or the public) and departmental (for the entity's operations) classification.

For more detailed information on special accounts and special appropriations, please refer to *Budget Paper No. 4 – Agency Resourcing*.

Information in this table is presented on a resourcing (that is, appropriations/cash available) basis, whilst the 'Budgeted expenses by Outcome' tables in Section 2 and the financial statements in Section 3 are presented on an accrual basis.

# Table 1.1: DIBP resource statement — Budget estimates for 2017-18 as at Budget May 2017

	2016-17 Estimated	2017-18 Estimate
	actual	LStimate
	\$'000	\$'000
Departmental		
Annual appropriations - ordinary annual services <sup>a</sup>		
Prior year appropriations available <sup>b</sup>	377,725	261,500
Departmental appropriation <sup>c</sup>	2,412,468	2,426,073
s 74 retained revenue receipts <sup>d</sup>	177,421	174,999
Departmental capital budget <sup>e</sup>	120,519	114,636
Annual appropriations - other services - non-operating <sup>f</sup>		
Prior year appropriations available <sup>b</sup>	145,471	127,570
Equity injections <sup>9</sup>	183,860	170,522
Total departmental annual appropriations	3,417,464	3,275,300
Total departmental resourcing	3,417,464	3,275,300
Administered		
Annual appropriations - ordinary annual services <sup>a</sup>		
Prior year appropriations available <sup>b</sup>	1,001,153	927,703
Outcome 1	2,199,283	1,480,775
Outcome 2	51,550	32,769
Outcome 3	-	-
Administered capital budget <sup>h</sup>	18,856	19,272
Annual appropriations - other services - non-operating <sup>f</sup>		
Prior year appropriations available <sup>b</sup>	354,664	187,208
Administered assets and liabilities	124,374	5,590
Total administered annual appropriations	3,749,880	2,653,317
Total administered special appropriations <sup>i</sup>	420,000	420,000
Total administered resourcing	4,169,880	3,073,317
Total resourcing for agency DIBP	7,587,344	6,348,617
	2016-17	2017-18
Average staffing level (number)	14,000	13,755

#### Prepared on a resourcing (that is, appropriations available) basis.

All figures shown above are GST exclusive - these may not match figures in the cash flow statement.

- a. Appropriation Bill (No.1) 2017-18.
- b. Estimated adjusted balance carried from previous year for annual appropriations.
- c. Excludes departmental capital budget (DCB). Differs from "Revenue from Government" as represented in DIBP's Comprehensive Income Statement shown at Table 3.1 due to the timing of revenue recognition.
- d. Estimated retained revenue receipts under section 74 of the PGPA Act.
- e. Departmental capital budgets are not separately identified in Appropriation Bill (No.1) and form part of ordinary annual services items. Please refer to Table 3.5 for further details. For accounting purposes, this amount has been designated as a 'contribution by owner'.
- f. Appropriation Bill (No.2) 2017-18.
- g. Equity injections represent capital funding for new Government measures.
- h. Administered capital budgets are not separately identified in Appropriation Bill (No. 1) and form part of ordinary annual services items. Please refer to Table 3.10 for further details. For accounting purposes, this amount is designated as a 'contribution by owner'.
- i. Excludes 'Special Public Money' held in accounts like Other Trust Monies accounts (OTM), Services for Other Government and Non-agency Bodies accounts (SOG) or Services for Other Entities and Trust Moneys accounts (SOETM). For further information on special appropriations and special accounts, please refer to Budget Paper No. 4 - Agency Resourcing. Please also see tables in Section 2 for further information on outcome and program expenses broken down by various funding sources, e.g. annual appropriations, special appropriations and special accounts.

The Australian Population, Multicultural and Immigration Research Program Special Account was repealed in the 2016-17 financial year.

#### 1.3 BUDGET MEASURES

Budget measures in Part 1 relating to DIBP are detailed in Budget Paper No. 2 under the Immigration and Border Protection portfolio and are summarised below.

#### Table 1.2: DIBP 2017-18 Budget measures Part 1: Measures announced since the 2016-17 Mid-Year Economic and Fiscal Outlook (MYEFO)

	-	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
5	Program	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Revenue measures	2.1					
Advanced Manufacturing Fund	3.1	(1 500)	(2,000)	(2,000)	(2,000)	(2,000)
Administered revenues		(1,500)	(3,000)	(3,000)	(3,000)	(3,000)
Departmental revenues		-	-	-	-	-
Total		(1,500)	(3,000)	(3,000)	(3,000)	(3,000)
Aligning the tax treatment of roll your	0.4					
own tobacco and cigarettes	3.1		~~~~~	70.000	110.000	450.000
Administered revenues		-	30,000	70,000	110,000	150,000
Departmental revenues		-	-	-	-	-
Total		-	30,000	70,000	110,000	150,000
Better targeting skilled visas	2.3,3.1			~~ -~~		(40.000)
Administered revenues		25,000	1,100	39,700	54,800	(16,000)
Departmental revenues		-	-	-	-	-
Total		25,000	1,100	39,700	54,800	(16,000)
Community Support Programme -						
establishment	2.3					
Administered revenues		-	6,000	6,000	6,000	6,000
Departmental revenues		-	-	-	-	-
Total		-	6,000	6,000	6,000	6,000
Indexation of visa application						
charges	2.3					
Administered revenues		-	35,000	70,000	125,000	180,000
Departmental revenues		-	-	-	-	-
Total		-	35,000	70,000	125,000	180,000
Indonesia-Australia Comprehensive						
Economic Partnership Agreement -						
Elimination of tariffs on pesticides						
and herbicides	3.1					
Administered revenues			(1,200)	(1,200)	(600)	-
Departmental revenues		-	-	-	-	-
Total			(1,200)	(1,200)	(600)	-
Skilling Australians Fund levy -						
introduction	2.3					
Administered revenues		-	90,000	360,000	390,000	370,000
Departmental revenues		-	-	-	-	-
Total		-	90,000	360,000	390,000	370,000
Strengthening Australian Citizenship						
Arrangements	2.3					
Administered revenues		-	(2,081)	(1,523)	(1,487)	(1,462)
Departmental revenues		-	-	-	-	-
Total		-	(2,081)	(1,523)	(1,487)	(1,462)

# Part 1: Measures announced since the 2016-17 Mid-Year Economic and Fiscal Outlook (MYEFO) (continued)

	Program	2016-17 \$'000	2017-18 \$'000	2018-19 \$'000	2019-20 \$'000	2020-21 \$'000
Temporary sponsored parent visa -						
establishment	2.3,3.1					
Administered revenues		-	5,000	25,100	30,600	31,900
Departmental revenues		-	-	-	-	-
Total		-	5,000	25,100	30,600	31,900
Total revenue measures						
Administered		23,500	160,819	565,077	711,313	717,438
Departmental		-	-	-	-	-
Total		23,500	160,819	565,077	711,313	717,438
Expense measures						
Better targeting skilled visas	2.3					
Administered expenses		-	-	-	-	-
Departmental expenses		-	3,288	(1,250)	(323)	(8,107)
Total		-	3,288	(1,250)	(323)	(8,107)
Cape Class Patrol Boats -						
efficiencies	1.1					
Administered expenses		-	-	-	-	-
Departmental expenses		(2,700)	-	-	-	-
Total		(2,700)	-	-	-	-
Commonwealth Redress Scheme						
for Survivors of Institutional Child						
Sexual Abuse	1.3					
Administered expenses		-	-	-	-	-
Departmental expenses		-	(2,840)	nfp	nfp	nfp
Total		-	(2,840)	nfp	nfp	nfp
Community Support Programme -						
establishment	2.4					
Administered expenses		-	-	-	-	-
Departmental expenses		-	367	298	298	300
Total		-	367	298	298	300
Gold Coast 2018 Commonwealth						
Games - additional Australian						
Government support <sup>a</sup>	2.3					
Administered expenses		-	-	-	-	-
Departmental expenses		-	-	-	-	-
Total		-	-	-	-	-
Immigration Reform - changes to						
Australia's visa processing						
arrangements	2.2-2.4					
Administered expenses		-	-	-	-	-
Departmental expenses		-	83,170	77,968	48,747	(89,921)
Total		-	83,170	77,968	48,747	(89,921)
Managing Asylum Seekers in						
Regional Processing Centres -						
continuation	1.4					
Administered expenses		-	19,018	-	-	-
Departmental expenses		-	2,224	-	-	-
Total		-	21,242	-	-	-

		2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
	Program	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
National Emissions Standards for						
Non-Road Spark Ignition Engines						
and Equipment - cost recovery	3.2					
Administered expenses		-	-	-	-	-
Departmental expenses		-	20	20	20	20
Total		-	20	20	20	20
Overseas Allowances for Australian						
Government Employees -						
efficiencies	2.2,2.3					
Administered expenses		-	-	-	-	-
Departmental expenses		-	(419)	(1,095)	(1,709)	(2,099)
Total		-	(419)	(1,095)	(1,709)	(2,099)
Public Service Modernisation Fund -						
transformation and innovation						
stream <sup>b</sup>	All					
Administered expenses		-	-	-	-	-
Departmental expenses		-	-	-	-	-
Total		-	-	-	-	-
Regional Cooperation						
Arrangements - continuation	1.5					
Administered expenses		-	52,647	-	-	-
Departmental expenses		-	-	-	-	-
Total		-	52,647	-	-	-
Resolving the Onshore Illegal						
Maritime Arrival Legacy Caseload	1.3					
Administered expenses		-	(57,775)	(37,656)	(7,354)	(39,940)
Departmental expenses		-	11,997	14,630	24,643	14,805
Total		-	(45,778)	(23,026)	17,289	(25,135)
Skilling Australians Fund levy -						
introduction	2.3					
Administered expenses		-	-	-	-	-
Departmental expenses		-	274	-	-	-
Total		-	274	-	-	-
Strengthening Australian Citizenship	0.4					
Arrangements	2.1					
Administered expenses		-	-	-	-	-
Departmental expenses Total		-	1,408	(3,219)	(3,182)	(3,158)
		-	1,408	(3,219)	(3,182)	(3,158)
Temporary sponsored parent visa -	0.0					
establishment <sup>c</sup>	2.3					
Administered expenses		-	-	-	-	-
Departmental expenses Total		-	-	-	-	-
Total expense measures		-	-	-	-	-
Administered			13,890	(37,656)	(7,354)	(39,940)
Departmental		(2,700)	99,489	87,352	68,494	(88,160)
Total		(2,700) (2,700)	113,379	<b>49,696</b>	61,140	(128,100)
10101		(2,100)	115,579	43,030	01,140	(120,100)

# Part 1: Measures announced since the 2016-17 Mid-Year Economic and Fiscal Outlook (MYEFO) (continued)

# Part 1: Measures announced since the 2016-17 Mid-Year Economic and Fiscal Outlook (MYEFO) (continued)

		2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
	Program	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Capital measures						· · ·
Better targeting skilled visas	2.3					
Administered capital		-	-	-	-	-
Departmental capital		-	4,968	-	-	-
Total		-	4,968	-	-	-
Immigration Reform - changes to						
Australia's visa processing						
arrangements	2.2-2.4					
Administered capital		-	-	-	-	-
Departmental capital		-	30,584	18,007	10,059	6,660
Total		-	30,584	18,007	10,059	6,660
National Emissions Standards for						
Non-Road Spark Ignition Engines						
and Equipment - cost recovery	3.2					
Administered capital		-	-	-	-	-
Departmental capital		-	28	-	-	-
Total		-	28	-	-	-
Skilling Australians Fund levy -						
introduction	2.3					
Administered capital		-	-	-	-	-
Departmental capital		-	964	-	-	-
Total		-	964	-	-	-
Strengthening Australian Citizenship						
Arrangements	2.1					
Administered capital		-	-	-	-	-
Departmental capital		-	1,598	-	-	-
Total		-	1,598	-	-	-
Temporary sponsored parent visa -						
establishment <sup>c</sup>	2.3					
Administered capital		-	-	-	-	-
Departmental capital		-	-	-	-	-
Total		-	-	-	-	-
Total capital measures						
Administered		-	-	-	-	-
Departmental		-	38,142	18,007	10,059	6,660
Total		-	38,142	18,007	10,059	6,660
Decisions taken but not yet announce						

Prepared on a Government Finance Statistics (fiscal) basis. Figures displayed as a negative (-) represent a decrease in funds and a positive (+) represent an increase in funds.

a. DIBP will absorb the cost of this measure (\$0.6 million in 2017-18).

b. Funding of \$0.7 million in 2019-20 for this measure has already been provided for by the Government.

c. DIBP will absorb the cost of this measure (\$14.6 million over five years from 2016-17).

## Section 2: Outcomes and planned performance

Government outcomes are the intended results, impacts or consequences of actions by the Government on the Australian community. Commonwealth programs are the primary vehicle by which government entities achieve the intended results of their outcome statements. Entities are required to identify the programs which contribute to government outcomes over the Budget and forward years.

Each outcome is described below together with its related programs. The following provides detailed information on expenses for each outcome and program, further broken down by funding source.

#### Note:

Performance reporting requirements in the Portfolio Budget Statements are part of the enhanced Commonwealth performance framework established by the *Public Governance, Performance and Accountability Act 2013.* It is anticipated that the performance criteria described in Portfolio Budget Statements will be read with broader information provided in an entity's corporate plans and annual performance statements – included in Annual Reports - to provide an entity's complete performance story.

The most recent corporate plan can be found at: http://www.border.gov.au/about/reports-publications/reports/corporate-plans.

The most recent annual performance statement can be found at: http://www.border.gov.au/about/reports-publications/reports/annual/annual-report-2015-16/annual-performance-statement.

#### 2.1 BUDGETED EXPENSES AND PERFORMANCE FOR OUTCOME 1

Outcome 1: Protect Australia's sovereignty, security and safety by managing its border, including through managing the stay and departure of all non-citizens.

#### Linked Programs

The information provided below shows how Outcome 1 links with programs delivered by other Commonwealth entities to contribute to common government objectives.

#### Attorney-General's Department

Program 1.1: Attorney-General's Department Operating Expenses – Civil Justice and Legal Services

Program 1.2: Attorney-General's Department Operating Expenses – National Security and Criminal Justice

Program 1.7: National Security and Criminal Justice

#### Contribution to Outcome 1 made by linked programs

The Attorney-General's Department contributes to policy development and advice on transnational organised crime including people smuggling and human trafficking, law enforcement matters, provision of information of national security value, firearms, counter-terrorism, prohibited and restricted goods, illegal drug interdiction, money laundering and regional operations and intercountry adoption arrangements.

#### Australian Criminal Intelligence Commission

Program 1.1: Australian Criminal Intelligence Commission

#### Contribution to Outcome 1 made by linked programs

The Australian Criminal Intelligence Commission collects, correlates and analyses criminal information and intelligence, resulting in the dissemination of intelligence products. These products assist with the detection of harmful or illegal goods.

#### Australian Federal Police

Program 1.1: Federal Policing and National Security

#### Contribution to Outcome 1 made by linked programs

The Australian Federal Police support National Security and border enforcement activities through the provision of policing capability at major airports and Australia's external territories (e.g. Christmas Island).

#### Australian Fisheries Management Authority

Program 1.1: Australian Fisheries Management Authority

#### Contribution to Outcome 1 made by linked programs

The Australian Fisheries Management Authority (AFMA) provides the fisheries focus within the Australian Government Civil Maritime Surveillance and Response Program and is responsible for the administration of legislation with respect to illegal foreign fishers. AFMA aims to deter and prevent illegal foreign fishing by carrying out prosecution of offenders, confiscation of boats, capacity building projects and cooperative enforcement operations.

#### Australian Maritime Safety Authority

Program 1.1: Seafarer and ship safety, environment protection and search and rescue

#### Contribution to Outcome 1 made by linked programs

The Australian Maritime Safety Authority is responsible for improving the standard of foreign flagged ships and Australian flagged ships (regulated under the Navigation Act 2012). The implementation and enforcement of improved standards supports the work DIBP undertakes in processing vessels crossing the border.

#### Department of Agriculture and Water Resources

Program 2.1: Biosecurity and Export Services

Program 2.2: Plant and Animal Health

#### Contribution to Outcome 1 made by linked programs

The Department of Agriculture and Water Resources (DAWR) manages biosecurity and imported food risks to ensure the safe movement into and out of Australia of people, animals, plants, food and cargo. DAWR also provide certification of exports to meet importing country requirements.

#### **Department of Defence**

Program 1.3: Defence Contribution to National Support Tasks in Australia

#### Contribution to Outcome 1 made by linked programs

The Department of Defence (Defence) undertakes tasks that include: planning and conducting operations to provide security of Australia's maritime borders from unauthorised maritime arrivals, prohibited imports and exports, illegal exploitation of natural resources and other maritime threats to Australian sovereignty including counter-terrorism responses. Defence contributes to Maritime Border Command tasking, providing maritime surveillance and response assets that are tasked routinely in accordance with the Government's priorities.

#### Department of the Environment and Energy

Program 1.4: Conservation of Australia's Heritage and the Environment

Program 1.6: Management of Hazardous Wastes, Substances and Pollutants

#### Contribution to Outcome 1 made by linked programs

The Departments of the Environment and Energy and DIBP work together to prevent illegal wildlife trade and control transboundary movements of hazardous wastes and their disposal.

#### Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade

Program 1.1: Foreign Affairs and Trade Operations

Program 2.2: Passport Services

#### Contribution to Outcome 1 made by linked programs

The Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade (DFAT) contributes to whole of government efforts bilaterally and regionally to counter people-smuggling and human trafficking. DFAT also negotiates, finalises and implements Australia's free trade agreement (FTA) agenda and explores opportunities for FTAs with other trading partners. DFAT provides high-quality passport services which support international traveller facilitation.

#### **Department of Health**

Program 5.1: Protect the Health and Safety of the Community through Regulation

#### Contribution to Outcome 1 made by linked programs

The Department of Health works with DIBP to protect the health of the Australian community by managing health risks at the border. This includes the monitoring of incoming travellers for symptoms of communicable disease and providing communicable disease advice to DIBP to inform pre-migration screening policies.

#### **Department of Human Services**

Program 1.1: Services to the Community - Social Security and Welfare

#### Contribution to Outcome 1 made by linked programs

The Department of Human Services supports individuals, families and communities to achieve greater self-sufficiency by providing access to payments and services on behalf of government. This includes providing assistance to people living in the community while their immigration status is being resolved.

#### Department of Industry, Innovation and Science

Program 2: Growing Business Investment and Improving Business Capability

#### Contribution to Outcome 1 made by linked programs

The Department of Industry contributes to policy development and advice on matters relating to intellectual property rights, trademarks, anti-dumping, preferential and non-preferential trade schemes, regulated, prohibited and restricted goods and industry assistance.

#### Department of the Prime Minister and Cabinet

Program 1.1: Prime Minister and Cabinet

#### Contribution to Outcome 1 made by linked programs

The Department of the Prime Minister and Cabinet provides policy advice in key areas including strategic priorities, foreign, trade and aid policy and national security matters.

#### Budgeted expenses for Outcome 1

This table shows how much the entity intends to spend (on an accrual basis) on achieving the outcome, broken down by program, as well as by Administered and Departmental funding sources.

Table IIIII Baagetea expensee i		•			
	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
	Estimated	Budget	Forward	Forward	Forward
	actual		estimate	estimate	estimate
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Program 1.1: Border Enforcement					
Departmental expenses					
Departmental appropriation <sup>a</sup>	915,390	912,855	890,012	893,527	884,359
s74 Retained revenue receipts <sup>b</sup>	13,602	9,672	9,672	9,672	9,672
Expenses not requiring appropriation					
in the Budget year <sup>c</sup>	130,149	130,562	124,325	115,883	103,203
Departmental total	1,059,141	1,053,089	1,024,009	1,019,082	997,234
Total expenses for Program 1.1	1,059,141	1,053,089	1,024,009	1,019,082	997,234
Program 1.2: Border Management					
Administered expenses					
Ordinary annual services					
(Appropriation Act No. 1 and Bill No. 3)	8	8	8	8	8
Administered total	8	8	8	8	8
Departmental expenses					
Departmental appropriation <sup>a</sup>	212,457	200,205	191,710	194,780	176,575
s74 Retained revenue receipts <sup>b</sup>	2,682	2,199	2,199	2,199	2,199
Expenses not requiring appropriation				,	,
in the Budget year <sup>c</sup>	26,897	25,695	24,338	24,201	23,368
Departmental total	242,036	228,099	218,247	221,180	202,142
Total expenses for Program 1.2	242,044	228,107	218,255	221,188	202,150
Program 1.3: Onshore Compliance		,	,	,	,
and Detention					
Administered expenses					
Ordinary annual services					
(Appropriation Act No. 1 and Bill No. 3)	1,020,470	793,434	701,787	655,289	597,493
Expenses not requiring appropriation					
in the Budget year <sup>c</sup>	58,220	54,657	50,403	43,004	40,924
Administered total	1,078,690	848,091	752,190	698,293	638,417
Departmental expenses					
Departmental appropriation <sup>a</sup>	454,196	401,532	356,374	351,268	343,532
s74 Retained revenue receipts <sup>b</sup>	8,749	5,957	5,957	5,957	5,957
Expenses not requiring appropriation					
in the Budget year <sup>c</sup>	27,014	24,375	26,384	23,996	21,681
Departmental total	489,959	431,864	388,715	381,221	371,170
Total expenses for		,	, -		, -
Program1.3	1,568,649	1,279,955	1,140,905	1,079,514	1,009,587

Table 2.1.1: Budgeted expenses to	or Outcome	1 (continu	ea)		
	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
	Estimated	Budget	Forward	Forward	Forward
	actual		estimate	estimate	estimate
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Program 1.4: IMA Offshore					
Management					
Administered expenses					
Ordinary annual services					
(Appropriation Act No. 1 and Bill No. 3)	946,660	607,623	337,309	326,833	335,593
Expenses not requiring appropriation in					
the Budget year <sup>c</sup>	71,230	70,986	69,286	68,067	67,961
Administered total	1,017,890	678,609	406,595	394,900	403,554
Departmental expenses					
Departmental appropriation <sup>a</sup>	52,461	30,135	27,716	27,819	28,000
s74 Retained revenue receipts <sup>b</sup>	8,434	1,366	1,366	1,366	1,366
Expenses not requiring appropriation in					
the Budget year <sup>c</sup>	4,109	3,531	3,078	2,714	2,401
Departmental total	65,004	35,032	32,160	31,899	31,767
Total expenses for Program 1.4	1,082,894	713,641	438,755	426,799	435,321
Program 1.5: Regional Cooperation					
Administered expenses					
Ordinary annual services					
(Appropriation Act No. 1 and Bill No. 3)	87,761	79,710	27,823	28,491	29,261
Expenses not requiring appropriation in					
the Budget year <sup>c</sup>	-	-	-	-	-
Administered total	87,761	79,710	27,823	28,491	29,261
Departmental expenses					
Departmental appropriation <sup>a</sup>	16,956	16,005	11,463	11,505	11,579
s74 Retained revenue receipts <sup>b</sup>	3,331	6,970	6,970	5,570	5,570
Expenses not requiring appropriation in					
the Budget year <sup>c</sup>	988	746	565	429	326
Departmental total	21,275	23,721	18,998	17,504	17,475
Total expenses for Program 1.5	109,036	103,431	46,821	45,995	46,736
Outcome 1 Totals by appropriation type					
Administered expenses					
Ordinary annual services					
(Appropriation Act No. 1 and Bill No. 3)	2,054,899	1,480,775	1,066,927	1,010,621	962,355
Expenses not requiring appropriation in					
the Budget year <sup>c</sup>	129,450	125,643	119,689	111,071	108,885
Administered total	2,184,349	1,606,418	1,186,616	1,121,692	1,071,240
Departmental expenses					
Departmental appropriation <sup>a</sup>	1,651,460	1,560,732	1,477,275	1,478,899	1,444,045
s74 Retained revenue receipts <sup>b</sup>	36,798	26,164	26,164	24,764	24,764
Expenses not requiring appropriation in					
the Budget year <sup>c</sup>	189,157	184,909	178,690	167,223	150,979
Departmental total	1,877,415	1,771,805	1,682,129	1,670,886	1,619,788
Total expenses for Outcome 1	4,061,764	3,378,223	2,868,745	2,792,578	2,691,028

#### Table 2.1.1: Budgeted expenses for Outcome 1 (continued)

Movement of administered funds	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
between years	2010-17	2017-10	2010-19	2019-20	2020-21
Outcome 1:					
Administered					
Program 1.3: Onshore Compliance					
and Detention <sup>d</sup>	(117,810)	59,819	19,107	20,610	18,274
Program 1.4: IMA Offshore					
Management <sup>d</sup>	(26,574)	26,574	-	-	-
Total movement of administered	(4 4 4 2 9 4)	96 202	40 407	20.640	40.074
funds	(144,384)	86,393	19,107	20,610	18,274
	2016-17	2017-18			

Average Staffing Level (number)8,3508,400

a. Departmental appropriation combines Ordinary annual services Appropriation Act No. 1 and Bill 3.

b. Estimated expenses incurred in relation to receipts retained under section 74 of the PGPA Act.

c. Expenses not requiring appropriation in the Budget year are made up of depreciation, amortisation, write-down and impairment of assets.

d. Figures displayed as a negative (-) represent a decrease in funds and a positive (+) represent an increase in funds.

Note: Departmental appropriation splits and totals are indicative estimates and may change in the course of the budget year as government priorities change.

## Table 2.1.2: Performance criteria for Outcome 1

Table 2.1.2 below details the performance criteria for each program associated with Outcome 1. It also summarises how each program is delivered and where 2017-18 Budget measures have created new programs or materially changed existing programs.

	tect Australia's sovereignty, security an hrough managing the stay and departu	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
legitimate trade and tr	tect Australia's sovereignty, security and safety th avel, prevention of illegal movement of people and efforts to detect and deter illegal activity in the ma	d goods, and coordination of
Delivery	<ul> <li>Mechanisms through which program 1.1 will be</li> <li>processing international air and sea passe</li> <li>providing eligible travellers with the option through automated border control at a airports and seaports;</li> </ul>	ngers and crew; n for self-processing and clearance
	<ul> <li>undertaking inspection and examination a cargo and sea cargo environments, to export of prohibited items and control the r</li> </ul>	detect and prevent the import or
	<ul> <li>processing vessels crossing the border;</li> <li>conducting land-based patrol and surve areas and regional ports, including through</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>investigating and potentially prosecuting b and</li> <li>coordinating whole-of-government efforts posed by civil maritime security three responding to potential or actual non-con Australian maritime jurisdiction.</li> </ul>	to mitigate, or eliminate, the risks ats by detecting, reporting and
Performance informa	ation	
Year	Performance criteria	Targets
2016-17ª	Threats are detected ahead, at and after the border.	85%-100% of high risk vessels where targeted operational responses were performed. <i>Achieving</i>
	The border is strengthened through the control and surveillance of the maritime domain.	3,320 vessel patrol days. <i>Partially achieving</i> Joint ABF and ADF aircraft coverage of 136 million (nm2). <i>Partially achieving</i>
	The movement of people and goods is strengthened by effective regulatory and enforcement activities.	85%-95% of prosecution briefs completed as the result of a formal investigation resulted in a conviction. <i>Achieving</i>

Performance information		
Year	Performance criteria	Targets
2016-17 <sup>a</sup>	Seamless border management facilitates the flow of legitimate travellers and goods.	92% of passengers processed within 30 minutes of joining the inwards queue.
		Achieving
		Traveller satisfaction with primary line services 95% or above.
		Achieving
		Less than 0.015% of the total passenger and crew arrivals are refused immigration clearance at airports and seaports. <i>Achieving</i>
2017-18 and beyond <sup>b</sup>	Similar to 2016-17.	Similar to 2016-17.
Purposes <sup>b</sup>	Protect Australia, Promote responsive migration, Advance trade and revenue.	
Material changes to Program 1.1 resulting from the following measures: Nil		

a. Performance criteria and targets for 2016-17 reflect the expected performance results. Actual results will be included in the 2016-17 Annual Report.
b. The performance criteria, targets and purposes will be refined and published in the 2017-18 Corporate Plan.

### Program 1.2 Border Management

To protect Australia's sovereignty, security and safety by developing strategy, legislation and policy that supports legitimate border movements, ensures compliance with border controls, strengthens visa and citizenship system integrity, and protects the Australian community from health risks.

Delivery	Program 1.2 will be delivered by regulating and facilitating legitimate trade, migration and travel by:	
	development and delivery of portfolio strategy, legislation and policy, issuing broker, depot and warehouse licenses;	
	<ul> <li>working with partner agencies to influence and develop policy and regulatory models in relation to community protection and consumer safety;</li> </ul>	
	effective management of migration, traveller and cargo processes and information systems;	
	• provision of migration, travel and import and export data and statistics; and	
	<ul> <li>undertaking effective risk-based compliance activities to promote observance of Australian border laws as they relate to the movement of people and goods.</li> </ul>	

### Performance Information

Year	Performance Criteria	Targets
2016-17 <sup>a</sup>	Seamless border management facilitates the flow of legitimate travellers and goods.	Percentage of import declarations assessed pre-clearance through the general monitoring program that are compliant.
		Partially achieving
		Percentage of export declarations assessed pre-clearance through the general monitoring program that are compliant.
		Achieving
		Number of tariff classification rulings completed.
		Partially achieving
		Number of valuation and origin rulings competed.
		Achieving
		Proportion of compliance activities identifying a significant breach.
		Partially achieving

Performance Criteria	Targets
The movement of people and goods is strengthened by effective regulatory and enforcement activities.	More than 99% of temporary visa holder entries remain lawful whilst in Australia.
	Achieving
	Number of Illegal Warning Notices and/or Infringements issued under Employer Sanctions, Payment for Visa and Business Sponsor Obligations legislation frameworks.
	Achieving
	Percentage of prosecution briefs completed as the result of a formal investigation under Employer Sanctions, Payment for Visa and Business Sponsor Obligations legislation frameworks.
	Partially achieving
Similar to 2016-17.	Similar to 2016-17.
Protect Australia, Promote responsive migration, Advance trade and revenue.	
_	The movement of people and goods is strengthened by effective regulatory and enforcement activities.         Similar to 2016-17.

a. Performance criteria and targets for 2016-17 reflect the expected performance results. Actual results will be included in the 2016-17 Annual Report.
b. The performance criteria, targets and purposes will be refined and published in the 2017-18 Corporate place.

Plan.

To protect Australia's sovereignty, security and safety by maximising adherence to the entry and stay requirements through an effective and appropriate program of prevention, deterrence and enforcement and resolving the immigration status of the legacy cohort of IMAs.

Delivery	Program 1.3 will be delivered by regulating and facilitating legitimate trade, migration and travel by:	
	<ul> <li>promoting voluntary compliance by Austra sanctions legislation through the provision engagement activities;</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>providing services that facilitate status res to the person's country of origin and, when assistance packages;</li> </ul>	0,
	providing health and other support service resolution; and	es for non-citizens awaiting status
	managing detention centres for the purpose that pose a risk to the community, while the	
Performance Inform	ation	
Year	Performance Criteria Targets	
2016-17 <sup>a</sup>	The movement of people and goods is strengthened by effective regulatory and	Unlawful non-citizens seeking status resolution are

beyond <sup>b</sup> Purposes <sup>b</sup>	Promote responsive migration.	
2017-18 and	Similar to 2016-17.	Similar to 2016-17.
		Achieving
		Employers are encouraged to voluntarily comply through the delivery of employer awareness activities.
		Achieving
		<ul> <li>Number of VEVO organisation checks</li> <li>Number of VEVO self- checks</li> <li>New VEVO registrations</li> </ul>
		Voluntary compliance is the primary approach to avoiding breaches of visa conditions, evidenced by:
		Achieving
	strengthened by effective regulatory and enforcement activities.	status resolution are appropriately accommodated based on risk.

a. Performance criteria and targets for 2016-17 reflect the expected performance results. Actual results will be included in the 2016-17 Annual Report.

#### Program 1.4 IMA Offshore Management

To protect Australia's sovereignty, security and safety by supporting regional processing and settlement countries (partner countries) to implement the Memoranda of Understanding agreed with Australia, including building regional processing country capability to manage regional processing and settlement arrangements.

Delivery	Mechanisms through which program 1.4 will be delivered include:
	• capability development for partner countries through training and mentoring;
	<ul> <li>construction and maintenance of facilities that support partner countries to manage and accommodate transferees and refugees and deliver services to these cohorts;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>supporting the management of transferees and refugees residing in partner countries, including health, welfare and settlement services (as required);</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>supporting partner countries to determine the refugee status of transferees; and</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>support partner countries to voluntarily return persons or remove those found not to be refugees.</li> </ul>

#### Performance Information

Year	Performance Criteria	Targets
2016-17 <sup>a</sup>	Collaboration with partners within and outside Australia improves border security.	<ul> <li>Arrangements in place that:</li> <li>support the regional processing country to assess the protection claims of transferees.</li> <li>Achieving</li> <li>support the regional processing country to accommodate and provide services, including welfare and health, to transferees pending assessment of protection claims.</li> <li>Achieving</li> <li>support regional partners to settle transferees found to be in need of international processing countries to voluntarily return or remove those found not to be refugees.</li> </ul>
2017-18 and beyond <sup>b</sup>	Similar to 2016-17.	Similar to 2016-17.
Purposes <sup>b</sup>	Protect Australia, promote responsive migration	ı I.

#### Material changes to Program 1.4 resulting from the following measures: Nil

a. Performance criteria and targets for 2016-17 reflect the expected performance results. Actual results will be included in the 2016-17 Annual Report.

Similar to 2016-17.	Partially achieving Training and capability development is successfully delivered to 1,500 counterparts globally, to enrich foreign counterpart and partner agence activities. Partially achieving Similar to 2016-17.
	Partially achieving Training and capability development is successfully delivered to 1,500 counterparts globally, to enrich foreign counterpart and partner agence activities. Partially achieving
	<b>Partially achieving</b> Training and capability development is successfully delivered to 1,500 counterparts globally, to enrich foreign counterpart and partner agence activities.
	• •
	inaliagement et relageeet
Collaboration with partners within and outside Australia improves border security.	50% of states receiving Australian assistance have implemented processes and/or systems that have led to an improvement in the management of migration and border outcomes, including the management of refugees.
Performance Criteria	Targets
mation	
<ul> <li>enhancing international systems, informati capabilities to support better threat and risk people and goods.</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>facilitating international exchanges on appr techniques and best practice; and</li> </ul>	roaches to trade and revenue
<ul> <li>working collaboratively with the internation migration, identity, immigration intelligence capabilities of partner governments;</li> </ul>	and border management
<ul> <li>supporting through the International Organ management of potential illegal immigratio Regional Cooperation Arrangement (RCA)</li> </ul>	ns in Indonesia under the
supporting the Bali Process by co-managir Regional Support Office which implements combat people smuggling, human traffickir	ng and contributing to the a range of practical initiatives to
Mechanisms through which program 1.5 will be	delivered include:
sovereignty, security and safety by strengthening rela prove migration and border management capabilities rganisations providing services for irregular migrants	and by working collaboratively
	prove migration and border management capabilities         rganisations providing services for irregular migrants         Mechanisms through which program 1.5 will be         • supporting the Bali Process by co-managin Regional Support Office which implements combat people smuggling, human trafficking         • supporting through the International Orgar management of potential illegal immigration Regional Cooperation Arrangement (RCA)         • working collaboratively with the internation migration, identity, immigration intelligence capabilities of partner governments;         • facilitating international exchanges on app techniques and best practice; and         • enhancing international systems, informati capabilities to support better threat and ris people and goods.         rmation         Performance Criteria         Collaboration with partners within and outside

 Performance criteria and targets for 2016-17 reflect the expected performance results. Actual results will be included in the 2016-17 Annual Report.

## 2.2 BUDGETED EXPENSES AND PERFORMANCE FOR OUTCOME 2

Outcome 2: Support a prosperous and inclusive society, and advance Australia's economic interests through the effective management of the visa and citizenship programs and provision of refugee and humanitarian assistance.

## Linked Programs

The information provided below shows how Outcome 2 links with programs delivered by other Commonwealth entities to contribute to common government objectives.

## Attorney-General's Department

Program 1.1: Attorney-General's Department Operating Expenses – Civil Justice and Legal Services

Program 1.2: Attorney-General's Department Operating Expenses – National Security and Criminal Justice

Program 1.7: National Security and Criminal Justice

## Contribution to Outcome 2 made by linked programs

The Attorney-General's Department contributes to policy development and advice on transnational organised crime including people smuggling and human trafficking, law enforcement matters, provision of information of national security value, firearms, counter-terrorism, prohibited and restricted goods, illegal drug interdiction, money laundering and regional operations and intercountry adoption arrangements.

## Department of Education and Training

Program 2.8: Building Skills and Capability

## Contribution to Outcome 2 made by linked programs

The Department of Education and Training works with DIBP to provide clearer pathways and improved access to training for eligible migrants and humanitarian entrants.

## Department of Employment

Program 1.1: Employment Services

## Contribution to Outcome 2 made by linked programs

The Department of Employment fosters a productive and competitive labour market through employment policies and programs that assist job seekers, including eligible migrants and humanitarian entrants, into work, meet employer needs and increase Australia's workforce participation.

## Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade

Program 1.1: Foreign Affairs and Trade Operations

Program 2.2: Passport Services

## Contribution to Outcome 2 made by linked programs

The Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade (DFAT) contributes to whole of government efforts bilaterally and regionally to counter people-smuggling and human trafficking. DFAT also negotiates, finalises and implements Australia's free trade agreement (FTA) agenda and exploring opportunities for FTAs with other trading partners. DFAT provide high-quality passport services which support international traveller facilitation.

## Department of Health

Program 2.1: Mental Health

## Contribution to Outcome 2 made by linked programs

The Department of Health contributes to supporting permanently resettled humanitarian entrants and those on certain visa products living in the Australian community through the provision of the Program of Assistance for Survivors of Torture and Trauma.

## **Department of Human Services**

Program 1.1: Services to the Community – Social Security and Welfare

## Contribution to Outcome 2 made by linked programs

The Department of Human Services supports individuals, families and communities to achieve greater self-sufficiency by providing access to payments and services on behalf of government. This includes providing assistance to people living in the community while their immigration status is resolved.

## **Department of Social Services**

Program 2.1: Families and Communities

## Contribution to Outcome 2 made by linked programs

The Department of Social Services delivers settlement support for humanitarian entrants and other eligible migrants in their first five years of life in Australia. Services promote economic and social well-being of clients by supporting them to become fully-functioning and self-reliant members of society as soon as possible after arrival in Australia.

## **Budgeted expenses for Outcome 2**

This table shows how much the entity intends to spend (on an accrual basis) on achieving the outcome, broken down by program, as well as by Administered and Departmental funding sources.

Table Elerit Baagetea experieee it	or outcomic	-			
	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-2
	Estimated	Budget	Forward	Forward	Forward
	actual		estimate	estimate	estimate
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Program 2.1: Citizenship					
Departmental expenses					
Departmental appropriation <sup>a</sup>	66,939	54,779	50,731	50,967	49,98
s74 Retained revenue receipts <sup>b</sup>	1,995	1,858	1,858	1,858	1,85
Expenses not requiring appropriation in					
Expenses not requiring appropriation					
in the Budget year <sup>c</sup>	7,264	7,806	7,906	8,105	9,56
Departmental total	76,198	64,443	60,495	60,930	61,40
Total expenses for					
Program 2.1	76,198	64,443	60,495	60,930	61,409
Program 2.2: Migration					
Departmental expenses					
Departmental appropriation <sup>a</sup>	214,625	265,114	242,121	218,892	192,11
s74 Retained revenue receipts <sup>b</sup>	47,896	59,236	61,634	64,152	66,79
Expenses not requiring appropriation					
in the Budget year <sup>c</sup>	21,619	21,601	21,545	21,449	21,76
Departmental total	284,140	345,951	325,300	304,493	280,67
Total expenses for					
Program 2.2	284,140	345,951	325,300	304,493	280,67
Program 2.3: Visas					
Departmental expenses					
Departmental appropriation <sup>a</sup>	342,351	316,944	285,577	264,353	227,89
s74 Retained revenue receipts <sup>b</sup>	33,705	33,557	34,754	36,040	37,42
Expenses not requiring appropriation					
in the Budget year <sup>c</sup>	43,310	43,069	40,866	38,462	35,86
Departmental total	419,366	393,570	361,197	338,855	301,17
Total expenses for					
Program 2.3	419,366	393,570	361,197	338,855	301,17
Program 2.4: Refugee and					
Humanitarian Assistance					
Administered expenses					
Ordinary annual services					
(Appropriation Act No. 1 and Bill No. 3)	51,550	32,769	32,681	33,394	34,09
Expenses not requiring appropriation					
in the Budget year <sup>c</sup>					
III lie buugel year	-	-	-	-	

Table 2.2.1. Duuyeleu expelises l			ieu)		
	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
	Estimated	Budget	Forward	Forward	Forward
	actual		estimate	estimate	estimate
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Departmental expenses					
Departmental appropriation <sup>a</sup>	110,202	99,539	95,224	92,348	92,992
s74 Retained revenue receipts <sup>b</sup>	8,022	7,645	7,645	7,645	7,645
Expenses not requiring appropriation					
in the Budget year <sup>c</sup>	4,249	4,043	3,852	3,722	3,839
Departmental total	122,473	111,227	106,721	103,715	104,476
Total expenses for					
Program 2.4	174,023	143,996	139,402	137,109	138,570
Outcome 2 Totals by appropriation type					
Administered expenses					
Ordinary annual services					
(Appropriation Act No. 1 and Bill No. 3)	51,550	32,769	32,681	33,394	34,094
Expenses not requiring appropriation					
in the Budget year <sup>c</sup>	-	-	-	-	-
Administered total	51,550	32,769	32,681	33,394	34,094
Departmental expenses					
Departmental appropriation <sup>a</sup>	734,117	736,376	673,653	626,560	562,982
s74 Retained revenue receipts <sup>b</sup>	91,618	102,296	105,891	109,695	113,720
Expenses not requiring appropriation					
in the Budget year <sup>c</sup>	76,442	76,519	74,169	71,738	71,033
Departmental total	902,177	915,191	853,713	807,993	747,735
Total expenses for Outcome 2	953,727	947,960	886,394	841,387	781,829
	2016-17	2017-18			
Average Staffing Level (number)	5,090	4,840			

### Table 2.2.1: Budgeted expenses for Outcome 2 (continued)

a. Departmental appropriation combines Ordinary annual services Appropriation Act No. 1 and Bill 3.

b. Estimated expenses incurred in relation to receipts retained under section 74 of the PGPA Act.

c. Expenses not requiring appropriation in the Budget year are made up of depreciation, amortisation, write-down and impairment of assets.

Note: Departmental appropriation splits and totals are indicative estimates and may change in the course of the budget year as government priorities change.

## Table 2.2.2: Performance criteria for Outcome 2

Table 2.2.2 below details the performance criteria for each program associated with Outcome 2. It also summarises how each program is delivered and where 2017-18 Budget measures have created new programs or materially changed existing programs.

Outcome 2 - Support a prosperous and inclusive society, and advance Australia's economic interests through the effective management of the visa and citizenship programs and provision of refugee and humanitarian assistance. Program 2.1 - Citizenship To support a prosperous and inclusive society through the promotion, delivery and effective management of the Australian citizenship program. Mechanisms through which program 2.1 will be delivered include: Delivery delivery of the citizenship program within the parameters set by the . Government; supporting a strong and cohesive Australian society through the promotion of a unifying citizenship; strengthening the integrity and efficiency of citizenship systems to attract quality applicants and meet the needs of the Australian community and economy; and

promoting the value of Australian citizenship.

### Performance information

Year	Performance criteria	Targets
2016-17ª	Australian citizenship is valued.	80% of citizenship conferral decisions made within service standards.
		Partially achieving
		Percentage of refusal decisions for Australian citizenship overturned through an appeal process is less than 1%.
		Partially achieving
		Visits to the Citizenship Wizard on DIBP's web site reach 300,000 for the year.
		Partially achieving
Performance in	formation	
Year	Performance criteria	Targets

2017-18 and beyond <sup>b</sup>	Similar to 2016-17.	Similar to 2016-17.			
Purposes <sup>b</sup>	Promote responsive migration.				
	· · ·				

#### Material changes to Program 2.1 resulting from the following measures:

#### • Strengthening Australian Citizenship Arrangements

 Performance criteria and targets for 2016-17 reflect the expected performance results. Actual results will be included in the 2016-17 Annual Report.

b. The performance criteria, targets and purposes will be refined and published in the 2017-18 Corporate Plan.

	on bus and inclusive society and advance Australia's t and delivery of the Skilled and Family Migration I	0		
Delivery	Delivery         Mechanisms through which program 2.2 will be delivered include:           •         delivering the migration program within planning levels set by the Government, and maintain program integrity and intention; and           •         finalising visa applications within applicable standards and according to priority processing directions.			
Performance information	ation			
Year	Performance criteria	Targets		
2016-17ª	Australia's visa programs provide a strong foundation for social cohesion.	The non-skilled component of the managed migration program is delivered within planning levels set by the Government for each category. <b>Partially achieving</b>		
	Australia's visa programs are responsive to	The skilled component of the		

	Australia's visa programs are responsive to the needs of the economy.	The skilled component of the managed migration program is delivered within planning levels set by the Government for each category.
		Achieving
		Migration and temporary entry programs do not increase risks to the safety of the Australian community. <i>Partially achieving</i>
2017-18 and beyond <sup>b</sup>	Similar to 2016-17.	Similar to 2016-17.
Purposes <sup>b</sup>	Promote responsive migration.	
Material changes to I	Program 2.2 resulting from the following measures	S:

### • Immigration Reform – changes to Australia's visa processing arrangements

 Performance criteria and targets for 2016-17 reflect the expected performance results. Actual results will be included in the 2016-17 Annual Report.

	s economic interests and respond to Australia's ch ds through the effective management and deliver				
Delivery	Mechanisms through which program 2.3 will be delivered include:				
	<ul> <li>supporting Australia's economic developm growth in temporary visa programs;</li> </ul>	ent and needs through sustainable			
	<ul> <li>ensuring temporary entry does not increas Australian community;</li> </ul>	e health risks or costs to the			
	<ul> <li>ensuring permanent and temporary entry does not increase risks to the security and good order of Australia or undermine the integrity of visa programs through the administration of the character provisions and cancellation powers;</li> </ul>				
	<ul> <li>increasing the use of biometrics and identi facilitate the movement of legitimate travel who pose a risk to the Australian communi</li> </ul>	lers, and detect and deter those			
	<ul> <li>promoting a high level of confidence in the entering and departing Australia and those interest;</li> </ul>				
	<ul> <li>pursuing system and capability improvement the growth in temporary entry caseloads; a</li> </ul>				
	<ul> <li>finalising visa applications within applicable priority processing directions.</li> </ul>	e standards and according to			
Performance informa	ition				
Year	Performance criteria	Targets			
2016-17 <sup>a</sup>	Australia's visa programs are responsive to the needs of the economy.	The visitor visa program supports global tourism and business travel to Australia:			
		Number of visitor visas granted.			
		<ul> <li>Achieving</li> <li>75% of visitor visa decisions made within service standards.</li> </ul>			
		Achieving			
	The student visa program supports the international student market in Australia:				
		<ul> <li>Number of student visas granted.</li> </ul>			
		Achieving			
		<ul> <li>70% of student visa decisions are made within service standards.</li> </ul>			
		Partially achieving			

Performance information			
Year	Performance criteria	Targets	
2017-18 and beyond <sup>b</sup>	Similar to 2016-17.	Similar to 2016-17.	
Purposes <sup>b</sup> Promote responsive migration.			

Material changes to Program 2.3 resulting from the following measures:

• Immigration Reform – changes to Australia's visa processing arrangements

• Better targeting skilled visas

 Performance criteria and targets for 2016-17 reflect the expected performance results. Actual results will be included in the 2016-17 Annual Report.

b. The performance criteria, targets and purposes will be refined and published in the 2017-18 Corporate Plan.

Program 2.4 Refugee	e and Humanitarian Assistance
0	ment and delivery of Australia's Humanitarian Program reflects government priorities tional protection obligations.
Delivery	Mechanisms through which program 2.4 will be delivered include:
	<ul> <li>contributing to the resettlement of refugees and those in humanitarian need through the delivery of the Humanitarian Program;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>resettling humanitarian entrants living in protracted or refugee like situations who are in need of protection;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>providing visa pathways to those needing Australia's protection, including through the use of temporary visas for those who sought protection in Australia after arriving in an illegal manner; and</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>continuing to develop policy, program design and procedures to improve the efficiency, effectiveness, accountability and integrity of the Humanitarian Program.</li> </ul>
Performance informa	ation

Year	Performance criteria	Targets		
2016-17 <sup>a</sup>	Australia contributes to the global management of refugees and displaced	Deliver 13,750 places in the 2016-17 Humanitarian Program.		
	populations.	Achieving		
		Deliver places to Syrian and Iraqi refugees consistent with the Syrian and Iraqi Humanitarian Crisis measure.		
		Achieving		
2017-18 and beyond <sup>b</sup>	Similar to 2016-17.	Deliver 16,250 places in the 2017-18 Humanitarian Program.		
Purposes <sup>b</sup>	Promote responsive migration.			
Material changes to Program 2.4 resulting from the following measures: Nil				

 Performance criteria and targets for 2016-17 reflect the expected performance results. Actual results will be included in the 2016-17 Annual Report.

## 2.3 BUDGETED EXPENSES AND PERFORMANCE FOR OUTCOME 3

## Outcome 3: Advance Australia's economic interests through the facilitation of the trade of goods to and from Australia and the collection of border revenue.

## Linked Programs

The information provided below shows how Outcome 3 links with programs delivered by other Commonwealth entities to contribute to common government objectives.

## Austrade

Program 1.1: Promotion of Australia's export and other international economic interests

## Contribution to Outcome 3 made by linked programs

Austrade co-operates with DIBP by providing advice on visa policy where this affects trade, tourism, international education and investment. Austrade is also the sole nominating entity for the Premium Investment Visa program and is a nominating entity for the Significant Investor Visa program, which are managed by DIBP.

## Australian Taxation Office

Various Programs

## Contribution to Outcome 3 made by linked programs

DIBP collects or administers on behalf of the Australian Taxation Office relevant taxes including Goods and Services Tax, Wine Equalisation Tax, Tourist Refund Scheme and Luxury Car Tax.

## Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade

Program 1.1: Foreign Affairs and Trade Operations

Program 2.2: Passport Services

## Contribution to Outcome 3 made by linked programs

The Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade (DFAT) contributes to whole of government efforts bilaterally and regionally to counter people-smuggling and human trafficking. DFAT also negotiates, finalises and implements Australia's free trade agreement (FTA) agenda and exploring opportunities for FTAs with other trading partners. DFAT provide high-quality passport services which support international traveller facilitation.

## **Department of the Treasury**

Various Programs

## Contribution to Outcome 3 made by linked programs

The Department of the Treasury provides policy advice in key areas on the design of taxation laws including customs duty, Visa Application Charges (VAC), Passenger Movement Charge (PMC), Import Processing Charge (IPC) and duty refunds.

## Department of Industry, Innovation and Science

Program 2: Growing Business Investment and Improving Business Capability

## Contribution to Outcome 3 made by linked programs

The Department of Industry contributes to policy development and advice on matters relating to intellectual property rights, trademarks, anti-dumping, preferential and non-preferential trade schemes, regulated, prohibited and restricted goods and industry assistance.

## **Budgeted expenses for Outcome 3**

This table shows how much the entity intends to spend (on an accrual basis) on achieving the outcome, broken down by program, as well as by Administered and Departmental funding sources.

## Table 2.3.1: Budgeted expenses for Outcome 3

Tuble Lio. 1. Dudgeted expenses i		0			
	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
	Estimated	Budget	Forward	Forward	Forward
	actual		estimate	estimate	estimate
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Program 3.1 Border- Revenue					
Collection					
Administered expenses					
Ordinary annual services					
(Appropriation Act No. 1 and Bill No. 3)	-	-	-	-	-
Expenses not requiring appropriation					
in the Budget year <sup>a</sup>	13,500	13,500	13,500	13,500	13,500
Administered total	13,500	13,500	13,500	13,500	13,500
Departmental expenses					
Departmental appropriation <sup>b</sup>	11,028	11,325	11,197	8,523	8,620
s74 Retained revenue receipts <sup>c</sup>	55,249	52,854	52,482	52,471	52,471
Expenses not requiring appropriation					
in the Budget year <sup>a</sup>	5,449	4,179	3,830	3,294	2,684
Departmental total	71,726	68,358	67,509	64,288	63,775
Total expenses for					
Program 3.1	85,226	81,858	81,009	77,788	77,275
Program 3.2 Trade Faciliation					
and Industry Engagement					
Departmental expenses					
Departmental appropriation <sup>b</sup>	52,109	56,931	56,748	54,983	52,514
s74 Retained revenue receipts <sup>c</sup>	495	415	415	415	415
Expenses not requiring appropriation					
in the Budget year <sup>a</sup>	2,391	2,523	2,559	2,254	1,876
Departmental total	54,995	59,869	59,722	57,652	54,805
Total expenses for					
Program 3.2	54,995	59,869	59,722	57,652	54,805

Table 2.5.1. Duageted expenses in		0 (0011111	caj		
	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
	Estimated	Budget	Forward	Forward	Forward
	actual		estimate	estimate	estimate
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Outcome 3 Totals by appropriation type					
Administered expenses					
Ordinary annual services					
(Appropriation Act No. 1 and Bill No. 3)	-	-	-	-	-
Expenses not requiring appropriation					
in the Budget year <sup>a</sup>	13,500	13,500	13,500	13,500	13,500
Administered total	13,500	13,500	13,500	13,500	13,500
Departmental expenses					
Departmental appropriation <sup>b</sup>	63,137	68,256	67,945	63,506	61,134
s74 Retained revenue receipts <sup>c</sup>	55,744	53,269	52,897	52,886	52,886
Expenses not requiring appropriation					
in the Budget year <sup>a</sup>	7,840	6,702	6,389	5,548	4,560
Departmental total	126,721	128,227	127,231	121,940	118,580
Total expenses for Outcome 3	140,221	141,727	140,731	135,440	132,080
	2016-17	2017-18			
Average Staffing Level (number)	560	515			

## Table 2.3.1: Budgeted expenses for Outcome 3 (continued)

a. Expenses not requiring appropriation in the Budget year are made up of depreciation, amortisation, write-down and impairment of assets.

b. Departmental Appropriation combines Ordinary annual services Appropriation Act No. 1 and Bill 3.

c. Estimated expenses incurred in relation to receipts retained under section 74 of the PGPA Act.

Note: Departmental appropriation splits and totals are indicative estimates and may change in the course of the budget year as government priorities change.

## Table 2.3.2: Performance criteria for Outcome 3

Table 2.3.2 below details the performance criteria for each program associated with Outcome 3. It also summarises how each program is delivered and where 2017-18 Budget measures have created new programs or materially changed existing programs.

	vance Australia's economic interests thr and from Australia and the collection of					
Program 3.1 Border-	Revenue Collection					
To advance Australia's duty and border charg	s economic interests through the effective collecti es.	on and administration of customs				
Delivery	Mechanisms through which program 3.1 will be delivered include:					
	<ul> <li>providing assurance that border revenue a collected on behalf of other agencies is co paid;</li> </ul>					
	<ul> <li>providing assurance that revenue is protect application of refunds, concession and exercise</li> </ul>					
	<ul> <li>undertaking effective risk-based investigat promote observance of Australian border I reporting and payment obligations;</li> </ul>					
	collecting and administering the Passenge	er Movement Charge; and				
	administering the Tourist Refund Scheme.					
Performance informa	ation					
Year	Performance criteria	Targets				
2016-17 <sup>a</sup>	The collection of border revenue is managed and enhanced.	Percentage of refunds under the Refund Scheme that are delivered in accordance with client service standards.				
		Achieving				
		Percentage of drawbacks delivered in accordance with client service standards.				
		Achieving				
		Number of Infringement notices served.				
		Achieving				
2017-18 and beyond <sup>ь</sup>	Similar to 2016-17.	Similar to 2016-17.				
Purposes <sup>b</sup>	Advance trade and revenue.					
Material changes to Pr	ogram 3.1 resulting from the following measures:	Nil				

### Material changes to Program 3.1 resulting from the following measures: Nil

Performance criteria and targets for 2016-17 reflect the expected performance results. Actual results will a. be included in the 2016-17 Annual Report.

b. The performance criteria, targets and purposes will be refined and published in the 2017-18 Corporate Plan.

e Facilitation and Industry Engagement lia's economic interests by co-designing services and ment of goods, and supports the Government's trade	
Mechanisms through which program 3.2 will be	delivered include:
development and delivery of portfolio strate support the facilitation of legitimate movem	
• provision of tariff classification, valuation a to importers and exporters;	nd rules of origin advice services
delivering the Australian Trusted Trader Pr	rogramme; and
provision of expert advice, support and gui support import and export of legitimate good	
rmation	
Performance criteria	Targets
Effective partnerships both within and outside Australia build a strong economy.	85% of classification, valuation and rules of origin advices completed within service standards. <i>Achieving</i>
Seamless border management facilitates the flow of legitimate travellers and goods.	Participants in the ATT Programme include businesses considered as small medium enterprise; regional Australian; service providers; and large value/volume traders. <i>Achieving</i>
Similar to 2016-17.	Similar to 2016-17.
	1
	<ul> <li>lia's economic interests by co-designing services and ment of goods, and supports the Government's trade</li> <li>Mechanisms through which program 3.2 will be</li> <li>development and delivery of portfolio strat support the facilitation of legitimate movem</li> <li>provision of tariff classification, valuation a to importers and exporters;</li> <li>delivering the Australian Trusted Trader Prior provision of expert advice, support and gui support import and export of legitimate goor mation</li> <li>Performance criteria</li> <li>Effective partnerships both within and outside Australia build a strong economy.</li> <li>Seamless border management facilitates the flow of legitimate travellers and goods.</li> </ul>

erial changes to Program 3.2 resulting from the following measures: Nil IVI

a. Performance criteria and targets for 2016-17 reflect the expected performance results. Actual results will be included in the 2016-17 Annual Report.

## Section 3: Budgeted financial statements

Section 3 presents budgeted financial statements which provide a comprehensive snapshot of entity finances for the 2017-18 budget year, including the impact of budget measures and resourcing on financial statements.

## 3.1 BUDGETED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 3.1.1 Explanatory notes and analysis of budgeted financial statements

An analysis of the primary source of movements influencing the financial statements published in the 2017-18 Portfolio Budget Statements is provided below.

## **Departmental**

## Budget departmental comprehensive income statement

DIBP is budgeting for a break-even departmental operating result in 2017-18, adjusted for depreciation and amortisation expense.

This statement presents the expected financial result for DIBP and identifies expenses and revenues on a full accrual basis.

## Expenses

In 2017-18, total departmental expenses are expected to decrease from \$2,906.3 million in 2016-17 to \$2,815.2 million, a decrease of \$91.1 million. This movement reflects an increase of \$102.2 million due to the impact of new budget measures including \$83.2 million for the *Immigration Reform – changes to Australia's visa processing arrangements* measure, being offset by a decrease in expenses of \$193.3 million from other variations and decisions from previous budgets.

Further details of the additional funding for 2017-18 for new measures are provided in the tables in Section 1 of this document.

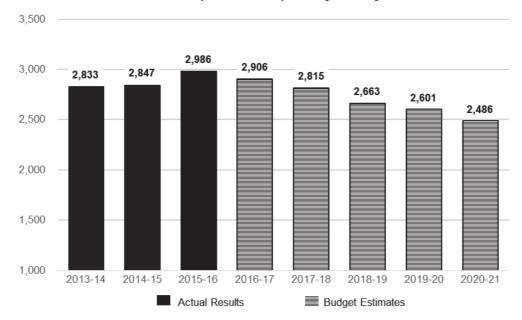


Figure 2: Total departmental expenses as at 2017-18 Budget.

### Departmental Expenses [\$million]

## Income

The total departmental revenue is expected to decrease from \$2,632.9 million in 2016-17 to \$2,547.1 million in 2017-18. The decrease of \$85.8 million is primarily due to a decrease in Revenue from Government (appropriation revenue) of \$83.4 million and a decrease in DIBP's own source income of \$2.4 million.

## Budgeted departmental balance sheet

This statement reports the financial position of the department, its assets, liabilities and equity.

In 2017-18, total departmental assets are expected to increase from \$1,913.1 million to \$1,930.2 million. The movement of \$17.1 million is due to an increase in non-financial assets of \$32.5 million, offset by a decrease in financial assets of \$15.4 million.

Equity is also expected to increase from \$1,175.7 million to \$1,192.7 million in 2017-18. The increase of \$17.0 million in departmental equity mainly reflects the increase in contributed equity of \$285.2 million, being offset by a decrease in retained surplus (accumulated deficit) of \$268.1 million.

## Budgeted departmental statement of cash flows

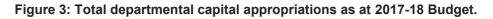
The cash flow statement reports the extent and nature of cash flows, grouped according to operating, investing and financing activities.

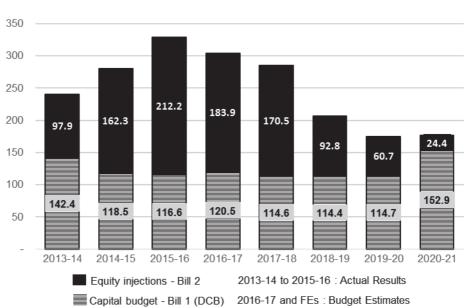
The budgeted cash flow reflect the impact of new measures, changes to own source revenue and changes in expenses and capital investment as reported in the income statement and balance sheet at Tables 3.1 and 3.2.

## Capital budget statement – departmental

This statement reports the forward plan for capital expenditure.

Total capital appropriations have reduced in 2017-18 by \$19.2 million as a result of an increase in capital measures of \$38.1 million, being offset by a decrease of \$57.3 million from other variations and decisions from previous budgets. A movement of funds of \$16.4 million has been agreed from 2016-17 to 2017-18 (\$13.4 million) and 2018-19 (\$3.0 million). This is reflected in Table 3.5.





Departmental Capital Appropriations [\$million]

## Statement of asset movements

This statement reports the budgeted movements by asset class of DIBP's non-financial assets during the current financial year.

The increase of \$32.5 million in the estimated net book balance from 1 July 2017 to 30 June 2018 is due to the net impact of an increase in asset purchases of \$300.6 million being offset by depreciation and amortisation expenses of \$268.1 million.

## **Administered**

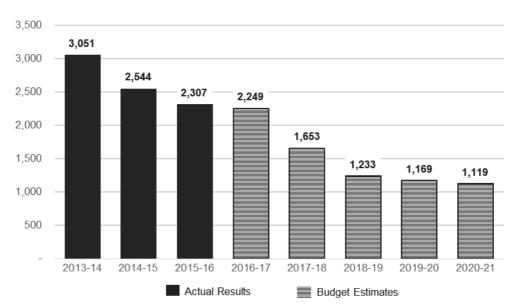
## Schedule of budgeted income and expenses administered on behalf of government

Figure 4: Administered expenses as at 2017-18 Budget.

This schedule identifies the main revenue and expense items administered by DIBP on behalf of the Government.

## Expenses

In 2017-18, administered expenses are expected to decrease from \$2,249.4 million in 2016-17 to \$1,652.7 million, a decrease of \$596.7 million. The decrease in administered expenses reflects a reduced number of non-citizens being managed by DIBP and a more efficient and effective use of detention facilities since last year.



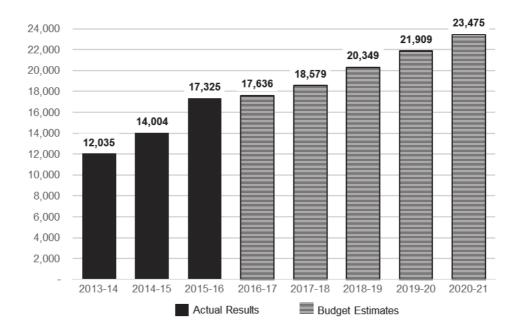
## Administered Expenses [\$million]

## **DIBP Budget Statements**

## Income

In 2017-18, the Department will administer the collection of revenue on behalf of the Government of an estimated \$18,579.3 million, which is an increase of \$943.3 million (or 5.3%) compared to 2016-17 estimates.





## Administered Income [\$million]

The major drivers that have contributed to the increase in the estimates between 2016-17 and 2017-18 are outlined below.

## Customs Duty

In 2017–18 the Department estimates that it will collect \$14,729.3 million in customs duty, an increase of \$640.1 million (or 4.5%) over the 2016–17 estimates. This net increase is predominately due to the Tax Reform Package — *Tobacco excise — measures to improve health outcomes and combat illicit tobacco* measure agreed as part of the 2016-17 Budget process. This is offset by reductions in duty collections associated with a phased implementation for Free Trade Agreements (FTAs).

## Other Taxes

The Other Taxes estimate has increased from \$3,475.8 million in 2016-17 to \$3,780.8 million in 2017-18.

Revenue from Visa Application Charges (VAC) is expected to increase to \$2,275.6 million in 2017-18, an increase of \$190.1 million over the 2016-17 estimates. The increase is primarily due to the impacts of recent announcements and new measures on visa applications and pricing.

A further increase of \$114.8 million is due to increases in the revenue estimates for both the Passenger Movement Charge (PMC) and Import Processing Charge (IPC). The expected increase in collections of the PMC generally aligns with the expected growth in international passenger movements. The estimated increase in IPC is primarily due to the expected growth in imports which have the IPC applied.

## Non-Taxation Revenue

Non taxation Revenue is comprised of *Sale of goods and services; Fees and Fines* and *Other revenue*. The estimate for 2017-18 is \$69.3 million and remains relatively constant over the forward years.

## Schedule of budgeted assets and liabilities administered on behalf of government

This schedule reports assets and liabilities administered by DIBP on behalf of the Government.

In 2017-18, total administered assets are expected to decrease by \$77.7 million from \$2,015.3 million to \$1,937.6 million. The movement is due to the net decrease in non-financial assets, being mainly immigration detention facilities, offset by a slight increase in taxation receivables.

## Schedule of budgeted administered cash flows

This schedule shows the cash flow administered on behalf of the Government. The cash flows largely reflect the transactions of the schedule of income and expenses.

The budgeted cash flows reflect the impact of the expected increase in tax income collected being offset by an increase in cash to the Official Public Account to be used for Appropriations, and the decrease in funding required due to the reduction in unlawful non-citizens.

## Schedule for administered capital budget

This statement reports the forward plan for capital expenditure.

Total capital appropriations have reduced in 2017-18 as a result of reductions to capital measures partially offset by a slight increase to Administered Capital Budget.

## Statement of administered asset movements

This statement reports the budgeted movements by asset class of Administered non-financial assets during the 2017-18 financial year.

The decrease in the estimated net book balance from 1 July 2017 to 30 June 2018 is due to the net impact in expected purchases of \$24.9 million being offset by depreciation and amortisation expense of \$119.1 million.

## 3.2 BUDGETED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS TABLES

# Table 3.1: Comprehensive income statement (showing net cost of services) forthe period ended 30 June

and portion official of ourio					
	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
	Estimated	Budget	Forward	Forward	Forward
	actual		estimate	estimate	estimate
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
EXPENSES					
Employee benefits	1,434,091	1,336,514	1,284,643	1,263,139	1,235,442
Suppliers	1,198,783	1,210,579	1,119,182	1,093,171	1,024,089
Depreciation and amortisation	273,439	268,130	259,248	244,509	226,572
Total expenses	2,906,313	2,815,223	2,663,073	2,600,819	2,486,103
LESS:					
OWN-SOURCE INCOME					
Own-source revenue					
Sale of goods and rendering of					
services	133,631	131,308	134,531	136,923	140,949
Rental income	3,208	3,178	3,178	3,178	3,178
Other revenue	47,221	47,172	47,173	47,173	47,173
Total own-source revenue	184,060	181,658	184,882	187,274	191,300
Gains					
Sale of assets	51	46	45	46	45
Foreign exchange gains	49	25	25	25	25
Other gains	-	-	-	-	-
Total gains	100	71	70	71	70
Total own-source income	184,160	181,729	184,952	187,345	191,370
Net (cost of)/contribution by					
services	2,722,153	2,633,494	2,478,121	2,413,474	2,294,733
Revenue from Government	2,448,714	2,365,364	2,218,873	2,168,965	2,068,161
Surplus/(deficit) attributable to the					
Australian Government	(273,439)	(268,130)	(259,248)	(244,509)	(226,572)
Total comprehensive income/(loss)	(273,439)	(268,130)	(259,248)	(244,509)	(226,572)
Total comprehensive income/(loss)					
attributable to the Australian					
Government	(273,439)	(268,130)	(259,248)	(244,509)	(226,572)

comprehensive income	(273,439)	(268,130)	(259,248)	(244,509)	(226,572)
- as per the statement of					
Total comprehensive income/(loss)					
revenue appropriations <sup>a</sup>	273,439	268,130	259,248	244,509	226,572
expenses previously funded through					
less depreciation/amortisation					
appropriations	-	-	-	-	-
funded through revenue					
amortisation expenses previously					
excluding depreciation/					
Total comprehensive income/(loss)					
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21

## Table 3.1: Comprehensive income statement (showing net cost of services) for the period ended 30 June (continued)

a. From 2010-11, the Government introduced net cash appropriation arrangements where Bill 1 revenue appropriations for the depreciation/amortisation expenses of non-corporate Commonwealth entities (and select corporate Commonwealth entities) were replaced with a separate capital budget (the Departmental Capital Budget, or DCB) provided through Bill 1 equity appropriations. For information regarding DCBs, please refer to Table 3.5 Departmental Capital Budget Statement.

Table 3.2: Budgeted departme				2010.20	2020.24
	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
	Estimated	Budget	Forward	Forward	Forward
	actual	¢1000	estimate	estimate	estimate
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
ASSETS					
Financial assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	3,409	3,409	3,409	3,409	3,409
Trade and other receivables	529,330	513,903	508,038	508,038	508,038
Other financial assets	3,691	3,691	3,691	3,691	3,691
Total financial assets	536,430	521,003	515,138	515,138	515,138
Non-financial assets					
Land	24,291	30,294	32,809	36,742	40,382
Buildings	151,863	133,502	131,497	123,872	117,652
Property, plant and equipment	634,938	654,060	618,072	556,653	559,455
Intangibles	491,590	517,281	524,232	520,268	470,815
Other non-financial assets	74,018	74,018	74,018	74,018	74,018
Total non-financial assets	1,376,700	1,409,155	1,380,628	1,311,553	1,262,322
Total assets	1,913,130	1,930,158	1,895,766	1,826,691	1,777,460
LIABILITIES					
Payables					
Suppliers	58,481	58,481	58,481	58,481	58,481
Other payables	216,094	209,374	209,374	209,374	209,374
Total payables	274,575	267,855	267,855	267,855	267,855
Provisions					
Employee provisions	417,970	424,690	424,690	424,690	424,690
Other provisions	44,911	44,911	44,911	44,911	44,911
Total provisions	462,881	469,601	469,601	469,601	469,601
Total liabilities	737,456	737,456	737,456	737,456	737,456
Net assets	1,175,674	1,192,702	1,158,310	1,089,235	1,040,004
EQUITY <sup>a</sup>					
Parent entity interest					
Contributed equity	2,410,844	2,696,002	2,920,858	3,096,292	3,273,633
Reserves	241,702	241,702	241,702	241,702	241,702
Retained surplus (accumulated					
deficit)	(1,476,872)	(1,745,002)	(2,004,250)	(2,248,759)	(2,475,331)
Total parent entity interest	1,175,674	1,192,702	1,158,310	1,089,235	1,040,004
Total Equity	1,175,674	1,192,702	1,158,310	1,089,235	1,040,004

a. 'Equity' is the residual interest in assets after the deduction of liabilities. Prepared on Australian Accounting Standards basis.

# Table 3.3: Departmental statement of changes in equity — summary of movement (Budget year 2017-18)

	Retained	Asset	Contributed	Total
	earnings	revaluation	equity/	equity
		reserve	capital	
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Opening balance as at 1 July 2017				
Balance carried forward from				
previous period	(1,476,872)	241,702	2,410,844	1,175,674
Adjusted opening balance	(1,476,872)	241,702	2,410,844	1,175,674
Comprehensive income				
Surplus (deficit) for the period	(268,130)	-	-	(268,130)
Other	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income	(268,130)	-	-	(268,130)
of which:				
Attributable to the Australian				
Government	(268,130)	-	-	(268,130)
Transactions with owners				
Contributions by owners				
Equity Injection - Appropriation	-	-	170,522	170,522
Departmental Capital Budget (DCB)	-	-	114,636	114,636
Sub-total transactions with owners	-	-	285,158	285,158
Estimated closing balance as at				
30 June 2018	(1,745,002)	241,702	2,696,002	1,192,702
Closing balance attributable to				
the Australian Government	(1,745,002)	241,702	2,696,002	1,192,702
Prepared on Australian Accounting Standards	basis.			

## Table 3.4: Budgeted departmental statement of cash flows (for the period ended 30 June)

e ante,					
	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
	Estimated	Budget	Forward	Forward	Forward
	actual		estimate	estimate	estimate
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Cash received					
Appropriations	2,436,794	2,340,824	2,084,717	2,028,965	2,208,288
Sale of goods and rendering of					
services	122,966	120,016	123,526	133,264	137,437
Net GST received	115,113	115,689	115,920	116,152	116,268
Other	47,908	45,851	45,713	47,351	47,203
Total cash received	2,722,781	2,622,380	2,369,876	2,325,732	2,509,196
Cash used					
Employees	1,445,433	1,326,720	1,272,928	1,253,123	1,233,218
Suppliers	1,288,253	1,280,233	1,091,083	1,072,609	1,275,978
Total cash used	2,733,686	2,606,953	2,364,011	2,325,732	2,509,196
Net cash from/(used by)					
operating activities	(10,905)	15,427	5,865	-	-
INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Cash used					
Purchase of property, plant and					
equipment and intangibles	293,474	300,585	213,078	175,434	177,341
Total cash used	293,474	300,585	213,078	175,434	177,341
Net cash from/(used by)					
investing activities	(293,474)	(300,585)	(213,078)	(175,434)	(177,341)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Cash received					
Contributed equity	304,379	285,158	207,213	175,434	177,341
Other	-	-	-	-	-
Total cash received	304,379	285,158	207,213	175,434	177,341
Net cash from/(used by)					
financing activities	304,379	285,158	207,213	175,434	177,341
Net increase/(decrease) in cash					
held	-	-	-	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents at the					
beginning of the reporting period	3,409	3,409	3,409	3,409	3,409
Cash and cash equivalents at					
the end of the reporting period	3,409	3,409	3,409	3,409	3,409
Prepared on Australian Accounting Standar	rds basis.				

### **DIBP** Budget Statements

## Table 3.5: Departmental capital budget statement (for the period ended 30 June)

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	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
	Estimated	Budget	Forward	Forward	Forward
	actual		estimate	estimate	estimate
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
NEW CAPITAL APPROPRIATIONS					
Capital budget - Bill 1 (DCB)	120,519	114,636	114,431	114,739	152,907
Equity injections - Bill 2	183,860	170,522	92,782	60,695	24,434
Total new capital appropriations	304,379	285,158	207,213	175,434	177,341
Provided for:					
Purchase of non-financial assets	304,379	285,158	207,213	175,434	177,341
Total items	304,379	285,158	207,213	175,434	177,341
PURCHASE OF NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS					
Funded by capital appropriations <sup>a</sup>	172,955	185,977	98,647	60,695	24,434
Funded by capital appropriation - DCB <sup>b</sup>	120,519	114,608	114,431	114,739	152,907
TOTAL	293,474	300,585	213,078	175,434	177,341
RECONCILIATION OF CASH USED					
TO ACQUIRE ASSETS TO ASSET					
MOVEMENT TABLE					
Total purchases	293,474	300,585	213,078	175,434	177,341
Total cash used to acquire assets	293,474	300,585	213,078	175,434	177,341
<ul> <li>Includes both comment Dill 0 and prior Act 0/4/</li> </ul>	C an an an indiation	a second second second second	and the Landau state of a	41	

a. Includes both current Bill 2 and prior Act 2/4/6 appropriations and special capital appropriations.

b. Does not include annual finance lease costs. Includes purchases from current and previous years' Departmental capital budgets (DCBs).

Note: Capital funds of \$16.4 million have been moved from 2016-17 to 2017-18 (\$13.4 million) and 2018-19 (\$3.0 million).

## Table 3.6: Statement of asset movements (Budget year 2017-18)

	Asset Categor	ry			
	Land	Buildings	Other	Computer	Total
			property,	software	
			plant and	and	
			equipment	Intangibles	
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
As at 1 July 2017					
Gross book value	24,291	238,436	799,745	1,251,336	2,313,808
Accumulated depreciation/					
amortisation and impairment	-	(86,573)	(164,807)	(759,746)	(1,011,126)
Opening net book balance	24,291	151,863	634,938	491,590	1,302,682
Capital asset additions					
Estimated expenditure on new					
or replacement assets					
By purchase - appropriation equity <sup>a</sup>	6,003	17,375	111,677	165,530	300,585
Total additions	6,003	17,375	111,677	165,530	300,585
Other movements					
Depreciation/amortisation expense	-	(35,736)	(92,555)	(139,839)	(268,130)
Other	-	-	-	-	-
Total other movements	-	(35,736)	(92,555)	(139,839)	(268,130)
As at 30 June 2018					
Gross book value	30,294	255,811	911,422	1,416,866	2,614,393
Accumulated depreciation/					
amortisation and impairment	-	(122,309)	(257,362)	(899,585)	(1,279,256)
Closing net book balance	30,294	133,502	654,060	517,281	1,335,137

a. 'Appropriation equity' refers to equity injections appropriations provided through Appropriation Bill (No. 2) 2017-18. Prepared on Australian Accounting Standards basis.

## Table 3.7: Schedule of budgeted income and expenses administered on behalf of Government (for the period ended 30 June)

Government (for the period ende	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
	Estimated	Budget	Forward	Forward	Forward
	actual	Budgot	estimate	estimate	estimate
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
EXPENSES		,	,	•	•
Suppliers	1,702,855	1,269,576	911,515	915,664	873,185
Grants	21,790	15,100	15,251	15,405	15,593
Personal benefits	381,804	228,868	172,842	112,946	107,671
Depreciation and amortisation	122,908	119,101	113,147	111,071	108,885
Write-down and impairment of assets	20,042	20,042	20,042	13,500	13,500
Other expenses		-	-	-	-
Total expenses administered on					
behalf of Government	2,249,399	1,652,687	1,232,797	1,168,586	1,118,834
LESS:					
OWN-SOURCE INCOME					
Own-source revenue					
Taxation revenue					
Customs duty	14,089,200	14,729,250	15,939,450	17,249,450	18,709,450
Other taxes	3,475,847	3,780,760	4,331,170	4,587,022	4,693,523
Total taxation revenue	17,565,047	18,510,010	20,270,620	21,836,472	23,402,973
Non-taxation revenue					
Fees and fines	55,766	49,860	50,418	52,733	52,758
Other revenue	15,182	19,462	19,149	19,335	19,335
Total non-taxation revenue	70,948	69,322	69,567	72,068	72,093
Total own-source revenue					
administered on behalf of					
Government	17,635,995	18,579,332	20,340,187	21,908,540	23,475,066
Gains					
Sale of assets	-	-	8,598	-	-
Total gains administered on					
behalf of Government	-	-	8,598	-	-
Total own-sourced income					
administered on behalf of					
Government	17,635,995	18,579,332	20,348,785	21,908,540	23,475,066
Net (cost of)/contribution by					
services	15,386,596	16,926,645	19,115,988	20,739,954	22,356,232
Surplus/(deficit) after income tax	15,386,596	16,926,645 16,926,645	19,115,988 19,115,988	20,739,954 20,739,954	22,356,232

# Table 3.8: Schedule of budgeted assets and liabilities administered on behalf of Government (as at 30 June)

ooverninent (as at so build)					
	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
	Estimated	Budget	Forward	Forward	Forward
	actual		estimate	estimate	estimate
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
ASSETS					
Financial assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	45,609	45,609	45,609	45,609	45,609
Taxation receivables	327,652	344,152	360,652	367,152	367,152
Trade and other receivables	21,500	21,500	21,500	21,500	21,500
Other financial assets	15,725	15,725	15,725	15,725	15,725
Total financial assets	410,486	426,986	443,486	449,986	449,986
Non-financial assets					
Land	47,598	47,598	47,598	47,598	47,598
Buildings	1,360,915	1,280,174	1,185,273	1,105,984	1,028,775
Property, plant and equipment	169,961	156,463	143,440	131,824	120,656
Other non-financial assets	26,361	26,361	26,361	26,361	26,361
Total non-financial assets	1,604,835	1,510,596	1,402,672	1,311,767	1,223,390
Total assets administered on					
behalf of Government	2,015,321	1,937,582	1,846,158	1,761,753	1,673,376
LIABILITIES					
Payables					
Suppliers	15,475	15,475	15,475	15,475	15,475
Personal benefits	20,310	20,310	20,310	20,310	20,310
Grants	66	66	66	66	66
Other payables	234,143	234,143	234,143	234,143	234,143
Total payables	269,994	269,994	269,994	269,994	269,994
Interest bearing liabilities					
Loans	68,791	68,791	68,791	68,791	68,791
Total interest bearing liabilities	68,791	68,791	68,791	68,791	68,791
Provisions					
Other provisions	9,200	9,200	9,200	9,200	9,200
Total provisions	9,200	9,200	9,200	9,200	9,200
Total liabilities administered on					
behalf of Government	347,985	347,985	347,985	347,985	347,985
Net assets/(liabilities)	1,667,336	1,589,597	1,498,173	1,413,768	1,325,391
Prepared on Australian Accounting Star	ndards basis.				

# Table 3.9: Schedule of budgeted administered cash flows (for the period ended 30 June)

ou ouncy					
	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
	Estimated	Budget	Forward	Forward	Forward
	actual		estimate	estimate	estimate
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Cash received					
Sales of goods and rendering of					
services	55,966	50,060	50,618	48,033	48,058
Taxes	17,985,791	18,900,103	20,660,713	22,234,065	23,842,973
Net GST received	88,611	89,054	89,232	89,410	89,499
Other	13,340	17,620	17,307	24,035	24,035
Total cash received	18,143,708	19,056,837	20,817,870	22,395,543	24,004,565
Cash used		, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,
Personal benefits	381,804	228,868	172,842	112,946	107,671
Suppliers	1,791,466	1,358,630	1,000,747	1,005,074	962,684
Grant	21,790	15,100	15,251	15,405	15,593
Other	500,000	500,000	500,000	500,000	500,000
Total cash used	2,695,060	2,102,598	1,688,840	1,633,425	1,585,948
Net cash from/(used by)	,,	, , ,	,,.	, ,	, ,
operating activities	15,448,648	16,954,239	19,129,030	20,762,118	22,418,617
INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Cash received					
Proceeds from sale of property					
plant and equipment	-	-	23,069	-	-
Total cash received	-	-	23,069	-	-
Cash used					
Purchase of property, plant and					
equipment and intangibles	186,134	24,862	19,694	20,166	20,508
Total cash used	186,134	24,862	19,694	20,166	20,508
Net cash from/(used by)					
investing activities	(186,134)	(24,862)	3,375	(20,166)	(20,508)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
Cash received					
Capital injections	143,230	24,862	19,694	20,166	20,508
Total cash received	143,230	24,862	19,694	20,166	20,508
Net cash from/(used by)				,	,
financing activities	143,230	24,862	19,694	20,166	20,508
Net increase/(decrease) in cash					
held	15,405,744	16,954,239	19,152,099	20,762,118	22,418,617
Prepared on Australian Accounting Star	, ,	, , , , , ,	, , , , ,	, , -	

## Table 3.9: Schedule of budgeted administered cash flows (for the period ended 30 June) (continued)

end of reporting period	45,609	45,609	45,609	45,609	45,609
Cash and cash equivalents at					
Account	18,059,139	18,971,825	20,755,749	22,306,133	23,940,673
Total cash to Official Public					
- Appropriations	18,059,139	18,971,825	20,755,749	22,306,133	23,940,673
Cash to Official Public Account for:					
Account	2,653,395	2,017,586	1,603,650	1,544,015	1,522,056
Total cash from Official Public					
- Appropriations	2,653,395	2,017,586	1,603,650	1,544,015	1,522,056
for:					
Cash from Official Public Account					
beginning of reporting period	45,609	45,609	45,609	45,609	45,609
Cash and cash equivalents at					
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
	actual		estimate	estimate	estimate
	Estimated	Budget	Forward	Forward	Forward
	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21

## **DIBP Budget Statements**

## Table 3.10: Administered capital budget statement (for the period ended 30 June)

	aget etatemit				,
	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
	Estimated	Budget	Forward	Forward	Forward
	actual		estimate	estimate	estimate
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
NEW CAPITAL APPROPRIATIONS					
Capital budget - Bill 1 (ACB)	18,856	19,272	19,694	20,166	20,508
Administered Assets and Liabilities					
- Bill 2	124,374	5,590	-	-	-
Total new capital appropriations	143,230	24,862	19,694	20,166	20,508
Provided for:					
Purchase of non-financial assets	143,230	24,862	19,694	20,166	20,508
Total items	143,230	24,862	19,694	20,166	20,508
PURCHASE OF NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS					
Funded by capital appropriations <sup>a</sup>	162,584	5,590	-	-	-
Funded by capital appropriation - ACB <sup>b</sup>	23,550	19,272	19,694	20,166	20,508
TOTAL AMOUNT SPENT	186,134	24,862	19,694	20,166	20,508
RECONCILIATION OF CASH USED					
TO ACQUIRE ASSETS TO ASSET					
MOVEMENT TABLE					
Total accrual purchases	186,134	24,862	19,694	20,166	20,508
Total cash used to acquire assets	186,134	24,862	19,694	20,166	20,508

a. Includes both current Bill 2 and prior Act 2/4/6 appropriations and special capital appropriations.

b. Does not include annual finance lease costs. Includes purchases from current and previous years' Administered Capital Budgets (ACBs).

	Asset Categor	у			
	Land	Buildings	Other	L&B,	Total
			property,	IP&E	
			plant and	held for	
			equipment	sale	
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
As at 1 July 2017					
Gross book value	47,598	1,581,887	199,155	25,135	1,853,775
Accumulated depreciation/amortisation					
and impairment	-	(220,972)	(29,194)	-	(250,166)
Opening net book balance	47,598	1,360,915	169,961	25,135	1,603,609
CAPITAL ASSET ADDITIONS					
Estimated expenditure on new					
or replacement assets					
By purchase - appropriation equity <sup>a</sup>	-	23,920	942	-	24,862
Total additions	-	23,920	942	-	24,862
Other movements					
Depreciation/amortisation expense	-	(104,661)	(14,440)	-	(119,101)
Total other movements	-	(104,661)	(14,440)	-	(119,101)
As at 30 June 2018					
Gross book value	47,598	1,605,807	200,097	25,135	1,878,637
Accumulated depreciation/amortisation					
and impairment	-	(325,633)	(43,634)	-	(369,267)
Closing net book balance	47,598	1,280,174	156,463	25,135	1,509,370

## Table 3.11: Statement of administered asset movements (Budget year 2017-18)

 Appropriation equity' refers to Administered Assets and Liabilities provided through Appropriation Bill (No. 2) 2017-18.

## **PORTFOLIO GLOSSARY**

Term	Meaning
Administered items	Expenses, revenues, assets or liabilities managed by agencies on behalf of the Commonwealth. Agencies do not control administered items. Administered revenue includes Customs Duty, VAC and other taxes. Administered expenses include grants, subsidies and benefits. In many cases, administered expenses fund the delivery of third party agencies.
Additional estimates	Where amounts appropriated at Budget time are insufficient, Parliament may appropriate more funds to portfolios through the Additional Estimates Acts.
Appropriation	An authorisation by Parliament to spend monies from the Consolidated Revenue Fund (CRF), for a particular purpose.
Annual appropriation	Two appropriation Bills are introduced into Parliament in May and comprise the Budget for the financial year beginning 1 July. Further Bills are introduced later in the financial year as part of the Additional Estimates. Parliamentary Departments have their own appropriations.
Consolidated Revenue Fund	Section 81 of the Constitution stipulates that all revenue raised or money received by the Commonwealth forms the one CRF. The CRF is not a bank account. The Official Public Accounts reflects most of the operations of the CRF.
Departmental items	Assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses that are controlled by the agency in providing program outputs. Departmental items would generally include computers, plant and equipment, assets used by agencies in providing goods and services and most employee expenses, supplier costs and other administrative expenses incurred.
Depreciation	Apportionment of an asset's capital value as an expense over its estimated useful life to take account of normal usage, obsolescence, or the passage of time.

Equity or net assets	Residual interest in the assets of an entity after deduction of its liabilities.
Expense	Decreases in economic benefits in the form of outflows or depletions of assets or incurrence of liabilities that result in decrease in equity, other than those relating to distributions to equity participants.
Forward estimates period	The three years following the Budget year. For example if 2017-18 is the Budget year, 2018-19 is forward year 1, 2019-20 is forward year 2 and 2020-21 is forward year 3. This period does not include the current or Budget year.
PGPA Act	The <i>PGPA Act 2013</i> is the principal legislation concerning the governance, performance and accountability of, and the use and management of public resources by the Commonwealth.
Measure	A new policy or savings decision of the Government with financial impacts on the Government's underlying cash balance, fiscal balance, operating balance, headline cash balance, net debt or net worth. Such proposals are normally made in the context of the annual Budget, and are typically published in Budget Paper No. 2, and in the Mid-Year Economic and Fiscal Outlook (MYEFO).
Migration Act	Migration Act 1958.
Special account	Balances existing within the CRF that are supported by standing appropriations <i>PGPA Act</i> s.78, s.79 and s.80. Special Accounts allow money in the CRF to be acknowledged as set-aside (hypothecated) for a particular purpose. Amounts credited to a Special Account may only be spent for the purposes of the Special Account. Special Accounts can only be established by a written determination of the Finance Minister (s. 78 of the <i>PGPA Act</i> ) or through an Act of Parliament (referred to in s. 80 of the <i>PGPA Act</i> ).

## INDEX

Acronym	Description			
ABF	Australian Border Force			
ACB	Administered Capital Budget			
CRF	Consolidated Revenue Fund			
DCB	Departmental Capital Budget			
DIBP	Department of Immigration and Border Protection			
FTA	Free Trade Agreement			
GST	Goods and Services Tax			
IPC	Import Processing Charge			
IMA	Illegal Maritime Arrival			
MP	Member of Parliament			
MYEFO	Mid-Year Economic and Fiscal Outlook			
nm <sup>2</sup>	Nautical Square Miles			
OTM	Other Trust Monies			
PB Statements	Portfolio Budget Statements			
РМС	Passenger Movement Charge			
SOETM	Services for Other Entities and Trust Moneys			
SOG	Services for Other Government and Non-agency Bodies accounts			
VAC	Visa Application Charge			
VEVO	Visa Entitlement Verification Online			