

From: Ryan Kellow
To: [Assistance Bill Consultation](#)
Subject: Submission to consultation on the Assistance and Access Bill 2018
Date: Thursday, 6 September 2018 12:55:32 PM

Dear Minister

I write to express my concerns over the draft legislation titled 'The Assistance and Access Bill 2018', and outline these concerns below.

1. This Bill would harm cybersecurity

This Bill would require companies to provide information about how their systems work. It would allow more people physical access to networks. It would require organisations to test and install new functionality built by the government. These measures would undoubtedly introduce new threats and vulnerabilities into the systems that we all use each day.

2. This Bill would lead to an increase in government hacking

This Bill grants government officials power to both compel organisations to reveal information about their systems and to make changes to those systems. Combined with the government's new ability to issue warrants to seize information directly from devices, this would empower Australian government agencies to develop and grow their hacking capacities without vital and necessary protections. Any government hacking must come with strong safeguards given the high risk of harm. While the orders issued under this authority must be reasonable and proportionate, there is nearly no limitation to ensure that the government would not use any vulnerabilities it uncovered around the world or share that information with its allies.

3. This Bill could create a backdoor into end-to-end encryption despite assurances to the contrary

Whilst the Bill does specifically prohibit the government from mandating a systemic weakness in an encrypted system, the ambiguity in the use of the term "systemic" will highly likely be exploited, and will result in less trust in technologies deployed in Australia. It may be that a company could be compelled to use its software update mechanism to interfere with the system of a specific user. Such a function would undermine faith in software updates, leading users not to update. That means more unpatched systems and overall harm to cybersecurity.

4. This Bill is a huge overreach into the fundamental workings of our digital world

As drafted, this Bill would authorise vast new powers to authorities with almost no understanding of the limitations, the implications, or oversight mechanisms. Encryption protocols are the backbone of the digital economy, facilitating every single transaction online. Any attempt to weaken these will be a risk that no other democracy is taking. Strong encryption is essential to the modern Australian economy, and it would be a mistake to deliberately weaken it.

I urge the government to consider how this Bill, in its current draft form, could damage the way that I, and many other Australians, use digital communications on a daily basis. I am also concerned about the impact on my rights - particularly the right to privacy.

Thank you

Beyond the pre-written email I'd like to express my more personal opinion. To start, this won't aid in cyber security, national security or otherwise. The moment a platform is compromised criminals move away from it.

Secondly, there is no way to backdoor encrypted communication without breaking the ability of that communication to ever be secure.

Third, we have already seen outrageous breaches of privacy in regards to information copying at our borders. Businesses have been compromised, personal privacy has been invaded and spread, this all happens, every day, by people who aren't well trained or well vetted and who act with nothing but their own authority. If my data is seized at the border I have no rights to know who, when and how my private information is shared. Once you open these backdoors, the technology will be abused. Sanctioned employees will have the capacity to commit fraud without the slightest repercussions.

To anyone reading this, who believes these actions are in the interest of "national security" you are being lied to. The agenda here is for future governments to sell your data to private firms. To have totalitarian control over the lives of the individual and free access to manipulating their lives and beliefs.

Ask yourself this, do you want to be in opposition against someone who can, with the click of a button, know every single thing there is to know about you?

The loss of privacy is ultimately the loss of democracy and the culture of freedom upon which Australia prides itself.

Be a digger, be a patriot. Stand up for those who elected you.

Ryan Kellow

